Bath and North East Somerset Health & Wellbeing Board

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	Date:	29 November 2016

To: All Members of the Health & Wellbeing Board

Members: Dr Ian Orpen (Member of the Clinical Commissioning Group), Councillor

Vic Pritchard (Bath & North East Somerset Council), Ashley Ayre (Bath & North East Somerset Council), Mike Bowden (Bath & North East Somerset Council), Tracey Cox (Clinical Commissioning Group), Morgan Daly (Director for Communities - Healthwatch B&NES),

Councillor Michael Evans (Bath & North East Somerset Council), Diana

Hall Hall (Healthwatch Representative), John Holden (Clinical Commissioning Group lay member), Bruce Laurence (Bath & North East Somerset Council) and Councillor Tim Warren (Bath & North East

Somerset Council)

Non-voting member: Debra Elliott (NHS England)

Observers: Councillor Tim Ball (Bath & North East Somerset Council) and

Councillor Eleanor Jackson (Bath & North East Somerset Council)

Other appropriate officers Press and Public

Dear Member

Health & Wellbeing Board

You are invited to attend a meeting of the Board, to be held on **Wednesday**, **7th December**, **2016** at **10.30** am in the **Council Chamber** - **Guildhall**, **Bath**.

The agenda is set out overleaf.

Yours sincerely

Marie Todd Committee Administrator

NOTES:

1. Inspection of Papers:

Any person wishing to inspect minutes, reports, or a list of the background papers relating to any item on this Agenda should contact Marie Todd who is available by telephoning Bath 01225 394414 or by calling at the Guildhall Bath (during normal office hours).

2. Public Speaking at Meetings:

The Partnership Board encourages the public to make their views known at meetings. They may make a statement relevant to what the meeting has power to do. Advance notice is requested, if possible, not less than *two full working days* before the meeting (this means that for meetings held on Wednesdays notice is requested in Democratic Services by 4.30pm the previous Friday).

3. Recording at Meetings:-

The Openness of Local Government Bodies Regulations 2014 now allows filming and recording by anyone attending a meeting. This is not within the Council's control.

Some of our meetings are webcast. At the start of the meeting, the Chair will confirm if all or part of the meeting is to be filmed. If you would prefer not to be filmed for the webcast, please make yourself known to the camera operators.

To comply with the Data Protection Act 1998, we require the consent of parents or guardians before filming children or young people. For more information, please speak to the camera operator

The Council will broadcast the images and sound live via the internet www.bathnes.gov.uk/webcast An archived recording of the proceedings will also be available for viewing after the meeting. The Council may also use the images/sound recordings on its social media site or share with other organisations, such as broadcasters.

- 4. Details of Decisions taken at this meeting can be found in the draft minutes which will be published as soon as possible after the meeting, and also circulated with the agenda for the next meeting. In the meantime details can be obtained by contacting Marie Todd as above. Appendices to reports (if not included with these papers) are available for inspection at the Council's Public Access Points:
 - Guildhall, Bath;
 - o Civic Centre, Keynsham;
 - o The Hollies, Midsomer Norton;
 - o Public Libraries at: Bath Central, Keynsham and Midsomer Norton.

5. Substitutions

Members of the Board are reminded that any substitution should be notified to the Committee Administrator prior to the commencement of the meeting.

6. Declarations of Interest

At this point in the meeting declarations of interest are received from Members in any of the agenda items under consideration at the meeting.

7. Attendance Register:

Members should sign the Register which will be circulated at the meeting.

8. Emergency Evacuation Procedure

If the continuous alarm sounds, you must evacuate the building by one of the designated exits and proceed to the named assembly point. The designated exits are sign-posted.

Arrangements are in place for the safe evacuation of disabled people.

Health & Wellbeing Board

Wednesday, 7th December, 2016 Council Chamber - Guildhall, Bath 10.30 am - 12.30 pm

Agenda

- WELCOME AND INTRODUCTIONS
- 2. EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURE
- APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE
- 4. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

At this point in the meeting declarations of interest are received from Members in any of the agenda items under consideration at the meeting.

- (a) The agenda item number in which they have an interest to declare.
- (b) The nature of their interest.
- (c) Whether their interest is a **disclosable pecuniary interest** or an **other interest**, (as defined in Part 2, A and B of the Code of Conduct and Rules for Registration of Interests)

Any Member who needs to clarify any matters relating to the declaration of interests is recommended to seek advice from the Council's Monitoring Officer or a member of her staff before the meeting to expedite dealing with the item during the meeting.

- 5. TO ANNOUNCE ANY URGENT BUSINESS AGREED BY THE CHAIR
- 6. PUBLIC QUESTIONS/COMMENTS
- 7. MINUTES OF PREVIOUS MEETING (PAGES 7 14)

To confirm the minutes of the above meeting as a correct record.

8. YOUR CARE YOUR WAY UPDATE

Sue Blackman

To receive a presentation giving an update on Your Care Your Way.

9. ANNUAL COMMISSIONING INTENTIONS - KEY MESSAGES

J Shayler/T Cox

To receive a presentation about the key messages regarding annual commissioning intentions.

10. SUSTAINABILITY AND TRANSFORMATION PLAN UPDATE

James Scott

To receive a presentation regarding the Sustainability and Transformation Plan.

11. CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE SUB GROUP REPORT (PAGES 15 - 32)

Mary Kearney Knowles

To consider a report and recommendations from the Children and Young People Sub-Group of the Health and Wellbeing Board.

12. LOCAL SAFEGUARDING ADULTS BOARD (LSAB) ANNUAL REPORT 2015-16 AND BUSINESS PLAN 2015-18 (PAGES 33 - 166)

Lesley Hutchinson

To consider the Annual Report and Business Plan of the Local Safeguarding Adults Board.

13. DATES OF FUTURE MEETINGS

To note that future meetings of the Health and Wellbeing Board will take place on the following dates:

15 February 2017

29 March 2017 - Development Session

17 May 2017

12 July 2017

6 September 2017

25 October 2017

6 December 2017

All meetings will be held at The Guildhall, Bath and will commence at 10.30am.

14. CLOSING REMARKS/TWITTER QUESTIONS

The Committee Administrator for this meeting is Marie Todd who can be contacted by telephoning Bath 01225 394414



HEALTH & WELLBEING BOARD

Minutes of the Meeting held

Wednesday, 12th October, 2016, 10.30 am

Dr Ian Orpen Member of the Clinical Commissioning Group

Councillor Vic Pritchard Bath & North East Somerset Council

Mike Bowden Bath & North East Somerset Council

Tracey Cox Clinical Commissioning Group

Morgan Daly Director for Communities - Healthwatch B&NES

Councillor Michael Evans Bath & North East Somerset Council

Diana Hall Hall Healthwatch Representative

Bruce Laurence Bath & North East Somerset Council

Councillor Tim Warren Bath & North East Somerset Council

Councillor Eleanor Jackson Bath & North East Somerset Council (Observer)

23 WELCOME AND INTRODUCTIONS

The Chair welcomed everyone to the meeting.

24 EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURE

The Democratic Services Officer drew attention to the evacuation procedure as listed on the call to the meeting.

25 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies for absence were received from Ashley Ayre (substitute Jane Shayler) and John Holden.

26 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

There were no declarations of interest.

27 MINUTES OF PREVIOUS MEETING - 7 SEPTEMBER 2016

The minutes of the previous meeting were approved as a correct record and signed by the Chair subject to the following amendment:

Page 3 paragraph 6 delete the words "providing information for the health commissioners" and replace with "collating commissioning plans for the forthcoming year".

28 TO ANNOUNCE ANY URGENT BUSINESS AGREED BY THE CHAIR

The Chair informed the Board that there was one item of urgent business. This was a programme update regarding "Your Care Your Way". The reason for urgency was the need to update the Health and Wellbeing Board in advance of a key decision by the CCG Board and the Council.

29 ITEMS FROM THE PUBLIC

Sylvia Jones addressed the Board on behalf of "Protect Our NHS B&NES" regarding community health and social care services and concerns about the probable awarding of the community services contract to Virgin Care.

The Chair stated that a considered response would be provided in due course.

A copy of the statement is attached as *Appendix 1* to these minutes.

30 YOUR CARE YOUR WAY UPDATE

Sue Blackman, Project Lead, presented a programme update regarding "Your Care Your Way". A copy of the presentation is attached as *Appendix 2* to these minutes. The programme is now at the preferred bidder stage and there will be two outputs from this stage – a full business case and a draft contract. There were six workstreams as follows:

- Commissioning The due diligence process has been worked through. Work is being carried out to ensure a point of safe transfer on 1 April 2017.
- Communication Including branding, future public engagement and participation strategy, for example, locality hubs.
- Workforce Council and CCG staff and the impact on workforce transfer.
- Estates
- Finance Including assurance, open book accounting and pooled budgets.
- Information Management and Technology Including information governance, infrastructure and safe transfer.

No major risks or gaps had been identified in the due diligence process.

Outcomes based commissioning would look at:

- How much service did we deliver?
- How well did we deliver it?
- How much change/effect did we produce?

What quality of change/effect did we produce?

Timescales are:

- November 2016 to March 2017 Mobilisation
- April 2017 to March 2018 Transition
- April 2018 to March 2020 Transformation

Key dates are:

- 20 October Provider event
- 25 October Preferred bidder stage completed
- 10 November Full business case to governing bodies

Tracey Cox stated that it was important to remember other providers and subcontractors during this process and asked how Virgin Care was developing relationships with these providers. It was confirmed that Virgin Care had been given clear direction regarding engagement with other providers. They were being positive and proactive and also working with the voluntary sector.

Morgan Daly welcomed the work undertaken so far and asked whether there were ideas about reviewing this with community champions. It was noted that all community champions had been offered the chance to review the business case. There would be further opportunities for them to be involved at the end of the preferred bidder stage of the process.

RESOLVED: To note the update.

31 SUSTAINABILITY AND TRANSFORMATION PLAN (STP) BRIEFING

The Board received an update from James Scott, Senior Responsible Officer, regarding the work being carried out on the Sustainability and Transformation Plan (STP). The report outlined the progress made since the programme was established in April 2016 and the next steps towards delivering both the next phase of the plan development and commencement of the system-wide transformation work to be outlined within it.

The model of care across the workstreams was focussed around the needs of the individual. It was important to engage neighbourhoods in the delivery of care.

There were three main workstreams:

- Urgent and emergency care
- Planned care
- Prevention

There were also a range of supporting systems including estates, digital and workforce.

The difficulties recruiting and retaining key staff such as GPs and domiciliary care staff were noted.

There were currently broad design ideas and this would then progress to engagement with consultation at the appropriate times. It was acknowledged that there had been some debate around whether the footprint of B&NES, Swindon and Wiltshire was correct. There were no plans to change referral flows. The possible devolution deal and elected mayor proposals were also noted.

It was hoped that the STP would be published before Christmas.

James Scott explained that expertise across the footprint would be identified and that cross-fertilisation of ideas and good practice would be helpful. Two examples of this were the provision of fracture liaison services and diabetes services.

Morgan Daly pointed out that there was some anxiety from the public and stressed the need for a concrete timeframe for public involvement.

RESOLVED: To note the report.

32 DEMENTIA FRIENDLY COMMUNITIES

The Board considered a report by the Commissioning and Contracts Officer and the Consultant in Public Health.

Organisations on the Health and Wellbeing Board were invited to become members of the B&NES Dementia Action Alliance (DAA). This would involve signing up to the National Dementia Declaration for England and submitting a short Action Plan setting out three actions that the organisation would do to contribute to delivering better quality of life for people living with dementia and their carers. Membership would provide a visible commitment to improving the lives of those people with dementia.

Cllr Warren supported the proposal and asked about the availability of training for both councillors and Council staff regarding dementia. It was noted that this training was available and that some councillors had already a session. Healthwatch also agreed to publicise and encourage training in this area. Councillor Jackson asked that any training should also be extended to include development management officers to assist them in ensuring that building developments were suitable for those suffering from dementia.

Mike Bowden noted that there was also a B&NES child friendly alliance and suggested that the two organisations could work together.

Morgan Daly proposed that organisations signing up to the DAA could provide an update regarding the actions they have signed up to.

RESOLVED:

- (1)That organisations on the Health and Wellbeing Board become members of the B&NES Dementia Action Alliance (DAA), thus signing up to becoming dementia friendly organisations.
- (2) To request that organisations signing up to the DAA provide an update to the

Health and Wellbeing Board regarding the actions they have identified and progress within six months.

33 B&NES HEALTH PROTECTION BOARD ANNUAL UPDATE 2015-16

The Board considered a report by the Health Protection Manager giving an update on progress made by the Health Protection Board on the priorities and recommendations made in the 2015-16 report, highlighting the key areas of work that has taken place in 2015-16 and identifying priorities for the next 12 months. A copy of the presentation is attached as *Appendix 3* to these minutes.

It was noted that on page 7 of the report the total number of cases of clostridium difficile infection was 83 and not 237 as printed.

The Health Protection Board had been set up to ensure that local partners have the relevant plans in place. Members of the Board plan and identify public protection risks, provide mutual challenge and are able to build relationships with partner organisations.

There were three amber rated priorities in 2014-15 as follows:

- Fully operationalise health protection plans in B&NES it was noted that a plan is in place but still needs to be tested.
- Help to ensure resilience of health emergency planning in B&NES.
- Improve uptake in all childhood immunisation programmes.

There was one red rated priority regarding improving the uptake of flu vaccination in target groups. This had still not improved although more vaccinations had taken place there had been an increase in the number of people in each target group category.

The following areas of work were highlighted:

- Work was being carried out in schools to raise awareness of antimicrobial resistance by the use of antibiotics. A poster competition was being run for Year 3 pupils in all B&NES schools.
- Work was being carried out to raise awareness of ticks and lyme disease among the public and frontline healthcare staff. Posters and leaflets have been produced.
- Projects to address inequalities in health screening were underway.

The Board welcomed the work being carried out and thanked officers for the very clear and comprehensive report. There was a clear link to the work of the Health and Wellbeing Board.

It was noted that a national advertising strategy for the flu vaccine would begin today. This would include radio, TV and magazine advertising. Flu vaccinations are now available at local pharmacies as well as GP surgeries.

The Board also welcomed the work being carried out to address inequalities in health screening, in particular for those people with learning difficulties. Healthwatch

would be keen to help to disseminate any information around this issue as required.

The Chair stressed the importance of antibiotic guardians and was keen to publicise this area of work.

RESOLVED: To note the B&NES Health Protection Annual Report 2015-16 and the following priorities for the Health and Wellbeing Board for 2016/17:

- (1) Assurance: to continue to monitor performance of specialist area, identify risks, ensure mitigation is in place and escalate as necessary.
- (2) To support the B&NES Antimicrobial Resistance Strategic Collaborative.
- (3) To continue to ensure that the public are informed about emerging threats to health.
- (4) To support the review of the Bath Air Quality Action Plan and support the implementation of the actions in the Saltford and Keynsham Air Quality Action Plans.
- (5) To increase the uptake of MMR vaccination in B&NES.
- (6) To improve the uptake of flu vaccinations in at risk groups, pregnant women, children and health care workers and support the STP work-stream to run collective campaigns for the influenza and pneumococcal vaccine.
- (7) To continue to reduce health inequalities in screening programmes.

34 ANNUAL DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC HEALTH REPORT: GET FRESH - HEALTH AND WELLBEING IN BATH AND NORTH EAST SOMERSET

The Board considered a report by the Director of Public Health regarding the state of public health in the area.

The Director explained that this was a time of paradox and contradiction for example:

- There is a great interest in cooking and local farmers' markets while at the same time the use of food banks is increasing.
- Leisure centres and cycleways provide good services but over 50% of adults are overweight leading to an increase in diabetes.
- Educational attainment is improving but the UK is currently placed in only16th place for child wellbeing.
- Life expectancy is increasing but the gap between rich and poor remains unchanged. The number of care homes has also decreased by 10%.
- Fewer people are now smoking but the cost of some types of alcohol is extremely cheap.
- There are excellent building developments taking place within B&NES but global warming remains a threat and bio-diversity is falling.

There were many challenges which need to be considered and it is important to take stock and focus on priorities. The Board thanked the Director for his excellent report and stated that it should be disseminated via social media and the local press. It will also be presented to the CCG Board. Board members also suggested that the Director should produce a short podcast to promote the messages contained in the report.

RESOLVED:

- (1) To note the annual report.
- (2) To agree that the areas of focus in the report reflect current public health priorities in Bath and North East Somerset.
- (3) To endorse the importance of preventative and health protection services to the residents of Bath and North East Somerset.
- (4) To request that the report and its key messages be disseminated as widely as possible.

Prepared by Democratic Services
Date Confirmed and Signed
Chair
The meeting ended at 12.10 pm









MEETING	B&NES HEALTH AND WELLBEING BOARD
DATE	7 December 2016
TYPE	An open public item

Report summary table			
Report title	Children and Young People Sub Group Report		
Report author	Sarah McCluskey, Strategic Commissioning Officer Mary Kearney-Knowles, Senior Commissioning Manager		
List of attachments	http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/cypp Link above to Children and Young People's Plan (CYPP) 2014-2017 Year 1 and Year 2 Reviews of the Children and Young People's Plan CAMHS Transformation Plan 2015/2016 and CAMHS Transformation Plan 2016-2017 (DRAFT) http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/sites/default/files/sitedocuments/Children-and-Young-People/ChildProtection/early help strategy jan 2016 final.pdf Link Above to the B&NES Early Help Strategy		
Background papers	Children Trust Board Governance Paper – Appendix 1 Terms of Reference for the CYP group - Appendix 2 Challenges and Issues relating to CYP from the LSCB to the CYP Sub Committee of the Health and Wellbeing Board – Appendix 3		
Summary	This is the first report from the Children and Young People's Subgroup of the Health and Wellbeing Board (HWB): this Group was established following the cessation of the Children Trust Board in June 2016. This group takes the strategic lead in ensuring that the priorities identified in the Children and Young People's Plan 2014- 2017 is met. The group is chaired by a member of the Health & Wellbeing Board, other representatives include: • Chairs of the CYP delivery groups: • Be Healthy Outcomes groups (representative of the various elements of the be healthy outcomes		
Printed on recycled paper	groups) Emotional Health and Wellbeing group SEND Strategy Group Early Help Board Stay Safe (LSCB PPP Sub group chair) Page 15		

- Head of Safeguarding and Quality Assurance
- VCS representative
- Head of School Improvement
- CCG Safeguarding Lead

The new group has to date met twice in Sept and Nov 2016.

Recommendations

The Board is asked to:

- Note the Year 2 review of the Children and Young People's Plan 2014-2017
- Note the plan to complete Yr. 3 review of the Children and Young People's Plan 2014-2017 and the proposal that the completed Yr. 3 review is presented to the H&WB in Sept 2017
- Note the details of the CAMHS Transformation Plan 2016/2017
- Give an indication to the CYP sub group as to the outcomes reporting it would like to receive for children and young people from 2017 -2020. This could be retaining the existing priorities of the current CYPP and developing an outcomes framework:

Children and Young people are Healthy Children and Young People are Safe Children and Young People have Equal Life Chances.

- Receive six monthly reports in June and Dec on the work undertaken by the CYP sub group and its delivery groups
- Note the B&NES LSCB issues Challenges each year to the CYP Sub group from the work of the LSCB and its Annual Report 2015-16 and Business Plan 2015-18. To agree that that these will provide the reciprocal challenge to the H&WB on its delivery to children and young people as outlined in the TOR's 3.2 and that these challenges will be reported on every 6 months within the LSCB Business Plan and annually to the Health & Wellbeing Board.

Rationale for recommendations

The Children and Young People's Plan has always been closely aligned to the Health and Wellbeing Strategy: it is in effect the delivery arm of the Health and Wellbeing Strategy for children and young people.

The then Children Trust Board contributed to the refresh of the Health and Wellbeing Strategy in 2015 to ensure close alignment of the priorities and reporting arrangements.

Since the CTB was disbanded in June 2016 the newly formed CYP Sub group of the HWB will now report directly to the HWB on the outcomes for children and young people in B&NES.

Resource

The delivery of the current CYPP 2014-2017 and related plans

implications	must be delivered within the current financial envelope and in the context of the overarching savings requirements of the Council and the CCG.
Statutory considerations and basis for proposal	Much of the work in the CYPP contributes towards meeting the statutory duties of the CCG and Council in respect of health and social care.
Consultation	This report is produced on behalf of the CYP Sub-group. No other consultations have taken place outside of this group.
Risk management	A risk assessment related to the issue and recommendations has been undertaken, in compliance with the Council's decision making risk management guidance.

THE REPORT

1.1 Review of the Children and Young People's Plan (CYPP) 2014-2017

The Children and Young People's Plan sets out the local priority areas for children and young people across Bath and North East Somerset (B&NES).

Every year the CYPP is reviewed and progress against each of the priorities is reported. This review is made public and can be found on the following page: http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/cypp

Year 1 Review 2014-2015, was signed off by the Children's Trust Board and Local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB) in Dec 2015

Year 2 Review of the Children and Young People's Plan 2014-2017 (2015-2016) included the following progress reports:

Priority 1 Children and Young People are Healthy

- Healthy Weight Strategy completed
- Substance Misuse needs Assessment completed
- CAMHS Transformation Plan completed

Priority 2 Children and Young People are Safe

- Multi Agency Thresholds Document updated
- Good uptake on multi agency safeguarding training

Priority 3 Children and Young People have Equal Life Chances

- Early Help Strategy completed
- New Family Support and Play Service has been commissioned
- Increase in number of requests for Education, Health and Care Plans

Year 2 review was approved by the CYP Sub-group and is also available on the Council public website at the above indicted link.

Year 3 Review - 2016-2017 will be completed in May - July 2017 and it is proposed that the it is presented to the H&WB in September 2017

1.2 CAMHS Transformation Plan

The multi-agency Emotional Health and Wellbeing Strategy Group leads on the development and delivery of the CAMHS Transformation Plan 2016/2017 (the chair is a member of the CYP Sub-group). The CAMHS Transformation Plan details the multi-agency work required to implement the recommendations of the national *Future in Mind* Report. Additional national government funding has been provided to support CYP's mental health for the period 2015/16 – 2019/20, and the plan details the proposed allocation of the funding to date. The 2016/17 CAMHS Transformation Plan updates the previous 2015/16 plan, which increased direct support to CYP and increased the skills and confidence of the B&NES workforce (See Year 2 review of the CYPP).

The plan outlines a new specialist community Eating Disorder service with national waiting time targets, reduced waiting time for accepted CAMHS referrals, increasingly skilled specialist and preventative practitioners and more face-to-face and online counselling. The plan reflects feedback received from children and young people (including via the Your Health Your Voice) and from elected members and colleagues on the need to increase the range of direct provision for our CYP. Mental Health remains a key priority of the Health and Wellbeing Board and is clearly detailed in the Health and Wellbeing Strategy.

The effective delivery of the CAMHS Transformation Plan 2016-2017 will be monitored through the CYPP Sub-group and will be reported via the Year 3 review of the CYPP 2014-2017 (2016/17). This plan is available on the B&NES council public website via http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/cypp

1.3 Reporting Structure to the H&WB

As part of the planning and development around future outcomes reporting for Children and Young People from 2017 – 2020. The CYP sub group of the H&WB is keen to have a steer from the H&WB on the outcomes reporting for children and young people that it would like to receive.

The CYP sub group is proposing to develop an Outcomes Based Accountability framework for children and young people to replace the CYPP but possibly retaining the 3 current key priorities: this would also support alignment to the proposed *your care, your way* outcomes framework as previously set out in reports to the HWB. This framework would be aligned to the current Health and Wellbeing Strategy

It is proposed that the H&WB would receive 6 monthly reports in June and Dec on the work undertaken by the delivery groups of the CYP Sub group

1.4 Challenges and Issues relating to CYP from the LSCB Annual Report 2015-2016 and Business Plan 2015-2018 to the CYP Sub Committee of the Health and Wellbeing Board

Historically, the Children Trust Board provided assurance around the challenges posed by the Local Safeguarding Children's Board in terms of local safeguarding arrangements. The responsibility for this challenge and assurance now sits with the CYP Sub-group on behalf of the Health and Wellbeing Board. The LSCB has identified the following challenges for 2016-2017:

Challenges for 2016-2017

- 1. Assurance from Children's commissioners and the Emotional Health and Wellbeing Strategy group (Children and Young People) that local arrangements are robust and meeting local needs
- 2. Progress targeted work with drug and alcohol agencies, mental health and domestic abuse services seek assurance that effective co-ordinated work is in place
- 3. Seek assurance that transitions arrangements are closely monitored and effective.
- 4. LSCB implemented a task and finish group to address the needs of children and young people affected by parental imprisonment (in line with the iHop work). The LSCB would like assurance that this effectively rolled out and young people's needs are now being consistently met.
- 5. The effective co-ordination and delivery of services for children who are stepped down from children's social care.

The CYP Subgroup will report and provide assurance on how it has responded to these challenges on behalf of the Health and Wellbeing Board an annual base to the HWB.

Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an alternative format









Draft proposal for revised governance arrangements and reporting structure between Children's Trust Board the Health & Wellbeing Board

1. Background

The Council needs to have a Children and Young People's Plan (CYPP) or a Service Delivery plan that sets out how the local priorities for children and young people and services will be targeted for vulnerable children and young people. The plan is currently overseen by the Children's Trust Board (CTB) and the Local Authority. The Local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB) also issues a yearly reciprocal challenge paper to the CTB, holding it to account on its safeguarding.

The Health and Wellbeing Board is a statutory body and with the recent alignment of the CYPP 2014-2017 to the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy it would seem timely that during the remaining life of the current CYPP changes to the way it reports on the delivery of the plan need to be developed, with a view to the Health and Wellbeing Board having more 'ownership' of the next CYPP (or CYP Service delivery plan) 2017-2020

The CTB is no longer a statutory body, which gives an opportunity to:

- Review and clarify governance arrangements
- Encourage stronger partnership working across cyp and health, greater integration of services and promotion of a shared purpose
- Explore synergies and overlaps between the Health and Wellbeing Board and CTB – the CYPP has been recently aligned to the Health and Wellbeing Strategy, enabling more opportunities for join up in performance monitoring.
- Reduce duplication and enable greater join up of priorities and work (e.g. a number of members currently attend both boards.

The Chair of the CTB has supported taking a proposal to the Health and Wellbeing Board Agenda setting meeting on 17.06.2015

2. Roles of the Boards

There are currently 3 "boards" that have some responsibility in ensuring that the identified local priorities for children and young people are achieved: these include the Children Trust Board, The Local Safeguarding Children's Board and the Health and Wellbeing Board.

The role of the Children's Trust Board is to:

- To oversee the development, of the Children and Young People's Plan and ensure this incorporates the Health and Wellbeing Board Priorities.
- To monitor and evaluate annually the Outcome Framework within the CYPP

- To provide leadership to improve the lives of all children and young people in B&NES.
- To provide inter-agency governance of the co-operation arrangements between partners and organisations with a role in improving outcomes for children and young people.
- To ensure a strategic framework within which partners will co-operate to improve children's well-being and embed partnership working in each partners' delivery of their own functions.
- To co-ordinate and help deliver actions that support the development of a child centred and outcome led vision clearly informed by the views of children and young people and their families within B&NES.
- To challenge and hold the LSCB to account for local safeguarding arrangements (reciprocal challenge)

The role of the Local Safeguarding Children Board is to:

- Co-ordinate what is done by each person or body represented on the Board for the purposes of safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children in the area of the authority
- Ensure the effectiveness of what is done by each such person or body for that purpose
- Protect children from maltreatment
- Prevent impairment of children's health or development;
- Ensure that children are growing up in circumstances consistent with the provision
- Provide safe and effective care.
- To challenge the CTB around local provision of services to support safeguarding arrangements.

The role of the Health and Wellbeing Board is to:

- Develop a joint strategic needs assessment (JSNA) and pharmacy needs assessment (PNA)
- Prepare the Joint Health and Wellbeing strategy (JHWS)
- Consider whether the commissioning arrangements for social care, public health and the NHS are in line with the JHWS
- Consider whether the Clinical Commissioning Groups' (CCG) commissioning plan has given due regard to the JHWS
- Have oversight of integrated commissioning arrangements, including the Better Care Fund Plan for B&NES providing challenge to the CCG and/or Council Leadership if local commissioning plans have not had adequate regard to the JHWS
- Receive reports from the Joint Commissioning Committee, which is a formal Committee of the CCG Governing Body and is accountable to Cabinet Members within the Council

The Board will seek to:

 Influence the strategic planning and service delivery of health and wellbeing services in B&NES through the promotion of the JSNA, PNA and JHWS

- Promote joint working and the use of the NHS Act 2006 flexibilities to increase joint commissioning, Pool and align budgets (where appropriate), to support the effective delivery of the JHWS
- Influence planning, transport, housing, environment, economic development and community safety in order to address the wider determinants of health and wellbeing
- Work collaboratively with the B&NES Public Services Board
- Strategically performance manage key activity against the key priorities of the JHWS

(Responsibility for the scrutiny of health and wellbeing will continue to lie with the Health & Wellbeing Select Committee (formerly Policy Development & Scrutiny Panel)

3. Options:

- To disband the CTB during 2016 -2017 and to write the next CYPP 2017-2020 as a service delivery plan for the Health and Wellbeing Board – This would be a new key responsibility and would require an officer led 'partnership group' to be set up to oversee this work during 2016-2017
- To develop a governance structure whereby Health and Wellbeing Board will be in a position by April 2017 to receive reports on the delivery of the CYPP 2017- 2020 (directly from lead officers/strategy groups)
- To transfer the LSCB "challenge arrangements", currently given to the CTB, to the Health &Wellbeing Board by April 2017.

RECOMMENDATION - for Health and Wellbeing Board for 2015-2016 Agenda setting meeting June 2015

- 1. To consider the indicated options and to provide feedback on the proposal
- 2. To agree to take the proposal forward for wider consultation with members of the CTB, LSCB and Health and Wellbeing Board
- 3. Hold a Stakeholder Development Day in autumn 2014 –possibly part of the LSCB Stakeholder Day on Nov 26th 2015
- 4. To develop a timeframe (work plan) to take forward the proposed governance changes and to present these at the November Stakeholder Event

Signed Mary Kearney-Knowles, as agreed at the Children Trust Board 11 06 2015

Date 12.06.2015









B&NES HEALTH AND WELLBEING BOARD

CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE SUB GROUP TERMS OF REFERENCE

1. Name

1.1 The B&NES Health and Wellbeing Board Children and Young People Sub Group.

2. Statement of purpose

- 2.1 The Childrens Trust Board will be disbanded in autumn 2016. Following this date, the Health and Wellbeing Board (HWB) will adopt responsibility for development and delivery of the Children and Young People's Plan 2014 2017 (CYPP) or equivalent strategies. The HWB will, more broadly, act as the key strategic forum through which children's health and wellbeing will be improved, so ensuring the best outcomes for all children and young people in B&NES.
- 2.2 This group will operate as a sub-group of the Health and Wellbeing Board and will support the Health and Wellbeing Board in delivering these responsibilities.

3. Roles and responsibilities

- 3.1 The sub group will be responsible for:
 - Development, delivery and monitoring of the Children and Young People's Plan, or equivalent strategies (as a service delivery plan for the Health and Wellbeing Board)
 - Coordinating and monitoring the activity of the Children and Young People's Plan Strategy Groups
 - Taking a decision on what information needs to be escalated to the Health and Wellbeing Board
 - Providing an update report to the Health and Wellbeing Board annually as a minimum
 - Where appropriate, feeding into strategic Health and Wellbeing Board discussions, with a perspective relating to children & young people from B&NES
 - Considering the delivery and review of Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy priorities with a perspective relating to children & young people from B&NES.
- 3.2 Responsibility for holding the LSCB and Independent Chair to account for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is through a multi-agency panel including representation from the H&WB, led by the Chief Executive.

The H&WB will participate in appropriate mutual challenge between the H&WB and LSCB and progress will be monitored on a six monthly basis.

4. Membership

- 4.1 Core members of the Sub Group shall consist of the following:
 - Health and Wellbeing Board member
 - Chairs of the CYPP delivery groups:
 - Be Healthy Outcomes groups (representative of the various elements of the be healthy outcomes groups)
 - o Emotional Health and Wellbeing group
 - SEND Strategy Group
 - o Early Help Outcomes Board
 - Stay Safe (LSCB PPP Sub group chair)
 - Head of Safeguarding and Quality Assurance
 - VCS representative
 - Head of School Improvement
 - CCG Safeguarding Lead

The groups represented above are all multi agency and the chairs can be rotated. Other organisations may be invited to attend at a later date and depending on the meeting agenda.

- 4.2 Board members may nominate a named substitute from an appropriate member of their organisation or service.
- 4.3 The Strategic Commissioning Officer overseeing Participation and the Strategy Development Officer will attend in a coordination and advisory capacity.
- 4.4 The Member of Youth Parliament (or Deputy Member) will be allocated a slot at the meetings to attend in person, in which case, meetings should be scheduled in school holidays or after 4.30pm or by providing a request on behalf of the B&NES Youth Forum for consideration by the sub group.

5. Reporting and operating arrangements

- 5.1 The Sub Group shall be chaired by an officer member of the Health and Wellbeing Board.
- 5.2 It is anticipated that the Sub Group will meet at least 4 times a year, with additional meetings planned as required. The agenda for these meetings will be circulated a week in advance. Outside of these meetings, discussions will be supported through virtual mechanisms (e.g. email/skype/teleconference).
- 5.3 The sub group will be declared quorate when 6 of its core members are in attendance.
- Agendas will focus primarily on contributing to the development of the HWB Strategy and the relevant cyp strategies Agendas can be developed by:
 - Discussion amongst members of the sub group

- Requests from members of the sub group
- Requests from young people
- Following recommendations by the Health and Wellbeing Board
- 5.5 The B&NES HWB Children and Young People sub group will feedback, on a regular basis (through a range of mechanisms including reports and presentations to the HWB and HWB Agenda Setting Group, as required).

Signed off at LSCB June 2016 Signed off at CTB June 2016



Page

Challenges and Issues relating to CYP From the LSCB to the CYP Sub Committee of the Health and Wellbeing Board

Challenges are from the work of the LSCB and its Annual Report 2015-16 and Business Plan 2015-18

N	No Challenges and Issues as presented in the LSCB Annua Report 2015-16	Response al	Agreed further actions	Lead officer and date for completion	RAG Status /Comments
	Assurance from Children's commissioners and the Emotio Health and Wellbeing Strategy group (Children and Young People) that local arrangement are robust and meeting local needs		November 2016 The CAMHS Transformation Plan 2015/2016 increased the range of support and interventions available to children and young people across B&NES: these ranged from workforce development, on-line support and counselling, independent counsellors based in secondary schools and colleges, CAMHS school hubs and development of schools' MH awareness teaching resources The draft CAMHS 2016/2017 Transformation plan is	Margaret Fairbairn/ Mary Kearney- Knowles	Green

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		currently being finalized and is available on the B&NES council website. It further increases the range of interventions to children and young people across B&NES, including a new CYP specialist community eating disorder service starting in January 2017. Contingency plans for when the Southmead health-based s136 Place of Safety is full are not yet agreed.
2.	KP 1 action point 8 Progress targeted work with drug and alcohol agencies, mental health and domestic abuse services – seek assurance that effective co-ordinated work is in place	Ensure work of Complex (toxic) trio group is progressed and work with services and commissioners to improve data – in line with contract renewal times Monitor data and undertake audit of cases where families are affected by Toxic Trio/complex needs
3.	KP 1 action point 10	Receive update report from commissioning and
	Seek assurance that transitions	Transitions leads

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	arrangements are closely monitored and effective	
4.	KP 1 action point 13 LSCB implemented a task and finish group to address the needs of children and young people affected by parental imprisonment (in line with the iHop work). The LSCB would like assurance that this effectively rolled out and	Update; November 2016; Sally Churchyard has overseen the Task and Finish work in this area. We have ensured that these issues are now incorporated into LSCB training for new staff.
	young people's needs are now being consistently met.	
5.	Item due to be added to the Business Plan in Dec 2016 The effective co-ordination and delivery of services for children who are stepped down from children's social care.	Update; November 2016. We are reviewing referral and allocation processes between Early Help services and the Duty Team to improve information sharing and decision making. This will a new step-down/early help panel that builds on the links between the Duty team and the Connecting Families team. We have also agreed that members of the integrated working team will
		screen cases on Duty that are likely to be "stepped-

	down" or closed to ensure that where appropriate, we can identify cases that would benefit from interventions.	

Process for the identification, presentation and monitoring of challenges and issues

- 1. Through the course of day to day business if the LSCB identifies areas of concern that it believes are the responsibility of the Children and Young People sub-committee it will ask for these to be discussed.
- 2. The LSCB Annual Report will add an appendix to the report which sets out the challenges to the Children and Young People sub-committee the challenges and issues will be discussed as part of the conversation about the report itself. These challenges and issues will be included in the Business Plan. Once the challenges and issues have been identified they will be reported to the next meeting of the sub-committee.
- 3. The LSCB will ask for the Business Plan to be updated each quarter to enable the LSCB to monitor progress of the challenges and issues raised.
- 4. The LSCB will receive a report each June from the Sub Committee confirming progress. Progress on the challenges will help inform the Boards identification of any further concerns or challenges.







MEETING	B&NES HEALTH AND WELLBEING BOARD
DATE	7 December 2016
TYPE	An open public item

Report summary table	
Report title	Local Safeguarding Adults Board Annual Report 2015-16 and Business Plan 2015-18
Report authors	Dami Howard Dami_Howard@bathnes.gov.uk (01225) 396350
List of attachments	Attachment 1: LSAB Annual Report 2015-16 Executive Summary Attachment 2: LSAB Annual Report 2015-16 Attachment 3: Business Plan 2015-18
Background papers	No specific background papers however below is a link to the LSAB web page which has all relevant local and national documents. http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/services/care-and-support-and-you/safeguarding-and-legal-information
Summary	The Local Safeguarding Adults Board Annual Report 2015-16 highlights the work of the Board during the period and information and analysis of safeguarding case activity for the Health and Wellbeing Board to note. The Business Plan 2015-18 is available through the link in the report. The Executive Summary is provided as a standalone document to enable Board members and the public to more easily digest the key areas of work the Board has undertaken.
Recommendations	 The Board is asked to: Note the Annual Report, Executive Summary and Business Plan Raise any queries or concerns on safeguarding activity Recommend areas you would like the LSAB to give consideration to.
Rationale for recommendations Printed on recycled paper	The LSAB is a Statutory Board and established under the Care Act 2014. The LSAB in its Terms of Reference (section 3.5.1, June 2016) sets out the expectation to report to the Health and Wellbeing Board. The work of the Board clearly contributes to the outcomes of the Health and Wellbeing Strategy 2015-19, examples of the contribution are included in the following themes and priorities: Theme 1: Preventing ill health by helping people to stay healthy

Priority 2: Improved support to families with complex needs Theme 2: Improving the quality of people's lives Priority 6: Promoting mental wellbeing and supporting recovery Priority 7: Enhanced quality of life for people with dementia Priority 8: Improved services for older people Theme 3: Tackling health inequalities by creating fairer life chances Priority 10: Reduce the health and wellbeing consequences of domestic abuse The Board welcome the clear statement on page 19 of the Strategy which references Keeping people safe and states the commitment to: Delivering good quality care and keeping people safe is the business of the Health and Wellbeing Board. Protecting people's health, wellbeing and human rights and enabling them to live free from harm, abuse and neglect is vital. "We will make sure that vulnerable children, young people and adults at risk of harm are protected and kept safe." Resource B&NES Council, Banes NHS CCG, Avon and Somerset Police implications and Avon Fire and Rescue contributed to the LSAB running costs during the period. Avon Fire and Rescue have stated that they cannot contribute in 2016-17 and are now no longer core member and the Police have reduced their contribution also, B&NES Council balance the running cost of the LSAB but there is a reduced spend on the stakeholder event and awareness raising planned for 2016-17. The LSAB budget is set out in Appendix 3 of the full report. The Association of Directors of Adults Social Services **Statutory** considerations recommends that LSABs present their Annual Reports to the and basis for Health and Wellbeing Board for consideration. The report has been presented to the Board (and previously Partnership) for a proposal number of years and the LSAB welcomes its views. The LSAB has set out in its Terms of Reference as stated above the requirement for the Annual Report to be presented to the Health and Wellbeing Board. Although the Council is responsible for establishing the LSAB, the Board is not accountable to the Health and Wellbeing Board – it is independent. Therefore the relationship between the Boards is one of mutual challenge and scrutiny. It is also on this basis the LSAB would like to present its work. Consultation The LSAB has consulted all partners on the content of the Annual Report 2015 – 16 and Business Plan 2015-18 at its meeting in

	September 2016. Healthwatch are a member of the LSAB. The partners have included their activity in Appendix 5.
Risk management	The LSAB has its own Risk Register which was last reviewed in March 2016. This is available to share with the Health and Wellbeing Board if requested.

THE REPORT

- 1.1 The Health and Wellbeing Board are asked to consider the information provided in the LSAB Annual Report 2015-16 Executive Summary; the full report and the Business Plan outturn 2015-16.
- 1.2 The report follows a similar format to last year and now benefits from a separate Executive Summary which broadly mirrors the one for the Local Safeguarding Children's Board.
- 1.3 The Report looks at the following areas in detail:
 - the local and national context
 - the Boards governance and relationships with other Boards and Committees
 - the work of the sub-groups and the achievements during the year
 - the support and case activity that has taken place during the year and compares this with national data where available
 - delivery of the 2015-16 work programme and priorities for 2015 18
 - partner reports on individual agencies safeguarding practice
 - Finally the joint working and streamlining of LSAB and Local Safeguarding Children's Board work this has been a focus during the year.
- 1.4 Examples of how the LSAB contributes to the Health and Wellbeing Strategy are provided below.

Theme 1: Preventing ill health by helping people to stay healthy

Priority 2: Improved support to families with complex needs

The Board ensures that informal carers (family members) who may have unintentionally caused harm are treated compassionately and that their needs are recognised. Safeguarding measures are required however these take into consideration the carer as well as the cared for person's needs.

Theme 2: Improving the quality of people's lives

Priority 6: Promoting mental wellbeing and supporting recovery

Priority 7: Enhanced quality of life for people with dementia

Priority 8: Improved services for older people

The work of the Board contributes to Theme two by ensuring: the Multi-agency Safeguarding Adults Procedures – with a clear focus on Making Safeguarding Personal is followed; that agencies provide and enable access to multi-agency

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safeguarding, mental capacity and deprivation of liberty safeguarding training for their staff; that the outcomes for service users and carers going through the Procedures are monitored and that repeat referrals are reviewed; that service user and carers views influence the Procedures.

Information from the Board is shared with commissioners to help influence and improve service delivery and quality.

Theme 3: Tackling health inequalities by creating fairer life chances
Priority 10: Reduce the health and wellbeing consequences of domestic abuse

Domestic abuse is a priority for the LSAB as well as the LSCB and this year's stakeholder event being held on the 2 November 2016 is on Domestic Abuse. Domestic abuse was introduced as a new 'abuse type' in the Care Act 2014 and the Board monitor the concerns raised. Whilst the Board focuses on people with care and support needs it works closely with the Responsible Authorities Group who have a remit for all domestic abuse incidents and the LSCB who are concerned about the impact of domestic abuse on children and young people.

1.5 The Board hopes this report along with the three attachments provides the Health and Wellbeing Board with details on how people with care and support needs are being safeguarded in B&NES.

Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an alternative format



Annual Report 2015 – 2016 Executive Summary

1. The Role of the Local Safeguarding Adults Board (LSAB)

B&NES LSAB is a statutory (though independent) Board established under the Care Act 2014. It is independently chaired and consists of senior representatives of all the principle stakeholders working together to safeguard adults with care and support needs across the area. All agencies involved in providing care and support for adults work together to respond in a coordinated way to cases of suspected harm or abuse of adults. We aim to ensure that people's rights are respected in the process of them being offered help and protection.

The Terms of Reference for the LSAB are available on the LSAB web page and are due for review in 2016-17:

http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/sites/default/files/sitedocuments/Children-and-Young-People/ChildProtection/lscb terms of reference updated 26.11.15.pdf

The LSAB brings together local statutory and independent sector agencies working with adults with care and support needs at risk of abuse. The LSAB is responsible for ensuring that the Multi-Agency Safeguarding Adults Policy and Procedures are effective and prevent adults from experiencing significant harm.

The Board is committed to ensuring the following principles are practiced:

- Safeguarding is everybody's business and the Board will work together to prevent and minimise abuse as doing nothing is not an option
- Everyone has the right to live their life free from violence, fear and abuse
- All adults have the right to be protected from harm and exploitation
- All adults have the right to independence that involves a degree of risk

Safeguarding is everyone's business

2. The Work of the LSAB

The Board's statutory objectives as set out in the Care Act 2014 are:

- a) To develop and publish an Annual Strategic Plan
- b) To publish an Annual Report
- c) To arrange Safeguarding Adult reviews for any cases which meet the criteria for these to promote effective learning and improvement action to prevent future deaths or serious harm occurring again.
- d) Operational functions specified under Schedule 2 of the Care Act 2014

Functions of the Board

The Board has responsibility for:

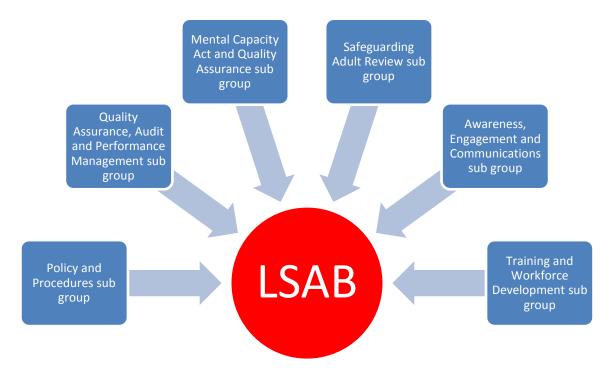
- Developing and monitoring the effectiveness and quality of safeguarding practice
- Involving service users and carers in the development of safeguarding

- arrangements
- Communicating to all stakeholders that safeguarding is 'everybody's business'
- Providing strategic leadership

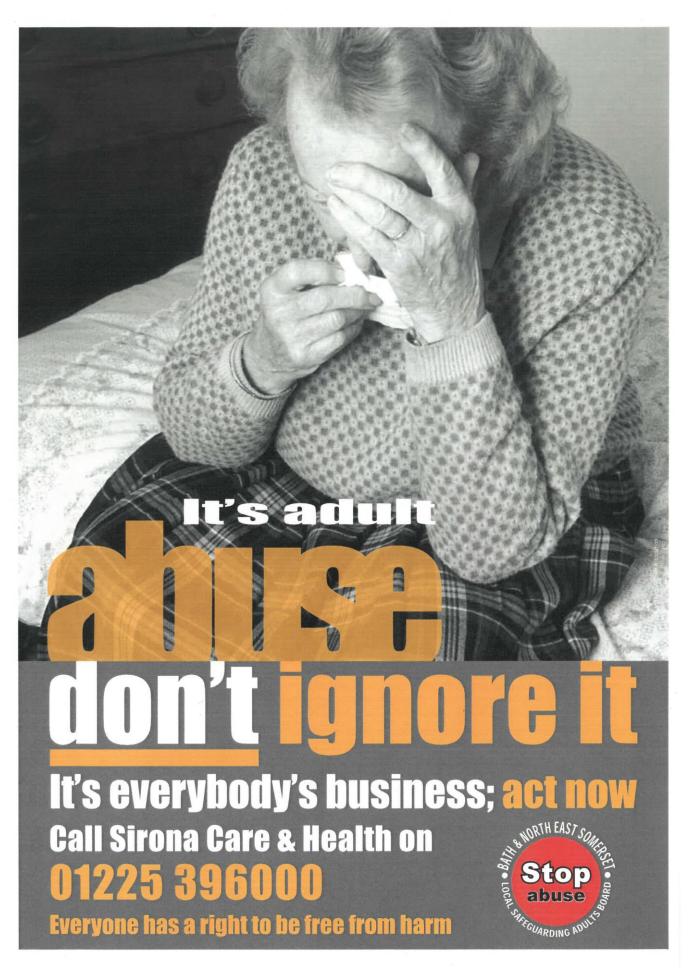
3. The Sub-Groups of the LSAB

The LSAB has seven sub-groups as set out below. The Terms of Reference for each of the sub-groups are available on the LSAB web page:

http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/services/care-and-support-and-you/safeguarding-and-legal-information



- Each sub group reports progress on the Board's Business Plan on a quarterly basis and contributes to the Chair's Agenda Setting meeting. Each sub-group has a duty to challenge practice within the partnership where it identifies issues of concern.
- The full Annual Report 2015-16 lists the key achievements, challenges and priorities for each sub group in 2016-17. The report is available on the LSAB Safeguarding website http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/services/care-and-support-and-you/safeguarding-and-legal-information
- The LSAB adopted a three year Business Plan from September 2015 to March 2018. This is monitored by the Sub Group Chairs prior to the Board and reported on at each Board meeting.
- The year-end report is available on the public website: http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/sites/default/files/siteimages/lsab_business_plan
 updated 23 march 16.pdf



4. LSAB Stakeholder Day

In November 2015, the training and workforce subgroup organised a very successful Stakeholder Event entitled **Safeguarding and Prevention: The Challenge of Providing Safe Services in Adult Care.**

- This event brought together about 80 stakeholders from many different backgrounds and discussions were stimulated by three excellent speakers:
 - Teresa Kippax, National Safeguarding Advisor, CQC: Safeguarding and the Prevention Agenda
 - Helen Wakeling, Deputy Head of Safeguarding Adults, B&NES Council: Making Safeguarding Personal and the Care Act's Preventative Messages
 - Helen Harris, Tissue Viability Nurse, Sirona Care and Health: *Tissue Viability: Good Preventative Practice*

In the afternoon, workshops covered a range of topics:

- 1: Suzanne McCutcheon and Kirsty Langford, Trading Standards:
 Keeping People Safe from Financial Abuse
- 2: Melissa Kendall: Quality Assurance and the Care Certificate
- 3: Dennis Little: The Mental Capacity and DoLS: The Challenge for Providers
- 4: Michaela Arrowsmith: More Tissue Issues

The Event concluded with delegates, grouped into 'sector groups', working on putting together initial ideas for an LSAB Prevention Strategy and how to make Prevention a reality.

The event was very positively received by all delegates.



5. Outcomes and Safeguarding Activity

During the reporting period 2015-16 B&NES received 1,137 new alerts /referrals (now called concerns). In addition to these there were also 129 service users who had been referred to safeguarding during the previous year, but were still being supported through the safeguarding process at the start of April 2015. At the end of March 2016, 162 cases remained open and 1,104 had been closed. In comparison, in the last Annual Report 2014-15, it was noted that 707 cases

- were closed at the end of March 2015. During 2015-16 there has, therefore, been an increase of 56% in the number of cases closed during 2015-16 in comparison with 2014-15.
- This year there has been the highest ever number of safeguarding concerns received. The 1,137 concerns received were an increase of 53% when compared with 2014-15.
- The number of people for whom a safeguarding concern was raised on more than one occasion has also increased in 2015-16, along with the numbers of concerns and enquiries. During the year, more than one concern was raised for 183 people. This is in comparison to the previous year when repeat concerns were raised for 53 people. Initially this appears to be a significant increase in repeat situations, however, further examination suggests that much of the increase may be related to people's understanding of the new Care Act threshold for safeguarding. Out of the 182 people for whom more than one concern was raised, 65 people had no further action taken for all of the contacts received. This indicates that a third of these repeat concerns did not require safeguarding support, as they related to: individuals who had no care and support needs; those who could protect themselves or individuals that needed an assessment or review of their social care needs. All the repeat concerns are currently being reviewed by lead professionals in Sirona care and health, AWP and the Council's Safeguarding and Quality Assurance Team. A report on their findings will be presented to the LSAB in December 2016.

Number of Concerns by Service User Group 2013-16

Service User Group	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
Physical Disability	397 (60%)	433 (58%)	629 (55%)
Mental Health	111 (17%)	139 (19%)	215 (19%)
Vulnerable People	22 (3%)	23 (3%)	43(4%)
Learning Disability	124 (19%)	133 (18%)	201 (18%)
Substance Misuse	5 (0.8%)	5 (1%)	42 (4%)
Adult Carer	5 (0.8%)	8 (1%)	7 (0.6 %)
Total	664	741	1137

Percentage of Concerns by Abuse Types

Abuse Type	HSCIC National	B&NES	B&NES	B&NES
		2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
	2014-15			
Physical	27%	30%	32%	21%
Psychological	15%	14%	15%	17%
Financial	17%	19%	15%	16%
Neglect	32%	28%	29%	26%
Sexual	5%	7%	6%	8%
Organisational	3%	1%	3%	2%
Discriminatory	1%	0.5%	0	0.2%
Domestic Abuse				4%
Sexual Exploitation				0.4%
Self-Neglect				4%
Modern Slavery				0

 40% of the safeguarding enquiries undertaken during the year were for service users with care and support needs funded by the Council. 14% of service users supported through the enquiry process were self-funders, whilst 35% were not in receipt of any care and support services.

Commissioned / Funded Care and Support by B&NES	Commissioned/Funded Care and Support by Other Local Authority	Self- Funded Service	Health Funded Service	No Service
166	22	60	24	144

- An individual who is defined as being "Not in receipt of service", may be receiving support from agencies such as Developing Health and Independence, housing organisations and other agencies that provide support and advice. However, in this context, the service provided would not meet the definition of commissioned or funded care and support which is defined as a personal budget or self-funded services such as domiciliary care, residential care and day services.
- This year, Local Authorities were asked to report for the first time on Making Safeguarding Personal outcomes (a personalised approach to safeguarding embedded in the Care Act 2014). Information was requested on the number of people, who had been through the safeguarding process, who had been asked what outcomes they wanted from the safeguarding process and if at the

conclusion these had been achieved. As this is the first year of reporting it is not possible to benchmark our performance in this area, but the records indicate that where people expressed their outcomes these were achieved in the majority of cases. Further work is however required on improving performance in recording this information and making sure that the individual or their representative is asked for their outcomes.

- The LSAB Quality and Performance sub group and the Council Commissioners for both Sirona care and health and AWP safeguarding work will continue to monitor future performance closely, ensuring that the LSAB and corporate performance requirements are met alongside the requirement to make the safeguarding process person centred and focused on the individual's outcomes.
- For further analysis of the safeguarding activity undertaken in 2015-16 please see the full Annual Report on the LSAB website at: http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/services/care-and-support-and-you/safeguarding-and-legal-information

The LSAB has also:

- a) Welcomed to the Board one representative from the domiciliary care sector, two representatives from the care home sector, two new representatives from the voluntary sector representing the Health and Wellbeing Network, and one representative from Healthwatch giving the service user/patient experience. All the new members have made a valuable contribution and broadened the membership of the Board.
- b) Further strengthened the links between the LSAB and the Local Safeguarding Children's Board (LSCB) through having the same independent chair for both Boards and the appointment of a joint Business Manager for both Boards.
- c) Further developed the Board's risk register and progressed a new web-site which will be shared with the LSCB and is due to go live in 2016-17.
- d) Progressed joint working with the LSCB to raise awareness of Female Genital Mutilation (FGM). Worked in partnership with the LSCB and Community Safety team to provide a number of training sessions on PREVENT.
- e) Updated a range of policies, training and guidance in accordance with the requirements of the Care Act 2014 and its revisions including a full revision of the multi-agency procedures that will go live in September 2016, and developed more robust systems for monitoring dissemination of policies and procedures.

- The LSAB faces a number of current and future challenges/areas for development:
 - a) In accordance with other LSABs the resourcing and financing of the Board remains tight and pressured. All partner agencies experience similar pressures on funding, and organisational change creates the potential for additional pressures. This will require ongoing monitoring and management.
 - b) The Supreme Court ruling in 2014 has seen a significant rise in Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards applications both in Care Homes and hospitals and the community. This has caused a backlog of applications which is being monitored and managed. B&NES Council continue to risk assess the situation.
 - c) Ongoing work to develop and implement a Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub for children and adults.
 - d) Working across boundaries in collaboration with other agencies to develop a policy responding to sexual exploitation.
 - e) Undertaking a self-assessment safeguarding audit for all LSAB members and providers in B&NES.
 - f) Developing multi-agency audits within the Quality Assurance, Audit and Performance Management sub group which will take a themed focus and cases will be debated by the core statutory partners as set out in the Care Act 2014. Learning will be shared with managers.
 - g) Recruiting Lay Members for the Board remains a challenge and further efforts will be made to ensure that we have an independent community voice giving friendly challenge to the work of the Board.



6. Making Safeguarding Personal

 The Care Act 2014 placed Making Safeguarding Personal (MSP) on a formal and statutory footing. The intention is for MSP to enable Service Users to be put at the centre of their own safeguarding and to generate a more person-centred set of outcomes. The key focus is to develop a real understanding of what the service user wishes to achieve, recording desired outcomes and evaluating how well these have been met. As part of that process it was becoming increasingly clear that in order for service users to be in a position to actively contribute to their own safeguarding and provide feedback they needed to be fully informed.

- Responses from staff in the 2015 and 2016 'Safeguarding Attitudes'
 questionnaire identified one of the barriers to their work within safeguarding as
 lack of information to give to service users to help inform their discussions with
 them and prepare them for any safeguarding interventions.
- Factsheets have been developed with MSP sub-group, Awareness, Engagement and Communications Sub-Group and Sirona Team Managers. The publication of these factsheets has been delayed to coincide with the new multi-agency Safeguarding Procedures in September 2016. An Easy Read version is also being developed with a service user focus group. All 7 factsheets will be available on the LSAB website when completed and hard copies should be sent to providers.
- The 'Keeping You Safe Questionnaire' which was previously sent out to a
 service user after the completion of a safeguarding process, proved to provide
 limited qualitative information to help inform improvements in the Safeguarding
 Process. When asking Service Users for their experience of safeguarding it
 became apparent that they did not have a benchmark against which to measure
 their experience.
- The LSAB in December 2015 agreed to a 6-month trial of the proposed face to face Service User Feedback interview process to begin in January 2016. This was extended as the project was unable to start until March 2016. In summary, two Safeguarding Chairs from the Council Safeguarding and Quality Assurance Team would seek to undertake 6 interviews per month from a random sample of cases closed to Safeguarding in the previous month. This work is planned to be undertaken in 2016-17 to ensure that qualitative information is received from those going through the safeguarding process to inform the development of that process in line with Making Safeguarding Personal.

7. Independent Chair's Closing Summary



This report reflects on our first full year of activity since the implementation of the Care Act 2014 and the important principles of Making Safeguarding Personal. A great deal has been accomplished in a relatively short amount of time due to the total commitment of all our member agencies and some very hard work on the part of some dedicated professionals. Members of our sub groups have helped monitor the outcomes of this activity; others have been busy redrafting policies, procedures and guidance so that

they are compliant with the new legislation.

As if all this wasn't enough we continue to look for opportunities for collaboration with the Children's Safeguarding Board.

The data and analysis in this report demonstrate that these efforts are helping to ensure that adults are effectively safeguarded and their views listened to. However all of this relies upon everyone in our communities being alert to the possibility of abuse and reporting their concerns.

Safeguarding is and will always be everyone's business.





Annual Report 2015 – 2016

and

Business Plan 2015 - 2018



























Mental Health Partnership NHS Trust





Bath and North East Somerset Clinical Commissioning Group





NHS Foundation Trust





Chair's Foreword



I am delighted to present this, my first report as the Independent Chair of Bath and North East Somerset Local Safeguarding Adults Board. This has been a very busy year for all members of the Bath and North East Somerset Safeguarding Adults Board. Work has been completed on redrafting our multi agency procedures so that they are consistent with the Care Act, the Multi Agency Safeguarding Hub is due to commence work in September and we have developed clear guidance for professionals when dealing with self-neglect. These are merely the highlights of our activities, much, much more has been achieved, as evidenced within the pages of this report. More importantly, there is evidence that these efforts are making a positive difference in the lives of those whom we seek to safeguard, in the form of both quantitive data and direct feedback from service users.

In the face of increasing financial pressure on all of our member agencies, including those in the voluntary sector, it is commendable that full cooperation and commitment to the work of the Safeguarding Adults Board has been maintained. Such commitment should not be taken for granted and the Board continues to look for opportunities to improve the way we do things. To that end we are looking towards closer collaboration with the Local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB) and have recently commenced a pilot joint sub group for training and workforce development. Our learning from this pilot will help us to determine other opportunities for future collaboration across both Boards. Similarly we are in discussion with colleagues from North Somerset to determine whether and by what means we might share resources and develop improved consistency in the guidance and information offered to professionals. I am personally hopeful that this will eventually lead to much closer collaboration between Boards across the south west region.

Underpinning everything that the Safeguarding Adults Board achieves is the work of our sub groups and I wish to thank all of those who take part. Being a member of a Safeguarding Board sub group is a demanding role, undertaken by already busy people in addition to their "day" job. It also offers a unique opportunity for personal development and I would encourage all of the organisations that our sub group members belong to, to ensure that their participation is recognised. Also I wish to acknowledge Dami Howard, who was appointed as the Business Support Manager for both Safeguarding Boards during the past year and is already making a significant improvement to the quality of our administration.

Earlier this year, the Government commissioned a review of the work of LSCBs and as a result, a number of fundamental changes are anticipated to their scope and structure. Whilst these changes are not explicitly intended to impact upon Safeguarding Adults Boards, there is much to be learned from them and I think, there will be unexpected opportunities to be considered. What is clear is that the next 12 months will be another challenging and - I hope - rewarding year for both Boards and one in which our aim to safeguard the vulnerable in our communities continues to be realised.

Down

Executive Summary

The LSAB has agreed an Executive Summary of the 2015-16 Annual Report. This has been published as a separate document covering the following areas:

- The role of the LSAB
- The Sub-Groups of the LSAB
- LSAB Stakeholder Day
- Outcomes and safeguarding activity
- Making Safeguarding Personal

The Executive summary is available on the LSCB website: http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/services/care-and-support-and-you/safeguarding-and-legal-information

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Section 1: Local Context for B&NES 2015-16

- 1.1 Bath and North East Somerset (B&NES) is a Unitary Authority with just under 185,000 residents. According to the 2015 ONS Mid-Year Population Estimates 81% (just over 150,000) of the population were over 18 years. Of whom, 76% were aged 18-64 (just over 115,000) and 23% (35,000) were aged 65+. Over 11% (Over 16,500) of the population are aged over 75.
- 1.2 The area is predominantly White and White British ethnic population, with 93% defining themselves as such. The largest minority ethnic groups in the area are those who define themselves as mixed heritage (4%) and Black (2%). 5% of people over the age of 18 are from BME communities.
- 1.3 Bath is the largest urban settlement in the area, acting as the commercial and recreational centre. It is home to approximately 50% of the population and is one of the few cities in the world to be named a UNESCO World Heritage Site. Keynsham lies to the west of Bath, a traditional market town with a population of almost 9% of the total population of B&NES. Midsomer Norton and Norton Radstock are small historic market towns, located in the south of the area with approximately 12% of the total population split between them. They both have a strong heritage of mining and industry stemming from the North Somerset Coalfield. The rest of the district consists of 69 diverse



- rural communities of varying sizes and characteristics, including a line of villages along the foothills of the Mendips, the Chew Valley and Cotswolds villages around Bath.
- 1.4 The area has a mix of affluent and deprived areas, with four small areas being in the most deprived 20% nationally according to the 2015 Indices of Deprivation.
- 1.5 As at 31st March 2016 there were 2,053 people in receipt of care and support in B&NES.

Section 2: Background

- 2.1 Safeguarding adults has continued to maintain a high profile during this period locally, regionally and nationally, both in terms of Government initiatives and in the media.
- 2.2 This report covers the first year of implementation of the Care Act 2014, as *No Secrets* was replaced by the duties outlined in the Act and Chapter 14 (Safeguarding) of the *Care and support statutory guidance* (Department of Health, March 2016 revised from 2014 version).
- 2.3 The Act introduced new statutory duties for adult safeguarding. These include duties on the Local Authority (LA) to:
 - make safeguarding enquiries or cause them to be made
 - establish a Safeguarding Adults Board in their area that contains as a minimum representatives from the local authority, Clinical Commissioning Group and the Police.
- 2.4 There are also duties for the Safeguarding Adults Board which include:
 - arranging for Safeguarding Adult Reviews (SARs) to be undertaken
 - the publication of an annual report and strategic plan.

Further details of the Act are included in section 3 of this report.

2.5 Who do the safeguarding duties apply to?

The term vulnerable adult is no longer used in adult safeguarding, instead LA's are asked to apply their duty to make safeguarding enquiries for an adult who:

- has needs for care and support (whether or not the local authority is meeting any of those needs) and;
- is experiencing, or at risk of, abuse or neglect; and
- as a result of those care and support needs is unable to protect themselves from either the risk of, or the experience of abuse or neglect.
 (Care and support statutory guidance 2016, 14.2)

2.6 What is abuse?

In addition to the areas which constitute abuse or neglect which were outlined in *No Secrets* (financial, psychological, sexual, physical, discriminatory, neglect or acts of omission, organisational (formerly institutional)); the Guidance (section 14.6) broadens the areas to include modern slavery, domestic violence and self-neglect. LA's are required to consider these areas under their safeguarding responsibilities; whilst radicalisation is not listed in this section it also constitutes abuse when the person fits the criteria outlined in 2.5 and is at risk of radicalisation and the Guidance reminds us that whilst they include a list of areas the LA must not be limited by these.

2.7 Where does abuse happen?

Abuse can happen anywhere, in someone's own home, in a public place, in a care home, in community care or in a hospital. Abusers or 'perpetrators' are often already known by the adult at risk. The person responsible for abuse can be a paid worker, another service

user, a family member, a friend, a group or a stranger. An organisation can also be responsible.

2.8 What does Safeguarding mean?

Adult safeguarding means protecting an adult's right to live in safety, free from abuse and neglect. It is about people and organisations working together to prevent and stop both the risks and experience of abuse or neglect, while at the same time making sure that the adult's wellbeing is promoted including, where appropriate, having regard to their views, wishes, feelings and beliefs in deciding on any action. This must recognise that adults sometimes have complex interpersonal relationships and may be ambivalent, unclear or unrealistic about their personal circumstances. (Care and support statutory guidance 2016, 14.7)

2.9 Six Key Principles of Adult Safeguarding

The Guidance describes six key principles of safeguarding. These principles are supported by "I" statements that describe how this principle should be experienced by the adult being supported by safeguarding.

Empowerment - People being supported and encouraged to make their own decisions and informed consent.

I am asked what I want as the outcomes from the safeguarding process and these directly inform what happens.

Prevention - It is better to take action before harm occurs.

I receive clear and simple information about what abuse is, how to recognise the signs and what I can do to seek help.

Proportionality - The least intrusive response appropriate to the risk presented.

I am sure that the professionals will work in my interest, as I see them and they will only get involved as much as needed.

Protection - Support and representation for those in greatest need.

I get help and support to report abuse and neglect. I get help so that I am able to take part in the safeguarding process to the extent to which I want.

Partnership - Local solutions through services working with their communities. Communities have a part to play in preventing, detecting and reporting neglect and abuse.

I know that staff treat any personal and sensitive information in confidence, only sharing what is helpful and necessary. I am confident that professionals will work together and with me to get the best result for me.

Accountability - Accountability and transparency in delivering safeguarding.

I understand the role of everyone involved in my life and so do they.

Section 3: Overview of the National and Regional Context and Guidance

3.1 The *Care Act 2014* was implemented from the 1st April 2015 and B&NES have had new arrangements in place since then to ensure compliance. Sections 42 to 47 of the Act are specific to safeguarding adults at risk. However the LSAB is aware that there are other sections throughout the Act that it is required to be mindful of in order to ensure safe services and protection to people with care and support needs. The *Statutory Guidance* is provided to aid LA's and partners to interpret the Act. Section 14 of the Guidance is specific to safeguarding.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/care-act-statutory-guidance/care-and-support-statutory-guidance

In addition to the six key principles outlined in section 2 above the Guidance emphasises the importance of Making Safeguarding Personal (MSP – is referred to throughout this report and has been prioritised by the LSAB). MSP is about understanding and recording the views and wishes of the person and ensuring they are central to the safeguarding response.

The Act and Guidance introduce a change to some of the safeguarding terminology; the most significant ones are as follows:

- Vulnerable adult has changed to adult with care and support needs at risk
- Perpetrator has changed to person alleged to be responsible
- Alert has changed to concern
- Safeguarding investigation has changed to Enquiry
- 3.2 The detail of the specific sections of the Care Act in relation to safeguarding are:

Section 42: Enquiry by Local Authority

This section requires the LA to undertake an Enquiry (or cause an Enquiry to be made) when it has 'reasonable' cause to suspect an adult in 'its' area (regardless of whether or not they are ordinary resident there). The Act states an Enquiry MUST be undertaken if the adult fits the criteria set out in 2.5 above. The LA MUST decide whether an action should be taken *and if so, what and by whom.*

Paragraph 14.5 of the Guidance makes it clear that where someone is 18 or over but is still receiving children's services and a safeguarding concern is raise the concern should be dealt with through adult safeguarding arrangements but where appropriate children's colleagues should be involved.

Paragraph 14.6 sets out that the safeguarding duty applies in all settings with the exception of prisons and approved premises where prison governors and National Offender Management Service (NOMS) have responsibility.

There is significant guidance on carers (paragraphs 14.45 – 14.50) and the way services should respond; describing intentional and unintentional harm or neglect it sets out a new way of working with carers.

Finally the March 2016 Guidance refers to *Allegations against people in positions of trust* (14.120). Whilst all concerns are reported and dealt with in accordance with the Multi-agency Safeguarding Adults Policy and Procedures the Guidance requires the

LSAB to establish and agree a framework and process whereby the LA is made aware of an incident about a person in a position of trust which does not involve 'an adult at risk, but indicate, nevertheless, that a risk may be posed to adults at risk.' This is new and was not included in the previous Guidance; the LSAB is working on developing its own arrangements for this with other LA's.

Section 43: Safeguarding Adults Boards

As noted in 2.3 and 2.4 above the LA must set up a SAB. The main objective for which is to assure itself that local safeguarding arrangements and partners act to help and protect adults in its area and who meet the criteria. (Guidance 2016, 14.133)

The Guidance states that the SAB needs intelligence on safeguarding in all providers of health and social care in its locality (not just those with whom its members commission or contract) (Guidance 2016, 14.134)

The SAB MUST:

- Publish a strategic plan annually and consult Healthwatch (Healthwatch sit on the LSAB)
- Publish an annual report detailing what it has done over the year to achieve the main objective and strategic plan
- Conduct any safeguarding adult reviews in accordance with Section 44 below.

The SAB must also determine its arrangements for peer review and self-audit (the LSAB undertake a self-audit of the work of its partners and routinely monitor the business plan (strategic plan). The LSAB will start a discussion with other SABs regarding the potential for a peer review.

Core members of the SABs are set out and include the LA, local CCG and Chief Officer of the police in the LA area. In paragraph 14.146 it lists other organisations who can be part of the SAB but this is not definitive.

It refers to the partnerships the SAB should create – against whilst not definitive it is advisory as set out in the diagram below from paragraph 14.148 of the Guidance. 14.221 and 14.220 also set out how important it is for Members to understand and have ownership of safeguarding. B&NES LSAB shares is Annual Report and Plan with each of the partnerships outlined below.



Section 44: Safeguarding Adults Reviews

The Guidance sets out the criteria for a SAR to be undertaken and the LSAB have approved a Policy and Procedure in accordance with the Guidance. The Guidance acknowledges that there may be some cases which cross over into the remit of the Local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB) and the Community Safety Partnership (B&NES Responsible Authorities Group (RAG) is the equivalent of this) eg, Serious Case Review involving a child and Domestic Homicide Reviews. The RAG, LSCB and LSAB area requested to work together and dovetail.

Section 45: Supply of Information

This sets out that the LSAB can require an organisation or a person to supply information in relation to a safeguarding Enquiry. The Guidance makes it explicit that records should be high quality and that common agreement relating to confidentiality (consistent with the Caldicott Review (2013) should be sought. The LSAB has a clear Information Sharing protocol in place. This takes account of what actions can be taken where an adult refuses to consent to information being disclosed and advisors practitioners and SABs to consider whether there is an overriding public interest. Where the adult has substantial difficulty and has no appropriate adult to support them an independent advocate must be made available by the LA. The Guidance refers to various levels of training staff require and requires the LSAB to monitor this.

Section 46: Abolition of local authority's power to remove persons in need of care

This section removes the right LA's had previously from the National Assistance Act 1948. The Government (following consultation) believed this power was not required and the Police had sufficient legal powers to intervene.

Section 47: Protecting property of adults being cared for away from home

This requires the LA to take reasonable steps to prevent the loss or damage of the adults property if they are unable to protect it for themselves and if no suitable arrangements have been made to protect it. The LA must have consent from the adult (or if they lack capacity and there is no suitable person to authorise, this the LA must act in the adult's best interest). The LA can recover from the adult expenses that have been incurred. The Social Care Institute for Excellence (SCiE) has been commissioned by the DH to produce a range of supportive documents to support LA's and SABs to implement the Care Act 2014. The link below takes the reader to the Safeguarding adults webpage.

http://www.scie.org.uk/adults/safeguarding/

- 3.3 In addition to the changes brought about by the Care Act 2014 the Serious Crime Act 2015 brought in the new offence of controlling or coercive behaviour and carries a maximum sentence of five years' imprisonment. The Home Office issued guidance on this in December 2015 Controlling or Coercive Behaviour in an Intimate or Family Relationship Statutory Guidance Framework. The guidance states that Controlling or coercive behaviour should be dealt with as part of adult and/or child safeguarding and public protection procedures. (p2)
- 3.4 Following the *Modern Slavery Act (2015)* published in March 2015 which also brought in new powers, Government departments including the Home Office, Department of Health and UK Visas and Immigration have published a number of reports and guidance notes to support the work in relation to this, for example:
 - Guidance on Slavery and Trafficking Prevention Orders and Slavery and Trafficking Risk Orders under Part 2 of the Modern Slavery Act 2015 (Home Office July 2015). This is statutory guidance and sets out how the two new civil orders in the Act STPOs and STROs are implemented and what the police, National Crime Agency and Immigration Officers can do via the court to restrict 'behaviours and activities of a person who poses a risk of committing slavery or trafficking offences' (Home Office website).
 - **Transparency in supply chains: a practical guide** (Home Office October 2015). This is statutory guidance requires certain organisations to produce a statement setting out what they have done to ensure slavery and human trafficking is not happening in their business or supply chains.
 - Identifying and supporting victims of modern slavery: guidance for health staff (DH April 2013, updated November 2015). This guidance sets out what actions healthcare staff need to take if they suspect someone is a victim.
 - Victims of modern slavery: guidance for frontline staff (UK Visas and Immigration, October 2013 updated March 2016) revised guidance document setting out how this service can identify and support victims. This guidance sets out the legal framework for assisting where there are concerns about involvement in modern

slavery.

- 3.5 Following on from the House of Lords publishing its review of the implementation of the Mental Capacity Act (MCA) 2005 and the Law Commission publishing its proposed changes the following documents have been produced in relation to MCA and Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS):
 - Mental capacity Act including the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards an Improvement Tool (LGA, ADASS and DH July 2015). This tool has been published to support LA's and partners to identify and promote good practice and highlight areas for development.
 - Putting the Mental Capacity Act principles at the heart of adult social care commissioning: A guide to compliance (LGA, July 2015). This guide has been developed following the House of Lords scrutiny of the application of the MCA across England in 2014. The tool posts a series of questions which the LA and agencies are asked to reflect on; moreover Commissioners are required to ensure agencies are complaint with.
 - Guidance on deprivation of liberty safeguards (DoLS) as a result of the Supreme Court judgments (DH April 2014 updated December 2015). The guidance goes some way to support LA's to clarify changes brought about by the judgment for example there is a note from the Coroner about the requirement to notify them of the death of an adult who is detained by the state and information of the changes to the Court of Protection. The DH also published its response to the Law Commission's consultation on the MCA and DoLS in December 2015 and we await the Law Commissions final position at the end of 2016.
- 3.6 There have also been a couple of publications in relation to Prevent and radicalisation:
 - **Councils' role in preventing extremism** (LGA December 2015). The document provides a number of examples of how LA's and partner agencies work to reduce the risk from extremism. Safeguarding is mentioned in a number of the examples contained in the booklet.
 - Prevent duty guidance: for England and Wales (Home Office issued March 2015, revised March 2016). The guidance sets out how specified authorities are to comply with the Prevent duty and was issued under Section 29 of the Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015. The Home Office are promoting free e-learning at https://www.elearning.prevent.homeoffice.gov.uk/
- 3.7 Female Genital Mutilation has remained high on the agenda throughout the year and the Home Office produced *Mandatory reporting for female genital mutilation procedural information* (2015) which relate to children but have also revised the *Multi-agency statutory guidance on female genital mutilation* (April 2016) it makes it explicit that FGM is a form of abuse towards women.
- 3.8 The LGA have published two further documents specifically in relation to safeguarding adults:
 - Making Safeguarding Personal 2014/15 evaluation report (LGA November 2015). The report evaluates the outcomes of MSP and identifies what support ins needed to ensure consistency across England and makes a number of

recommendations for the future.

- Note for adult safeguarding boards on the Mental Health Concordat (LGA and ADASS, June 2015). The note was to advise SABs of their responsibilities and included a checklist which SABs can use to assess their progress with the implementation of the Concordat.

Section 4: Governance and Accountability

4.1 B&NES LSAB is a statutory body established under the Care Act 2014. It is independently chaired and consists of senior representatives of all the principal stakeholders working together to safeguard adults with care and support needs across the area. The Terms of Reference are available on the LSAB website and will be reviewed in September 2016:

LSAB TOR 2015

The membership for the LSAB and sub-groups during 2015 - 16 is set out in Appendix 2.

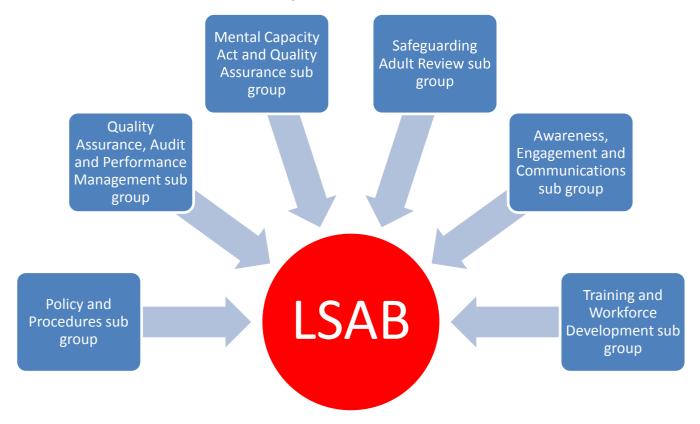
- 4.2 B&NES Council is responsible for establishing the LSAB. The accountability of the LSAB and performance of the Independent Chair is delivered via a two stage process. The Annual Report is considered by a Scrutiny Panel made up of Chief Executives of member agencies and including the lead Local Authority Member for Adult Social Care and Health. This Panel convenes soon after publication of the Annual Report and will present challenges to the Chair regarding the effectiveness of the LSAB. In stage two, B&NES coordinates a 360 degree appraisal of the performance of the Independent Chair. Contributors to this process include all representative members of the LSAB. The appraisal includes a commentary from the Chair of the Scrutiny Panel at Stage 1. The process is completed at a meeting between the Independent Chair and LA Chief Executive at which performance and development goals are set for the following 12 months.
- 4.3 The Board's statutory objectives as set out in the Care Act 2014 are noted in section 2 and 3 above, its operational functions are specified under Schedule 2 of the Care Act 2014; these are included within the Terms of Reference.
- 4.4 The Board is committed to ensuring the following principles are practised:
 - Safeguarding is everybody's business and the Board will work together to prevent and minimise abuse as doing nothing is not an option
 - Everyone has the right to live their life free from violence, fear and abuse
 - All adults have the right to be protected from harm and exploitation
 - All adults have the right to independence that involves a degree of risk

4.5 Functions of the Board

The Board has responsibility for:

- Developing and monitoring the effectiveness and quality of safeguarding practice
 - Involving service users and carers in the development of safeguarding arrangements
- Communicating to all stakeholders that safeguarding is 'everybody's business'

- Providing strategic leadership
- 4.6 The LSAB structure is set out below and the work of the sub-groups is articulated in Section 5 of the report.



- 4.7 The LSAB have not undertaken any SARs during the period; one application was received however it did not meet the criteria for a SAR but was referred to the Responsible Authorities Group (RAG) and a Domestic Homicide Review (DHR) was undertaken. The findings and recommendations from the DHR will be shared with the LSAB.
- 4.8 During the period covered by this report, the LSAB has attempted to recruit Lay Members. Lay Members give a unique, independent and valuable perspective on safeguarding adults with care and support needs. Their work can positively influence the decisions of the Board. So far recruitment efforts have not been successful but the Board is currently seeking to recruit again.
- 4.9 The LSAB budget is monitored throughout the year and presented in the Annual Report in Appendix 3. Discussions will take place in 2016-17 to assess the contributions made by partner agencies both financially and in kind to ensure that the budget as well as participation and engagement are right for the needs of the LSAB. This will be developed into a Memorandum of Understanding for the Board in 2016-17.
- 4.10 In 2015-16, the LSAB has reviewed the Risk Register, identifying risks for the LSAB, and has undertaken work to develop a Board Assurance Framework which will be finalised in 2016-17.

Section 5: LSAB Sub Group Achievements and Priorities

5.1 The LSAB has six sub groups as set out in section 4.6 above. The Terms of Reference for each of the sub-groups is available on the LSAB web page:

http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/services/care-and-support-and-you/safeguarding-and-legal-information

Each sub group reports progress on the Board's Business Plan on a quarterly basis to the LSAB via the Business Plan and contributes to the Sub Group Chairs' quarterly meeting. Each sub group has a duty to challenge practice within the partnership where it identifies issues of concern.

Awareness, Engagement & Communications sub group (AEC)

The Awareness, Engagement and Communications sub group's purpose is:

- To ensure that initiatives commissioned by the Board in relation to service user engagement, involvement and feedback are developed, implemented and evaluated on a regular basis
- To develop and disseminate a range of accessible information in a variety of formats to raise awareness about adult safeguarding, targeting citizens, professionals, service users and carers.
- To develop and oversee engagement, involvement and feedback with/ from carers on behalf of the Board
- To ensure that the LSAB partners and sub groups are aware of the needs to promote awareness and that opportunities are taken to support the prevention of abuse.

Key achievements for 2015-16

- Running a successful awareness campaign involving all key partners of the Board for Stop Adult Abuse Week
- Collating, editing and sending out widely two Local Safeguarding Adults Board newsletters.
- Providing communications materials for partners of the Board, local organisations and people and updating in line with the Care Act.
- Mapping a new LSAB website
- Publishing articles with safeguarding messages in Council Connect which is delivered to every household in B&NES
- Service User engagement has been developed and progressed through Making Safeguarding Personal

Outcomes - What difference have achievements made?

- Stop Adult Abuse week provides consistent safeguarding messaging across the old Avon area
- Newsletters provide staff in B&NES with up to date information on safeguarding and the LSAB
- Communications materials enable organisations to provide service users and carers with information about safeguarding

- Sending communications through media that goes to every house reminds the public that safeguarding is everybody's business
- Making Safeguarding Personal has improved the process of service users and carers safety being at the centre of the safeguarding process

Challenges faced in delivering the agenda

• Two attempts to find a lay member have been unsuccessful despite advertising through the Council website, volunteering websites, local organisations and Health Watch.

Priorities for 2016-17

- Promote engagement with Stop Adult Abuse Week through social media and promoting events and a quiz.
- Create a pack for partners to engage in Stop Adult Abuse Week
- Create #stopadultabuseweek to co-ordinate and increase impact of social media
- Circulate updated leaflets and posters locally.
- Respond to service user feedback to improve the logo
- Launch the new website
- Improve the recruitment pack for a lay member and renew efforts to recruit
- Combine the Safeguarding Children and Safeguarding Adults newsletters

Mental Capacity Act & Quality Assurance sub group (MCA&QA)

The MCA/DoLS Quality & Practice Sub Group is a multi-agency group whose role is to provide assurance to the Safeguarding Board on member agencies' implementation of the Mental Capacity Act.

As part of this work the group has shared best practice and tools that are used to ensure that health and social care provider agencies across B&NES fully apply the Mental Capacity Act 2005 (including the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards).

To monitor and improve DoLS referral rates, and to strive for on-going quality and consistency in the application of the MCA and DoLS within the Bath and North East Somerset locality.

Key achievements for 2015-16

- The MCA Group has continued to ensure that agencies are aware of developments in MCA case law, policy and practice.
- MCA staff training across B&NES has been re-visited and updated.
- Each agency has reconsidered their current methods of communication with the public in terms of ensuring that they know their rights under the MCA as research and the House of Lords MCA report highlighted this as a particular problem.
- The group have received positive feedback from all the agencies involved which have been able to revise their practice, drawing on the experience and tools that other agencies use.

Outcomes - What difference have achievements made?

- Supported multi-agency understanding across B&NES, which has led to a more coordinated response and hence maximised our resources.
- Monitored the use of advocacy services and fed findings back to the Commissioner

Challenges faced in delivering the agenda

- Lack of attendance from some partners has continued to be a cause for concern with the exception of some organisations who routinely attend to support the work programme of the group.
- Risk of losing focus of the wider Mental Capacity Act when there is so much attention on the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (both the scheme and for those in community settings).

Priorities for 2016-17

- To refresh the Group's Terms of Reference.
- To review & refresh the Group's Membership to ensure a wider and more consistent representation.
- Continue to regularly review and update multi-agency policies with regard to MCA.
- Continue to regularly seek assurance from partners on the implementation of MCA and gather findings.
- Request that each represented agency undertake an MCA audit with reference to the recently published ADASS improvement tool (work carried over from 2015).
- To look at monitoring the use of advocates in the safeguarding process.
- Deliver an event to promote and explain safeguarding re: MCA and DoLS.
- Provide progress reports/feedback on delivery of DoLS and community DoLS work (to jointly include health commissioned packages).
- Review the process of how providers notify CQC when they apply for authorisation to deprive someone of their liberty.

Policy and Procedures sub-group

Ensure that multi-agency policy and procedures commissioned by the Board are developed and reviewed on a regular basis.

Ensure that all multi-agency policies and procedures promote confidentiality, dignity and effective access to safeguarding for all communities in B&NES.

Key achievements for 2015-16

- Reviewed, amended and submitted Multi-Agency SA Consent Policy to LSAB
- Reviewed, updated and submitted the Multi-Agency SA Policy to LSAB
- Prepared for submission to LSAB the Multi-Agency Policy and Procedures to Support People who Self-Neglect
- Prepared for submission to LSAB the Protocol for Determining Neglect in the Development of a Pressure Ulcer
- Reviewed, updated and submitted to LSAB the Multi-Agency Protocol for Managing Large Scale Investigations
- Reviewed Mental Capacity Act Policy Statement
- Reviewed and updated Induction Pack for LSAB Page 67

Reviewed and updated Terms of Reference and membership

Outcomes - What difference have achievements made?

- The new Self Neglect and 'Neglect in the development of pressure ulcer' policies will support the focus on prevention of harm
- The review and update of policies against emerging national requirements ensures that the LSAB works to national best practice at all times and is able to have in place the mechanisms and processes that it will use to gain assurance from members that performance is on track

Challenges in Delivering the Agenda

- Capacity of members to complete the work to timescale in addition to the delivery of their own substantive roles
- Ensuring that LSAB policies are disseminated and link to Provider's own policies.

Priorities for 2016-17

- Ensure remainder of policies and procedures are Care Act compliant
- Develop Dispute Resolution and Escalation policies.
- Use the detailed review sheet of all multi-agency policy and procedures and all LSAB and sub group Terms of References to ensure that all are updated in the agreed three yearly cycle unless legislative or practice changes mean this needs to happen sooner
- Consider closing the sub group and setting up short task and finish groups going forward should a new multi- agency policy need to be written.

Quality Assurance, Audit & Performance Management sub-group (QAAPM)

The group is responsible for identifying learning from the experiences of safeguarding adults at risk both locally and nationally and for ensuring that the lessons are used to inform and improve the practice of safeguarding adults.

The group is also responsible for developing robust mechanisms which assure the LSAB that good practice to safeguarding adults is delivered and there is consistency across partner agencies.

Key Achievements 2015-16

- Reviewed and revised the self-assessment tool and proposed a new model which was agreed by the LSAB.
- Produced two 'deep' dive analysis reports one in relation to care homes and safeguarding incidents and the other about other registered services. The information and assurance for the second report was difficult to gather and more work is required.
- Monitored the progress of the recommendations from the LGA Peer Review to ensure they are delivered. The final recommendation regarding being less bound by

the two day threshold decision making is being rolled out with the new Procedures in October 2016.

- Reviewed the learning from other areas SCR reports to inform practice in B&NES.
- Reviewed all repeat referrals and received reports from AWP and Sirona care and health on a 15% case file audit.
- Reviewed the multi-agency audit process with a new model being considered for 2016-17.

Outcomes - What difference have achievements made?

- Provided assurance on the effective arrangements within care homes and commissioning placements in B&NES.
- Ensured compliance with information governance on undertaking multi-agency audits (all partners are aware of their responsibilities).

Challenges faced in delivering the Agenda

- Another challenging year in terms of the limited membership and capacity of the group; however 2016-17 has seen an improved membership.
- Whilst appreciating and wanting to be fully complaint with data protection requirement the ability to undertake effective multi-agency audits has been challenging. Since 2016-17 new arrangements have been put in place which involves a separate sub group made up of the three core agencies (LA, CCG and Police) reporting back to the QAAPM group to enable the delivery of the Business Plan.

Priorities for 2016-17

- Deliver the actions identified in the Business Plan for the group for 2016-17.
- Implement the new Quality Assurance Framework including the development of a multi-agency dashboard.
- Ensure new multi-agency audits are effective.

Safeguarding Adults Review (SAR) Sub Group

The Safeguarding Adults Review Sub Group is a sub group of B&NES Local Safeguarding Adults Board. The Group's main purpose is to enable the LSAB to undertake reviews of cases that require lessons to be learned, including statutory Safeguarding Adults Reviews (SAR's) as detailed in the Care Act 2014. The group also provides a mechanism for the LSAB to deliver reviews of cases that do not meet the threshold for a statutory review but do meet the criteria for a review under the Boards Safeguarding Adults Review Policy. The group was approved in December 2015 by the LSAB and started in early 2016.

Key achievements for 2015-16

- Inaugural meeting held; terms of reference agreed and meeting plans set for 2016/17.
- Identification of key members and overlaps with other case review functions e.g.
 Domestic Homicide Reviews (DHRs) and Drug Related Death Reviews.

Outcomes - What difference have achievements made?

It is too soon to say, but it will provide a robust forum for discussing best practice / lessons learned from SARs as well as providing the local reviewing function for B&NES.

Challenges in delivering the Agenda

- Agency capacity for SARs, possible resource implications for independent chairs etc.
- New area of business, getting messages out there.

Priorities for 2016-17

- To ensure timely and robust consideration of any cases referred as a possible SAR.
- To stay abreast of good practice and lessons learned nationally and lead on the sharing of these lessons in agencies working in B&NES.
- To support the monitoring of the implementation of lessons learned.

Training & Workforce Development Sub Group (TWFD)

To maintain an overview of Safeguarding Adults training and development across B&NES and to ensure that high quality training is promoted across all of the organisations which work with adults at risk.

From April 2016, the group will work in partnership with LSCB colleagues to share training information and to work on developing a joint programme of training.

Key achievements for 2015-16

1. Stakeholder Event

- In November 2015, the group organised a very successful Stakeholder Event entitled Safeguarding and Prevention: The Challenge of Providing Safe Services in Adult Care.
- This event brought together about 80 stakeholders from many different backgrounds and discussions were stimulated by three excellent speakers:
 - Teresa Kippax, National Safeguarding Advisor, CQC: Safeguarding and the Prevention Agenda
 - Helen Wakeling, Deputy Head of Safeguarding Adults, B&NES Council: *Making Safeguarding Personal and the Care Act's Preventative Messages*
 - Helen Harris, Tissue Viability Nurse, Sirona Care and Health: *Tissue Viability:* Good Preventative Practice

In the afternoon, workshops covered a range of topics:

- 1: Suzanne McCutcheon and Kirsty Langford, Trading Standards: *Keeping People Safe from Financial Abuse*
- 2: Melissa Kendall: Quality Assurance and the Care Certificate
- 3: Dennis Little: The Mental Capacity and DoLS: The Challenge for Providers
- 4: Michaela Arrowsmith: More Tissue Issues

The Event concluded with delegates, grouped into 'sector groups', working on putting together initial ideas for an LSAB Prevention Strategy.

The event was very positively received by all delegates.

2. Updated Competency Framework

- The LSAB Competency Framework was updated in the light of changes brought about by the Care Act and this was signed off by the LSAB in September 2015.
- The purpose of the Competency Framework, which is based on a more detailed Bournemouth University framework approved by ADASS, is to provide a set of

standards against which training programmes can be measured - ie a set of minimum standards for the content of courses, based on a series of levels.

3. Self-Assessment Audit

- The Group completed work on designing a third LSAB Self-Assessment Audit, following those circulated in 2013 and 2014. This time, the audit was combined with a Quality audit proposed by the QAAPM Group and was based on an electronic 'Meridian' platform which aims to make analysis of the results a lot easier.
- The Self-Assessment Audit was expected to be circulated in May 2016.

4. Merger with LSCB Workforce Development Sub Group

- A considerable amount of work was done during 2015-16 to pave the way for a merger of the LSAB Learning & Development Sub Group and the LSCB Workforce Development Sub Group, which finally met as a joint group in April 2016 and which will be chaired jointly.
- The purpose of the merger is to share learning and development opportunities which will be of value to staff working in both Adult Services and Children and Families Services and to encourage joint learning at all levels, based on the 'Think Family' principle.

Outcomes – What difference have achievements made?

- The Stakeholder Event provided an opportunity for stakeholders from a wide range of organisations to consider how much more they could do singly and collectively to raise standards of care and prevent abuse and neglect occurring.
- This has also 'kick started' a wider discussion about the 'prevention agenda' which has continued in other forums into 2016-7, and which will lead eventually to the creation of an agreed 'Prevention Strategy'.
- The updated Competency Framework has made our Framework 'Care Act compliant' and clarified what topics should be covered in Safeguarding Adults training at all levels, which should ensure consistency for staff across the area.
- The Self Assessment Audit exercise is due to take place in 2016-17 but the groundwork done during 2015-16 should ensure that this electronic approach is more effective and time-saving, and more easily accessible to a much wider group of services.
- The merger of the LSAB and LSCB sub-groups is aimed at encouraging joint learning at all levels, based on the 'Think Family' principle. The concrete outcomes of this 12month pilot should become clear towards the end of 2016-17.

Challenges faced in delivering the agenda

- The difficulty in securing resources to ensure the provision of multi-agency training (eg Stakeholder Event).
- Variable attendance at meetings (eg lack of representation from key stakeholders).
- Inevitable challenges in ensuring that an agenda which encompasses Adult
 Safeguarding and Children's Safeguarding is equally relevant to all stakeholders.

Priorities for 2016-17

- To undertake a third Organisational Training Audit (May 2016), widening the scope of the audit to all care providers and basing it on an electronic platform in order to analyse the responses more easily.
- To work alongside LSCB colleagues to develop a joint Adult Care / Children and Families workforce development programme.
- To organise and deliver a half-day multi-agency event to launch the new LSAB Self Neglect Policy.
- To organise and deliver a third large-scale Stakeholder Event (if possible, jointly with LSCB).
- To refresh the Group's Terms of Reference in line with national ADASS guidance re the Care Act and in line with LSCB requirements.
- To refresh the Group's membership to ensure a wide and consistent representation.

Making Safeguarding Personal Task and Finish Group

Making Safeguarding Personal developed from a sector led initiative supported by the Local Government Association (LGA) and ADASS. It arose in response to findings from peer challenges, consultation and engagement, which identified the need to develop an outcomes focus to safeguarding work. Making Safeguarding Personal is about engaging with people throughout their safeguarding contact to confirm the outcomes they want to achieve and at the end of the safeguarding episode checking if these outcomes were achieved.

- The approach requires everyone working in safeguarding to focus on the outcomes the
 individual wants to achieve rather than those the professionals believe is appropriate.
 It's about a change of mind-set, a willingness (sometimes) to take greater risks and
 about developing a culture of listening carefully to the service user and letting them,
 where possible, lead the way.
- The Care Act 2014 provides a further commitment to the tenants of Making Safeguarding Personal with the Guidance to the Act repeating the need to "engage the person in a conversation about how best to respond to their safeguarding situation in a way that enhances involvement, choice and control as well as improving quality of life, wellbeing and safety." (Guidance 14.15.)

Key Achievement for 2015-16

- Multi-agency policy revised to provide a focus on the outcomes sought by the individual.
- Draft safeguarding procedure's produced that articulate B&NES commitment to Making Safeguarding Personal.
- LSAB performance indicators revised to reflect expectation that the person's views and wishes are sought before a safeguarding enquiry is undertaken.
- Advanced Training on Making Safeguarding Personal provided to staff in the Council, AWP and Sirona care and health.
- Audit of pilot teams completed and learning implemented across all agencies.
- Practice changed to support individuals and their advocates being involved in strategy meetings, so that their views can influence the enquiry approach taken.
- Case Study Presentation at the start of every Board Meeting to reflect on the way all of the agencies support Making Safeguarding Personal.
- Face to face feedback conversations with service users established as the key aspect
 of the feedback process.
- Development of a positive risk taking tool for use throughout the safeguarding process.

Outcomes – What difference have the achievements made?

- Increased participation of people throughout the safeguarding process.
- View of the individual regarding the outcomes they want to achieve recorded at the start and end of the safeguarding process.
- The voice of the service user captured in the safeguarding notes of meetings.
- Making Safeguarding Personal fully implemented across all agencies supporting individuals through the safeguarding process.
- Recognition of the role of Welfare Lasting Power of Attorney's within the safeguarding process
- Need to engage with the individual recognised in the timescales monitored by the Board.

Challenges faced in delivering the agenda

- Production of the public information leaflets has taken more time than anticipated, due to the changes in the procedures. Publication due in October 16
- Undertaking the number of face to face conversations initially anticipated, due to resource issues
- Balancing community concerns regarding an individual with their right to make decisions which others consider unwise.

Priorities for 2016-17

- Publication of information "leaflets" for individuals
- Publication of information "leaflets" for carers/family members
- Further development of the face to face conversations with individuals regarding their experience of safeguarding.
- Implementation of the revised enquiry reporting requirements which include information on the person's views and wishes
- Developing further training for agencies undertaking the safeguarding co-ordination role, based on the feedback provided in the MSP survey.
- Removing the need for this group to continue as Making Safeguarding Personal becomes the golden thread that runs throughout our safeguarding approach.

Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) Task and Finish Group

This task and finish group was formed in January 2016 as the first joint group working across the LSCB and LSAB. The focus of the group is to raise the issue of FGM across both children's and adults services and the community.

Key Achievements for 2015-16

- Ensuring that all the right organisations are represented from children's and adult services.
- The group has developed a clear action plan.

Outcomes – What difference have the achievements made?

Raised awareness amongst practitioners and agencies.

Challenges faced in delivering the agenda:

None to date the actions identified in the plan are being achieved.

Priorities for 2016-17

- Awareness raising for children, parents and the community.
- Ensure skilled and competent workforce and understand mandatory reporting requirements / pathways.
- Robust needs analysis of local population at risk.
- Developed performance and reporting mechanisms to provide assurance.

Section 6: Other Relevant Work and Achievements

6.1 **Board Development:** the LSAB holds one or two Business Development sessions every year. The purpose of these half–day events is to explore the mechanisms by which the Board undertakes its business and to identify improvements to our effectiveness. In 2015, the Development Day took place in April jointly with the LSCB. The purpose was to have an overview of the roles of the LSCB/LSAB sub groups; identify common areas of work; and to consider and agree a Vision and Values Statement for the LSCB/LSAB. Progress on the areas of joint working is included in Appendix 6.

The second Board Development session took place in March 2016 and focused on agreeing the new safeguarding procedural timescales as part of the revision of the Multi-agency procedures to go live from September 2016; agreeing the safeguarding assurance indicators for 2016-17 for all Board members to report on annually (see Appendix 4); the annual review of the LSAB Risk Register, regarding potential risks to the Board and agreeing a new Board Assurance Framework, to ensure effective working and monitoring of safeguarding in B&NES.

6.2 **Case Studies:** At the start of each Board meeting, a case study is presented on the theme of 'Making Safeguarding Personal' (MSP) to ensure that the LSAB hears the Voice of the Adult with care and support needs and is assured that they are listened to and affect the outcomes of their individual safeguarding



case. During 2015-16, the Board heard cases from Sirona care and health; Avon and Wiltshire Mental Health Partnership (AWP) and the Police on cases involving financial abuse by a family member, neglect leading to a pressure ulcer, complex issues around potential sexual and physical abuse linked to declining health needs and lack of engagement leading to neglect/self neglect, and the extreme threat of physical abuse. In all cases the Board was assured that the use of MSP had had an impact on the management and process of the safeguarding cases and their outcomes.

6.3 **Presentations:** the Board received the following presentations:

Anti-Slavery Partnership [www.aspartnership.org.uk] Nicola Pender attended in June to discuss the work of the local Anti-Slavery Partnership.

• The Modern Slavery Act became law on 26th March 2015.

- Independent Anti-Slavery Commissioner appointed (this is an independent monitoring body of the Home Office). More information can be found at https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/independent-anti-slavery-commissioner
- Another useful website discussed was: www.modernslavery.co.uk
- 'Anti-Slavery Leads' to be set up in the Police, Local Authority and Health. Primarily Police-led but also multi-agency input. Avon & Somerset Police have initially focused their anti-slavery work in Bristol but will extend to Bath next (checking out nailbars, car-washes, brothels).

Trading Standards

Suzanne McCutcheon and Kirsty Langford attended LSAB in September to inform LSAB members of the work Trading Standards do and how this can link in with safeguarding. Trading Standards deal with fraudulent activity, doorstep crime, scams etc.

Doorstep Crime: This has increased over the last two-three years. For example, one individual had their driveway tarmacked by a fictitious company and another had garden landscaping, all costing in the region of £1,000 - £2,000. Both jobs were carried out by 'cowboy' contractors resulting in half-finished, low quality work. Bath & North East Somerset Council has a "Buy with Confidence" scheme/booklet which lists traders who have been approved. These traders are DBS and finance checked. There is also a booklet "Buy with Confidence plus Care" for those residents in B&NES who manage personal budgets (e.g. if they need a walker for their dog). Trading Standards are working closely with adult social care services regarding this.

Approved traders through the Buy with Confidence Scheme are available on: http://www.buywithconfidence.gov.uk/sitepages/bwchome.aspx

"No Cold-Calling Zones": Trading Standards work closely with the Police on this initiative.

Trading Standards is also in partnership with the National Scams Hub.

<u>Telephone Scams:</u> Trading Standards can issue and install "Blocker Units" which filter calls coming through (including international calls) – this system has proved to be very effective.

There is also the Telephone Preference and Mail Preference which can be used to prevent nuisance calls.

IRIS (Identification and Referral to Improve Safety)

Jo Cosgrove and Dr Helen Pauli attended the LSAB in December to share their work with IRIS. The IRIS Team are commissioned by B&NES CCG and the PCC (Police & Crime Commissioner) for Year 1 to offer a free training and advocacy package to all B&NES GP Practices; and then by the CCG for a further two years. The training is for all clinicians working within the practice: doctors, nurses, midwives, pharmacists and the Reception/Administration team as well, equipping the Practice team with the knowledge and skills to identify and respond to patients who are experiencing domestic abuse. Each participating Practice has access to a specialist domestic violence advocate who can offer patients emotional and practical support and provide risk assessments, safeguarding alerts and safety planning. Jo Cosgrove is the local Advocate Educator and is based at Southside, a charity based in Twerton, Bath which has been offering family support and support to victims of domestic abuse since 1997. Jo will be setting up training sessions in the 2016 and would like GP surgeries in the B&NES area to sign up.

IRIS also links with DHI (Developing Health & Independence), another partner charity located in Bath that works closely with people who have drug and alcohol problems, and can either be perpetrators or victims of abuse.

IRIS has received over 30 referrals thus far and out of those 8 were already known to other agencies.

Care Quality Commission (CQC) – The Board was due to receive a presentation in March 2016 from CQC but unfortunately they were unable to attend and this had to be postponed until later in the year.

6.4 **Information received from the LSCB:** As well as the joint working between the Boards as shown in Appendix 6, The Revised Early Help Strategy December 2015 was shared for information.

The Independent Chair has also kept the board abreast of the Government review on LSCBs that is due to report in summer 2016 as this may have implications for future joint working or the organisation of LSABs and Safeguarding Adult Reviews (SAR)

6.5 **Publications:**



Bath & North East Somerset Council. People who need care and support to live independently may be at greater risk of harm or abuse. If you or someone you know is experiencing abuse of any kind, please report your concerns to us. It is important that you know who to speak to; see page xx for contact details.

As well as the articles placed in Council Connect Magazine, the LSAB also placed the advertisement above in 'Smile!' the Friends of RUH Magazine, to raise awareness of safeguarding adults.

- 6.6 **LSAB Stakeholder Day:** This took place in November 2015 and focused on the theme of 'Prevention'. The agenda for the day is described in the Training and Workforce Development section; one of the outcomes of this is for the development of an LSAB 'Prevention Strategy' that is hoped to be approved by the LSAB in December 2016.
- 6.7 **'Stop Adult Abuse week' June 2015:** for the second year the LSAB supported this regional event across the old Avon area. The LSAB organised an event open to all providers on Raising Safeguarding Awareness. The event was well attended and focused on the new legislation following the implementation of the Care Act 2014. The participants took part in discussion and presentations on:
 - New safeguarding Statutory Duties under the Care Act 2014
 - New Multi-Agency Safeguarding Policy
 - · Making Safeguarding Personal and the work we are doing
 - Revised approach to Self-Neglect and new Self-Neglect Protocol.

The LSAB organised an awareness-raising 'stand' in partnership with trading standards that was available to the public in locations such as local shops, supermarkets, libraries and town centres.

The RUH had a stand in the Atrium. Swallows and Sirona Care and Health arranged bespoke training on how to manage personal budgets and avoid financial abuse for service users. Avon and Wiltshire Mental Health Partnership held a tea for service users and carers to raise awareness.

- 6.8 **MAPPA Event:** The LSAB organised a training event on Multi Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAPPA) which was attended by a variety of providers across the area. The event was supported by David Miners, Avon & Somerset MAPPA Coordinator, and achieved the following objectives:
 - To ensure that attendees gain an understanding of categories and levels of MAPPA

- To explain to attendees the current risk management of sexual and violent Offenders
- To explain the responsibilities of "Duty to Cooperate" agencies
- To explain the MAPPA referral process
- 6.9 **Work of the MASH Project Board:** the Project Board has continued to develop the arrangements for implementing a MASH in B&NES. The MASH is expected to go live in September 2016 and covers adults and children safeguarding (domestic abuse will be included in 2017).
- 6.10 **Other Annual Reports:** The LSAB received the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) Annual Report and identified a number of actions and priorities. These are monitored through the following year's report, the LSAB Business Plan and the work of the Mental Capacity and Quality Assurance sub group.
- 6.11 **Responsible Authorities Group:** Activities to maximise joint working continue to be prioritised with community safety partners through the Responsible Authorities Group (RAG) and its sub groups, for example:

Training: IVASP (the sub group working specifically on domestic violence and abuse) is currently working up a training plan for the area and is bringing together all organisations that are delivering training in order to rationalise delivery and to recognise different levels of training need (from general awareness through to specialist knowledge). A training needs questionnaire (based on the NICE training needs template) has been developed and is being used as a basis for the co-ordinated approach. This is also linking with the LSCB and LSAB. This work will provide quality standards to manage all DVA training and continues to build on the findings of MARAC Gap Analysis 2014 commissioned by LSAB, NHS Banes CCG and Avon and Somerset Police Constabulary.

Independent Domestic Violence Advocacy – Royal United Hospital

The IDVA pilot was successful in demonstrating the need through the positive impact on staff confidence in dealing with victims of DVA, also using the skills of the IDVA to engage with victims who might previously have not even been recognised as such. The RUH is now, through the IDVA, fully integrated within the MARAC risk assessment and management process. Agreement has been reached between B&NES Council, CCG, Public Health and Wiltshire Council to fund the RUH IDVA for a further year.

Independent Domestic Violence Advocates - Lighthouse

The IDVA service co-located at the Lighthouse Victim Care (Avon and Somerset Police Constabulary service), ensures that more survivors of abuse get a timely service. It has seen an increase in the number of DVA victims that are assessed as potentially high or medium risk and in need of early support from an IDVA. The RAG prioritised a portion of the PCC community safety funding to extend the IDVA service to make provision for 'low risk' victims. A great deal of time and support has been dedicated to developing the buddy scheme at Southside as a response to the call from victims for more avenues of support but also survivors who want to 'give something back'. The buddies each support the IDVAs in supporting individual victims, including young victims of DVA, where this intervention is appropriate. The buddy scheme has been instrumental in providing a service for victims living in rural areas.

Identification to Referral and Improved Safety Programme (IRIS)

The Identification to Referral and Improved Safety programme (IRIS) is in its second year. IRIS is the GP referral scheme supporting B&NES Council's commitment to extend the IDVA Service to low and medium risk victims and bring primary care into the

pathway of services. The core team to deliver IRIS GP referral scheme have been recruited and trained and work is underway to provide bespoke locally specific and relevant IRIS training for GPs and GP practices. Feedback from GPs is that the training has been very positive and the IRIS project is being expanded to cover all GP practices. Progress in engaging all practices has been slow, we aim to address this during 2016/17.

During 2015/16 the Community Safety Fund provided Somerset and Avon Rape and Sexual Assault Service (SARSAS) core funding in B&NES. The Council has facilitated links with external funders and business support to enable SARSAS to be established on a more sustainable footing. RAG is considering further funding of SARSAS during 2016/17.

Hate Crime

The Stand Against Racism and Inequality Service (SARI) were commissioned to provide a service to enhance the core Avon and Somerset Police and Crime Commissioner funded race hate crime service to include all victims of hate crime. During the year SARI submitted a bid to the Big Lottery to secure funding to maintain the enhanced hate crime service. Bath and North East Somerset Council, together with partners across Avon and Somerset, are currently finalising the service delivery plan.

Prevent

The Prevent Steering Group has continued to meet during the year. B&NES is working closely with South Gloucestershire Council; the two authorities have appointed a joint project officer. A Prevent action plan including a training matrix (addressing the training needs of all Council staff, education establishments, voluntary and other sector partners) has been agreed and Home Office accredited training (workshops to raise awareness of Prevent) is already underway with monthly dates set up.

Domestic Homicide Review

During the year four deaths were referred to B&NES for consideration as a Domestic Homicide Review (DHR). A DHR may be required where the circumstances surrounding the death of an adult are associated with domestic abuse. The aim of the DHR is not to apportion blame but to identify areas where partners need to improve their work to identify where a death could have been predicted or prevented as well as to support victims, family and friends. Two referrals were returned to the Home Office (one not fitting the criteria of a DHR, the other not in our geographical boundary). Although only one death met the formal criteria for a DHR, the RAG was commended by the Home Office for its decision to conduct a 'Root Cause Analysis' (RCA) in respect of one case. As a result of both the DHR and the RCA, partnership action plans have been developed which will be endorsed by the RAG. Progress in delivering these plans will be reported on in 2016/17. It is worth noting that the family in the case of the DHR described a role which met the description of an IDVA; they felt such a role in the hospital would have helped their relative. They were encouraged to hear that the RUH IDVA had been appointed although this was subsequent to the death of their relative.



Section 7: Analysis of Safeguarding Case Activity 2015-16

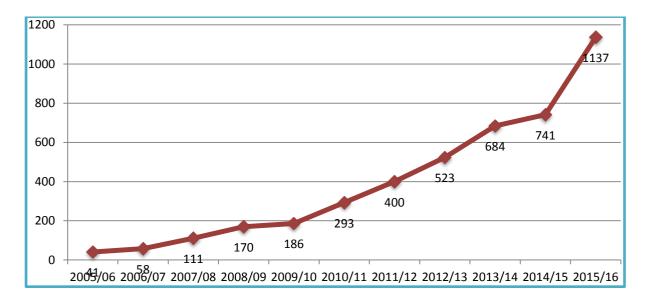
7.1 Benchmarking Data

- 7.1.1 In October 2015 the Health and Social Care Information Centre (HSCIC) published Safeguarding Adults Return Annual Report, England 2014-15 Experimental Statistics (SAR 2015) the report is available to the public as Experimental Statistics, which means the statistics are undergoing evaluation based on returns from all 152 Councils. This is the only benchmarking data available at present to help the LSAB compare its data and activity and is a year old.
- 7.1.2 The analysis undertaken in this section has used the information provided by B&NES for National Reporting for the year 2015/16. The reduction in data items collected for this return provided this year does, however, mean that some of the information required by the LSAB is not reported at a national level, so benchmarking is not always possible. It must also be noted that the national data used throughout this section is a year older than the information provided by B&NES.

7.2 Safeguarding Concerns received during 2015-16

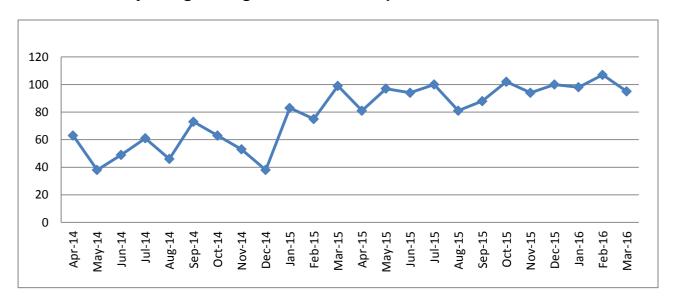
- 7.2.1 During the reporting period 2015-16 B&NES received 1,137 new alerts /referrals (now called concerns). In addition to these there were also 129 service users who had been referred to safeguarding during the previous year, but were still being supported through the safeguarding process at the start of April 2015. At the end of March 2016, 162 cases remained open and 1,104 had been closed. In comparison, in the last annual report it was noted that 707 cases were closed at the end of March 2015. During 2015-16 there has, therefore, been an increase of 56% in the number of cases closed during 2015-16 in comparison with 2014-15.
- 7.2.2 This year there has been the highest ever number of safeguarding concerns received. The 1,137 concerns received were an increase of 53% when compared with 2014-15.

Chart 1: Number of Safeguarding concerns received by year from 2005/6-2015/16



7.2.3 The increase in the volume of concerns can also been seen in the monthly recording shown in the chart below. Between April 2014 and March 2016 the monthly average was 78 concerns with the rise in the average caused by the overall increase in the level of concerns during 2015-16. Looking at 2015-16 in isolation the average number of concerns received was 96 month. The only months were the level of concerns dipped significantly below this average were April and August 2015. The reason for this dip in level of concerns raised is not clear but the April fall may be related to the arrival of the Care Act and a level of initial uncertainty about what issues should be raised as safeguarding.

Chart 2: Monthly Safeguarding Concerns from April 2014 to March 2016



7.2.4 As the HSCIC no longer collect information on the number of concerns which met the safeguarding threshold, it is not possible to compare B&NES performance with other areas. Historically HSCIC have reported that 50% of the concerns reported nationally met the safeguarding threshold and led into the safeguarding process. (HSCIC 2013).

7.3 Repeat Concerns

- 7.3.1 The number of people for whom a safeguarding concern was raised on more than one occasion has also increased in 15/16, along with the numbers of concerns and enquiries. During the year, more than one concern was raised for 183 people. This is in comparison to the previous year when repeat concerns were raised for 53 people.
- 7.3.2 Initially this appears to be a significant increase in repeat situations, however, further examination suggests that much of the increase may be related to people's understanding of the new Care Act threshold for safeguarding. Out of the 182 people for whom more than one concern was raised, 65 people had no further action taken for all of the contacts received. This indicates that a third of these repeat concerns did not require safeguarding support, as they related to: individuals who had no care and support needs; those who could protect themselves or individuals that needed an assessment or review of their social care needs. All the repeat concerns are currently being reviewed by lead professionals in Sirona care and health, AWP and the Council's Safeguarding and Quality Assurance Team. A report on their findings will be presented to the LSAB in December 2016.

7.4 Safeguarding Concerns by Gender and Age

Table 1: Safeguarding concerns by Gender, April 2013 – March 2016

No. of Concerns by Gender					
	13/14	14/15	15/16		
Male	263 (38.4)	258 (34.8%)	420 (36.9%)		
Female	421 (61.5%)	483 (65.1%)	717 (63.1%)		
Total	684	741	1137		

7.4.1 As can be noted from the table above, the age breakdown by gender for 2015-16 is largely similar to previous years. The percentage of females to males has, however, decreased slightly in this year's reporting, but there has been an increase in the number of female referrals in the 18-64 group.

Table 2: Safeguarding concerns by Age, April 2013 – March 2016

	18-64			65+	
13/14	14/15	15/16	13/14	14/15	15/16
126	109	197	137	149	223
(18.4%)	(14.7%)	(17.4%)	(20%)	(20.1%)	(19.6%)
137 (20%)	144 (19.4%)	269 (23.7%)	284 (41.5)	339 (45.7%)	448 (39.4%)
263	253	466	421	488	668
(38.4%)	(34.1%)	(41.1%)	(61.5%)	(65.8%)	(59.0%)
13/14	14/15	15/16	13/14	14/15	15/16

- 7.4.2 The number of adults aged between 18-64 for whom safeguarding concerns have been raised, has increased this year rising from 34.1% of the total numbers of concerns received in 2014-15 to 41.1% in 2015-16. The number of concerns regarding adults 65 + has reduced from 65.8% to 59% of total concerns.
- 7.4.3 The last national report (SAR 2015 p.6) reported concern levels of 64% for adults aged 65+ and 36% for 18-64 year olds which was in line with B&NES figures for last year. It will be interesting to note, when the national data for 2015-16 becomes available, if other authorities have seen a similar change in the number of people under 65 being referred during 2015-16.

7.5 Safeguarding Concerns by Ethnic Breakdown

7.5.1 The ethnic breakdown of service users at point of concern is as follows: 87% were White British; 2% were Asian/Black/African/Caribbean British, 10% declined to provide information on their ethnicity or this information was not known. This compares with

- the local census data which shows the population is 90% White British, 3% Asian/Black/African/Caribbean British and 7% from other ethnic groups.
- 7.5.2 The SAR (2015) national data reports 85% of referrals were accounted for as White; 6% were Asian/Asian British and Black/Caribbean/African/Black British and 7% were recorded as unknown. (p7). These figures are largely consistent with previous reports from HSCIC. The LSAB will need to continue to monitor the data collection to ensure this is recorded correctly.

7.6 Safeguarding Concerns by Service User Group

7.6.1 The table below shows the break down by service user group for 2013 to 2016. As has been seen in previous years the highest number of concerns are received regarding adults with a physical disability. For the second year there has been a higher number of alerts received regarding adults with a mental health issue (19%) that adults with a learning disability (18%). This year there has also been a substantial increase in the number of adults with substance misuse issues reported into safeguarding, increasing from 1% of referrals in 14/15 to 4% in 15/16.

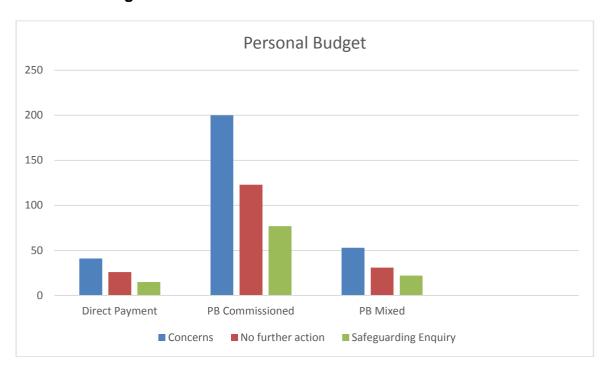
Table 3: Number of Concerns by Service User Group 2013-16

Service User Group	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
Physical Disability	397 (60%)	433 (58%)	629 (55%)
Mental Health	111 (17%)	139 (19%)	215 (19%)
Vulnerable People	22 (3%)	23 (3%)	43(4%)
Learning Disability	124 (19%)	133 (18%)	201 (18%)
Substance Misuse	5 (0.8%)	5 (1%)	42 (4%)
Adult Carer	5 (0.8%)	8 (1%)	7 (0.6 %)
Total	664 ⁱ	741	1137

7.7 Concerns Raised for People funded by the Council

- 7.7.1 The majority of service users who live in the community and receive funding from the Council to access these services do this through a budget process known as a Personal Budget (PB). There are three types of PBs: a PB Direct Payment, where the service user manages their own budget and purchases their own social care to help them remain at home; a PB Commissioned package, where Sirona Care and Health or AWP organise the social care package and purchase this from agencies the Council has a contract with and thirdly a PB 'mixed package', which is a combination of the two above.
- 7.7.2 The chart below sets out how many safeguarding concerns alerts were received during the year and how many of these were not progressed or progressed into a safeguarding enquiry, in relation to the type of community package the service user is in receipt of.

Chart 3: Number of Concerns and numbers of safeguarding enquiries by Type of Personal Budget



7.7.3 The lowest number of concerns raised related to those in receipt of their Personal Budget through a Direct Payment. The LSAB will be considering how information regarding raising safeguarding concerns can be raised with Direct Payment recipients or the people that support them.

7. 8 Moving from Concerns into a Safeguarding Enquiry

- 7.8.1 A total of 422 concerns moved into a Safeguarding Enquiry during 15/16. This is 37% of the concerns raised.
- 7.8.2 As the HSCIC no longer collect information on the number of concerns which met the safeguarding threshold it isn't possible, at present, to compare B&NES performance with other areas. Historically HSCIC have reported that 50% of the concerns reported nationally met the safeguarding threshold and led into the safeguarding process. (HSCIC 2013), and B&NES previous performance was in line with this national finding. It will be interesting to note when the national figures become available to see if all Authorities have seen this decrease in the percentage of situations moving from concerns into enquiry.
- 7.8.3 1,104 cases were closed during 2015-16 this accounts for 87% of the total number of cases that were reported as concerns (1,137 new concerns and 129 open from the previous year). The number of cases that were open on the 31st March 2016 was 162, a 19% increase on last year. This increase can be accounted for by the rise in the level of concerns received and cases progressing into safeguarding that was seen throughout the year.

7.9 Safeguarding Enquiries

7.9.1 In previous reports we have referred to situations that have moved into the safeguarding process as a safeguarding referral. This was in line with the language used in National Reporting, where a referral was defined as being when "a concern is

raised about a risk of abuse and this instigates an investigation under the safeguarding process" (p4 Safeguarding Adults Annual Report, England 2014-15, HSCIC). With the introduction of the Care Act in April 2015 a new term has, however, been introduced - a Section 42 enquiry. This is defined as being "the action taken or instigated by the local authority in response to a concern that abuse or neglect may be taking place". (14.77 Care Act Guidance).

- 7.9.2 B&NES has previously noted that around 50% of concerns raised were progressed into safeguarding. This has changed this year with only 37% (422) of concerns meeting the threshold for a safeguarding enquiry as outlined in the Care Act 2014. The change in the percentage of concerns progressing into procedures could be related to: the threshold changes introduced by the Care Act with a larger number of concerns being raised as people "tested" out what would now be supported through safeguarding; or the stronger consideration of the person's views and wishes at the concern stage, leading to other processes outside of safeguarding being used to support individuals who did not want the safeguarding process to be used for them.
- 7.9.3 In the national reporting for 2014-15 it is stated that 103,900 safeguarding referrals were raised. This is a small reduction (0.14%) on the previous year (13/14). In B&NES, for the same period (2014/15) there were 378 referrals that progressed into the strategy stage of the safeguarding procedures. In 2015-16, 422 concerns resulted in a Section 42 Safeguarding Enquiry and progressed into the strategy stage of the safeguarding process. This was a 12% increase on the previous year.

7.10 Safeguarding Enquiries by Abuse Type

- 7.10.1 The following table sets out the 'primary abuse type'. The introduction of the Care Act has introduced some new categories of abuse type into the national reporting requirements and changed the language used to describe existing types of abuse. Emotional abuse is now described as psychological abuse and institutional abuse as organisational abuse.
- 7.10.2 Domestic Abuse, Sexual Exploitation, Modern Slavery and Self-Neglect have now been included as abuse types reporting. The B&NES reporting for 2015-16 therefore includes these additional types. The national reporting for 15/16 will not be available until the autumn, therefore figures have been taken from the national report for 2014-15 but as this did not include the new types of abuse it is not possible to offer a comparison across the data.

Table 4: Percentage of Referrals by Abuse Types

Abuse Type	HSCIC National	B&NES	B&NES	B&NES
	INational	2013/14	2014/15	15/16
	2014/15			
Physical	27%	30%	32%	21%
Psychological	15%	14%	15%	17%
Financial	17%	19%	15%	16%
Neglect	32%	28%	29%	26%
Sexual	5%	7%	6%	8%
Organisational	3%	1%	3%	2%
Discriminatory	1%	0.5%	0	0.2%
Domestic Abuse				4%
Sexual Exploitation				0.4%
Self-Neglect				4%
Modern Slavery				0

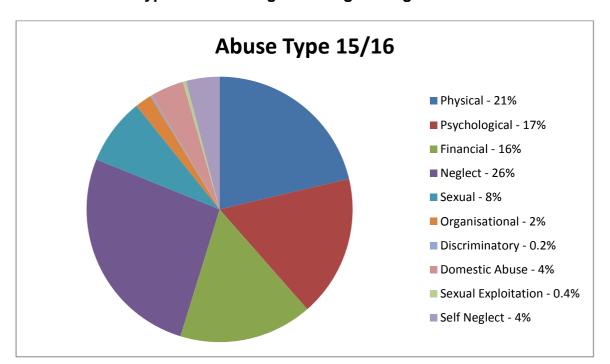


Chart 4: Abuse Type as Percentage of Safeguarding Referrals 2015-16

7.10.3 There were no instances of Modern Slavery reported this year, but the LSAB will continue to monitor the number of concerns and enquiries undertaken.

7.11 Reported setting of alleged abuse

7.11.1 B&NES saw a further decease in the number of safeguarding enquiries where the alleged abuse had taken place in the service user's own home (44% to 39%). The percentages of enquiries regarding alleged abuse in care homes (residential and nursing) was 30% and 9% for enquiries regarding hospital settings in B&NES. There has been an increase this year of the percentage of situations being defined as other (15%). This could relate to abuse that takes place on the street or in public places, including that experienced by people who are street homeless.

7.12 Safeguarding Enquiries for people funded by the Council.

- 7.12.1 In previous years the LSAB has reported on those that were supported through safeguarding and were already known to the Council. As this information is no longer reported nationally, it was felt that information detailing if the person received a funded service may be more informative for the LSAB.
- 7.12.2 40% of the safeguarding enquiries undertaken during the year were for service users with care and support needs funded by the Council. 14% of service users supported through the enquiry process were self-funders, whilst 35% were not in receipt of any care and support services.

Table 5: Number of Referrals by funding for Support Needs

Commissioned / Funded Care and Support by B&NES	Commissioned/Funded Care and Support by Other LA	Self- Funded Service	Health Funded Service	No Service
166	22	60	24	144

7.12.3 An individual who is defined as being "Not in receipt of service", may be receiving support from agencies such as DHI, Housing Organisations and other agencies that provide support and advice. However, in this context, the service provided would not meet the definition of commissioned or funded care and support which is defined as a personal budget or self-funded services such as domiciliary care, residential care and day services.

7.13 Mental Capacity and Safeguarding Enquiries

- 7.13.1 An analysis of the service user's mental capacity was included in this report for the first time last year. The table below sets out the percentage of those that went through the safeguarding process that lacked capacity. It also shows how many of them received support to articulate their views and wishes during the process. In comparison to the SAR 2015 (p30), B&NES reported 27% of service users lacked capacity whereas nationally the figure for 2014-15 was 25%. 60% of individuals supported through safeguarding in B&NES had capacity whereas nationally that figure was 14% lower at 46%. The numbers of "unknown" cases locally are shown as 13% whereas nationally the figure is higher at 16%. It would be expected that this number would continue to fall as steps are taken to consider capacity and involvement both before and during safeguarding procedures.
- 7.13.2 The number of service users who received support when they lacked capacity, in all age ranges, is significantly higher than the national picture where on average 61% of individuals identified as lacking capacity were provided with support where as in B&NES the average was 98%. Support in this context is provided by an advocate, family or friends. (SAR 2015 p31). This increase is in line with the requirements of the Care Act, with its expectation that every Local Authority ensures that advocacy support is identified for anyone considered as having substantial difficulty in being involved in the safeguarding process.

Table 6: Percentage of those at Risk Lacking Capacity and Receiving Support

	Perce	Percentage of Concluded Referrals				
Was the individual lacking capacity	18-64	65-74	75-84	85-94	95+	
Yes	6%	4%	6%	9%	1%	27%
No	30%	7%	9%	12%	2%	60%
Don't know	3%	1%	3%	5%	1%	13%
Of those recorded yes how many were provided with support	91%	100%	100%	100%	100%	

7.14 Source of Risk

7.14.1 The table below sets out a breakdown by percentage of all completed cases by source of risk and abuse type. Other known to the individual includes, for example, other adults in need of care and support; family members and neighbours / friends. The percentage distribution of type of risk by source is outlined in the national SAR 2015 return. Nationally the majority of concerns (49%) are due to the actions of someone known to the, in B&NES this percentage is much higher with 66% of situations being reported as being undertaken by a person known to the individual.

Table 7: Source of Risk 2015-16

	Source of risk				
Type of risk	Social Care Support (paid, contracted or commissioned)	Other - Known to Individual	Other - Unknown to Individual		
Physical	5%	15%	2%		
Sexual	2%	5%	1%		
Psychological and Emotional	4%	13%	1%		
Financial and Material	2%	12%	1%		
Discriminatory	0	0.2%	0		
Organisational abuse	2%	0.3%	0		
Neglect and Acts of Omission	13%	12%	0.4%		
Domestic Abuse	0	4%	0		
Sexual Exploitation	0.2%	0.2%			
Modern Slavery	0	0	0		
Self-Neglect		4%			
Total	28%	66%	6%		

7.15 Outcomes from Safeguarding Enquiries

7.15.1 The following outcomes were recorded for the 37% of concerns that were accepted as safeguarding enquiries. In the table they are shown in comparison with national data for 2014/15 and with local information from previous years.

Table 8: SAR 2014/15 and B&NES Comparator Data on the Outcome of Closed Safeguarding Enquiries

Outcome	SAR data 2014/15	B&NES 2013/14	B&NES 2014/15	B&NES 2015/16
Substantiated	31%	33%	33%	42%
Partly substantiated	10%	17%	9%	9%
Inconclusive	22%	14%	15%	16%
Not substantiated	33%	32%	37%	28%
Investigation ceased at individuals request	7%	4%	5%	4%

7.15.2 The source of risk data shows that the majority of cases which were substantiated were risks presented by someone known to the individual. These figures are broadly similar to the national picture reported in the SAR 20154 return as demonstrated in the table below.

Table 9: Source of Risk and Enquiry Conclusion

	Source of risk				
Conclusion	Social Care Support	Other - Known to Individual	Other - Unknown to Individual		
Fully Substantiated	11%	18%	4%		
Partially Substantiated	4%	4%	1%		
Inconclusive	6%	7%	2%		
Not Substantiated	19%	16%	3%		
Investigation Ceased	1%	4%	0		

- 7.15.3 Staff are asked to compare the risk of harm to the person at the outset of safeguarding procedures and at the point it has been concluded. Although not all cases were rated, the following statistics represent the cases where it has been recorded:
 - 22% of cases action was taken and risk removed (23% national figure)
 - 61% of cases action was taken and risk was reduced (40% national figure)
 - 10% of cases action was taken and risk remains (8% national figure)
 - 7% of cases no action was taken (30% national figure)

7.16 Making Safeguarding Personal

7.16.1 This year, local authorities were asked to report for the first time on Making Safeguarding Personal outcomes. Information was requested on the number of people, who had been through the safeguarding process, who had been asked what outcomes they wanted from the safeguarding process and if at the conclusion these had been achieved. As this is the first year of reporting it is not possible to benchmark our performance in this area, but the table below indicates that where people expressed their outcomes these were achieved in the majority of cases. Further work

is however required on improving performance in recording this information and making sure that the individual or their representative is asked for their outcomes.

Table 10: Desired outcomes requested from the individual or their representative and whether these were achieved

Was the individual asked?			Not
	18-64	65 +	known
Yes and outcomes expressed	28%	45%	0.2%
·	(108)	(174)	(1)
Yes but no outcomes expressed	0.4%	0	0
·	(2)		
No	2%	4.6%	0
	(8)	(14)	
Don't Know	5%	2%	0
	(20)	(8)	
Not recorded	3%	10%	0
	(13)	(41)	
Where outcomes were			
expressed were they			
Fully achieved	26%	44%	0
Partially Achieved	11%	16%	0.3%
Not Achieved	1%	1%	0

7.17 Closure of the Safeguarding Process

7.17.1 The table below describes the stage within the safeguarding procedure at which the case was terminated and the conclusion of the termination/closure

Table 11: Outcome at Procedural Stage by Terminated Cases from Referral 2015/16

Termination Stage	Investigat ion Ceased at Persons Request	Inconclu sive	Not Substan - tiated	Partly Substan -tiated	Substan -tiated	Total of all stages
Strategy	7	20	44	6	36	29% (113)
Assessment	4	5	17	5	9	10% (40)
Planning	2	23	37	12	52	32% (126)
Review	1	16	13	14	65	28% (109)
Total of all outcomes	4% (14)	16% (64)	28% (111)	9% (37)	42% (165)	

7.18 Compliance with Local Safeguarding Procedural Timescales

7.18.1 Compliance with safeguarding procedural timescales continues to be monitored on a monthly basis by the Commissioner. The LSAB, CCG Board and Council Corporate Performance Team receive regular reports as well.

- 7.18.2 In the last year the timescales that are being reported and monitored on have changed, but it has not been possible to adjust the reports accordingly. Therefore for a six month period there have been new timescales in place, but the reporting requirements have not been able to fully record performance against the new LSAB expectations. The LSAB are aware of this issue and it is anticipated that the new reports will be in place from October 2016.
- 7.18.3 The timescale changes were put in place to reflect the need to engage with the individual and discuss the outcomes they would like to receive from the safeguarding process. In particular the timescale for the decision was extended to 4 days and the time for a strategy meeting increased to 10 days to support the individual's involvement in their safeguarding process.

Table 12: Performance in Relation to Multi-Agency Procedural Timescales

Indicator	Target	% Completed 15 – Mar 16	d on time from April
1. % of decisions made in 48	95%	Sirona C&H	87%
working hours from the time of referral		AWP	83%
		Combined	86%
2a. % of strategy	90%	Sirona C&H	74%
meetings/discussions held within 5 working days from date of		AWP	74%
referral		Combined	74%
2b. % of strategy	100%	Sirona C&H	88%
meetings/discussions held with 8 working days from date of		AWP	88%
referral		Combined	88%
3.% of overall activities/ events to	90%	Sirona C&H	81%
timescale		AWP	82%
		Combined	81%

7.18.4 The LSAB Quality and Performance sub group and the Council Commissioners for both Sirona care and health and AWP safeguarding work will continue to monitor future performance closely, ensuring that the LSAB and corporate performance requirements are met alongside the requirement to make the safeguarding process person centred and focused on the individual's outcomes.

Section 8: Priorities for 2016 - 17 and Beyond

8.1 The LSAB is now one year into its three year Business Plan and many actions have been completed or are well underway. The original plan was developed last year and included a set of activity already scheduled for 2016-17. These remain in place, and, during the year, additional actions have been identified as outlined below.

8.2 **Key Priority 1:**

Multi - Agency Responsibility and Accountability

Outcomes

- Core duties in relation to the Care Act 2014 are delivered; quality and outcome of this work is evidenced; service user and carer perspectives influence change in practice; MCA is embedded
- Service users and carers are at the centre Making Safeguarding Personal is embedded in practice
- Service users and carers who are self-neglecting are supported appropriately
- The LSAB understand and are able to effectively respond to domestic abuse, radicalisation, modern slavery, self-neglect, adult sexual exploitation
- Think Family become more effective and efficient (continue to develop collaboration with LSCB to improve practice, share learning and reduced duplication of work)
- Improved understanding of the consequences and impact of adult abuse and neglect on social care and health services caused by the increase in safeguarding cases (links to key priority 3)
- Be forward thinking, predicting and responding to safeguarding issues
- Development mechanisms for getting feedback on the effectiveness of the Board

NEW Review Board performance indicators and procedures regarding the 2 day decision

NEW Initial 6 month report on new process to capture outcomes and service user and carer experiences

NEW Review the number of surveys done by the Board, identify where surveys can be joined and collate a calendar to spread when surveys are sent in order to prevent overloading people with surveys

8.3 **Key Priority 2**

Prevention and Early Intervention

Outcomes

- The LSAB are assured the stakeholders, community and citizens are aware that safeguarding adults is everybody's business
- Prevention and early intervention responses are embedded to reduce and remove the risk and impact of abuse
- Improved information sharing arrangements to reduce and prevent harm

8.4 Key Priority 3

Domain 3: Responding to and learning from abuse and neglect Outcomes

- Service users and carers are at the centre *Making Safeguarding Personal* is embedded in practice
- Service users and carers who are self-neglecting are supported appropriately
- The LSAB understand and are able to effectively respond to domestic abuse, radicalisation, modern slavery, self-neglect, and adult sexual exploitation.
- Ensure learning is effective and embedded from SARs
- Core duties in relation to the Care Act 2014 are delivered; quality and outcome of this work is evidenced; service user and carer perspectives influence change in practice; MCA is embedded – see also actions in Key priority 1

NEW Review the number of concerns raised for BME groups, ensure these are proportionate to the BME population

NEW Review the use of multi-agency safeguarding activity data at the LSAB

Section 9: Essential information

- 9.1 The Annual Report is published by the LSAB and has been contributed to and approved by all partner agencies.
- 9.2 The Report is shared with the Health and Wellbeing Board, LSCB, Responsible Authorities Group (RAG), CCG Board and Council Chief Executive.
- 9.3 The report can be made available in alternative formats as required and by contacting the Communications Coordinator by emailing Melanie_Hodgson@bathnes.gov.uk or ringing 01225 477983



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Appendix 1: LSAB Members and Attendance 2015 - 16

Name	Aganay	Role
	Agency Healthwatch B&NES	Interim General Manager
Alex Francis		Head of Tenancy Solutions
Andrew Snee	Curo	Director of People and Communities
Ashley Ayre	B&NES Council	•
Carolyn Belafonte (until December 2015)	Avon & Somerset Constabulary	Manager Safeguarding Co-ordination Unit
Charlotte Leason	Avon & Somerset Constabulary	Safeguarding Coordination Unit Manager (North)
Dami Howard	B&NES Council	LSCB/LSAB Business Support Manager
Dawn Clarke	Banes NHS CCG	Director of Nursing & Quality
Helen Wakeling	B&NES Council	Safeguarding Lead: Adults & QA
Jane Shayler	B&NES Council	Deputy Director Adult Care, Health, Housing
Janet Rowse	Sirona care and health	Chief Executive
Jenny Theed	Sirona care and health	Director of Operations
John Trevains	NHS England South	Assistant Director of Nursing, Safeguarding
Julie Evans	Curo	Director of Neighbourhoods
Karen Hunt	BUPA	Home Manager
Kevin Day	National Probation Service	Senior Probation Officer
Lisa Ring	National Probation Service	Senior Probation Officer & Team Manager CRC
Liz Richards	AWP (Avon and Wiltshire Mental Health	Managing Director BaNES
မို Lesley Hutchinson	B&NES Council	Head of Safeguarding and Quality Assurance
Dr Louise Leach	Banes NHS CCG	G.P. Safeguarding Lead
Mary Lewis	RUH	Deputy Director Nursing Quality & Patient Safety
Neil Liddington	Avon Fire & Rescue	Area Manager – Risk Reduction
Pam Bourton	Bridgemead Care	Home Manager
Pam Dunn	Care Watch Bath	Operations Director
Phil Rhodes	AWP (Avon and Wiltshire Mental Health	Community Service Manager (B&NES)
Reg Pengelly	Independent Chair	Independent Chair
Richard Kelvey	Avon and Somerset Constabulary	Manage – Prevention & Protect
Roanne Wootten	Julian House	Partnerships Manager
Sarah Jeeves	Banes NHS CCG	Adult Safeguarding & Quality Assurance Nurse
Sarah Shatwell	DHI (Developing Health & Independence)	Director Housing and Communities
Sarah Thompson	SWAST	Safeguarding Manager
Sarah Warne	NHS England South	Safeguarding Lead Nurse
Simon Hester	SWAST	Named Professional for Safeguarding
Sonia Hutchison	B&NES Carers Centre	Chief Executive
(Cllr) Vic Pritchard	Independent	Cabinet Member for Adult Social Care & Health
Dr William Bruce-Jones	AWP (Avon and Wiltshire Mental Health	Clinical Director

LSAB Attendance by Agency				
Name	June 2015	Sept 2015	Dec 2015	March 2016
Avon Fire & Rescue				
Avon and Somerset Constabulary				
Avon and Wiltshire Mental Health Partnership Trust				
Banes NHS CCG				
B&NES Carers Centre				
B&NES Council				
Care Home Rep (From Dec 2015)				
Dom Care Rep (From June 2015)				
Executive Lead Member				
Lay Members (Vacant)				
Healthwatch Rep (from March 2016)				
Housing Rep				
Health & Wellbeing Network Rep (Vacant June-Dec)				
National Probation Service				
NHS England South				
Sirona care and health				
Royal United Hospital				
SWAST				

The above indicates representation only, which is not always from the designated lead from each agency, and not the numbers attending.

Appendix 2: LSAB Sub group members

Awareness, Engagement & Communication sub group		
Member	Agency	
Sonia Hutchison	Bath Carers Centre (Chair)	
Maggie Hall (until July 2015)	Sirona care and health	
Lucy Muchina (from December 2015)	Sirona care and health	
Debra Harrison	RUH	
Jenny Milsom	Curo	
Karyn YeeKing	B&NES Council	
Lee Rawlings	AWP	
Martha Cox	Sirona care and health	
Mel Hodgson	B&NES Council	
Dami Howard (from Sept 15)	B&NES Council	
Bev Craney	SWALLOW	

Policy and Procedures sub group		
Member	Agency	
Dami Howard (until July 2015)	Freeways (Chair)	
Dawn Clarke	BaNES NHS CCG (Chair)	
Alan Mogg	B&NES Council	
Dami Howard (from Sept 15)	B&NES Council	
Dawn Kingman	B&NES Council	
Sue Tabberer	B&NES Council	
Maggie Hall	Sirona care & health	
Rachel Potter	B&NES Council	
Rachel Jones	B&NES Council	
Neil Boyland	RUH	
Amanda Lloyd	Avon and Somerset Constabulary	
Fran McGarrigle	Avon and Wiltshire Mental Health Partnership Trust	

Mental Capacity & Quality Assurance sub group		
Member	Agency	
Lesley Hutchinson (chair until Dec 2015)	B&NES Council (chair)	
Sarah Jeeves (from January 2016)	Banes NHS CCG (chair)	
Debra Harrison	RUH	
Dennis Little	B&NES Council	
Dr Louise Leach	Banes NHS CCG	
Kate Purser (until Dec 2015)	Banes NHS CCG	
Roger Tipping	Rep from Healthwatch	
Kathryn Kambitis	RUH	
Karen John	Four Seasons Healthcare	
Benita Moore	SWAN Advocacy	

Sally Cook	SWAN Advocacy
Pam Dunn	Carewatch Bath
Pete Campbell	CYP - B&NES Council
Philip Rhodes	AWP
Christine Somerset	B&NES Council
Tim Shearn	B&NES Council
Tom Lochhead	B&NES Council
Karen Gilroy	B&NES Council
Karyn Yee-King	B&NES Council

Quality Assurance, Audit & Performance Monitoring sub group		
Member	Agency	
Kate Purser (until December2015)	BaNES NHS CCG chair)	
Lesley Hutchinson (from Feb 2016)	B&NES Council (chair)	
Charlotte Leason	Avon and Somerset Constabulary	
Alan Mogg	B&NES Council	
Geoff Watson	Sirona care and health	
Karen John	Age UK	
Andrew Snee	Curo	
Dami Howard (from Sept 15)	B&NES Council	
Sarah Jeeves (from Jan 2016)	Banes NHS CCG	
Roger Tipping	Rep from Healthwatch	
Rob Elliott	RUH	
Dr Claire Williamson	AWP	
Victoria Parker	Curo	

Training and Workforce Development sub-group		
Member	Agency	
Jenny Theed	Sirona care & health (Chair)	
Belinda Lock	WayAheadCare	
David Trumper	B&NES Carers Centre	
Dawn Kingman	B&NES Council	
Dennis Little	B&NES Council	
Nick Quine	Avon & Somerset Constabulary	
Geoff Watson	Sirona care and health	
Debra Harrison	Royal United Hospital	
Roanne Wootten	Julian House	
Philip Rhodes	Avon and Wiltshire Mental Health Partnership Trust	
Debra Harrison	Royal United Hospital	
Sarah Jeeves	Banes NHS CCG	
Theresa Hallett	Bath College	

Safeguarding Adult Review sub group		
Member	Agency	
Charlotte Leason (from December 2015)	Avon & Somerset Constabulary (Chair)	
Helen Wakeling	B&NES Council	
Lesley Hutchinson	B&NES Council	
Sarah Jeeves (from Jan 2016)	Banes NHS CCG	

Note membership of the Task and Finish Group are not included.



Appendix 3: Budget 2015 - 16

2015-16	
Income	
BaNES NHS CCG	7,000
Avon Fire and Rescue	1,000
Avon and Somerset	
Constabulary	8,000
B&NES Council	38,969
Total	54,969
Expenditure	
Independent Chair	13,338
Business Support Manager	10,802
MASH Programme Board	5,000
Organisation and	
Administration	8,000
Room and Equipment Hire	2,133
Training	15,696
Total	54,969

The income for the LSAB is either an agreed contribution from the partner organisations or identified funds from B&NES Council to support the individual activities. The Council contribution fluctuates with actual spending.

Appendix 4: Safeguarding Assurance Indicators

The following indicators were approved by the Board in March 2016 for the following year. Partner Reports in Appendix 5 report on those indicators that were agreed by the Board in March 2015.

Board Performance Indicators 2016-17

Indicator 1: Procedural Timescales	Target	Frequency of Reporting	Owned By
1.1 Decisions to undertake Section 42 Enquiry in no more than 4 working days from date of referral	95%	Quarterly	Council, Sirona and AWP
1.2 Planning Meetings / Discussion within 10 days	95%	Quarterly	Council, Sirona and AWP
1.3 Section 42 Enquiry Reports within agreed Chairs timeframe	90%	Quarterly	Council, all agencies
1.4 Review meeting held within 5 working days of Enquiry Report being received	85%	Quarterly	Council, all agencies
1.5 Subsequent review meetings held within 3 months	85%	Quarterly	Council, Sirona and AWP
Indicator 2: Training	Target	Frequency of Reporting	Owned By
2.1 Safeguarding awareness included in induction	95%	Annual	All
2.2 Relevant staff to have completed SA level 2 training	90%	Annual	All
2.3 Relevant staff to have completed SA level 3 training	90%	Annual	All
2.4 Relevant staff to have completed MCA / DOLS training	90%	Annual	All
2.5 Relevant staff to have undertaken WRAP training	75%	Annual	All
Indicator 3: Safer Recruitment	Target	Frequency of Reporting	Owned By
3.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS check	100%	Annual	All
3.2 Two written references to be provided before work commences with adults with care and support needs	100%	Annual	All
F	age 99		

Appendix 5: Partner Reports

Agency Name: Avon Fire & Rescue

Brief outline of agency function: Fire and Rescue service responding to emergencies from Fire and entrapments.

Achievements during 2015/16: (bullet points)

- Safe Guarding policy and procedure reviewed and updated.
- Introduction of a training matrix
- Middle Managers level 2 training in safe guarding
- Introduction of a safe guarding team

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- Training of staff
- Articles in service bulletins
- Feedback to fire crews following their raising of issues
- Procedural guidance

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure:

Due to the nature of our agency functions our response are to raise concerns of abuse and/or neglect with local authority teams. Specifically supporting reducing fire risk to individuals, focusing on hording around self-neglect.

Objectives for 2016/17:

- Ensure all staff complete level 1 eLearning of the safe guarding module
- Middle managers completed level 2 training
- Named safe guarding leads completed level 3 training

Performance Indicators for LSAB

Indicator 5: Training	Target%	Outcome%	Comment	
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA level 2 training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is defined by CQC)	90%	80%	Whilst not a commissioned agency we are committed to achieving 90%	
5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of taking up post (relevant staff includes people that directly provide health and social care or are in a position to make decisions about the service users care - training to include DOLS awareness)	80%	N/A	Our core functions are not part of the key functions; however, we are aware and support the 5 key principles of the Mental Capacity Act.	
5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post (the term relevant here includes those staff responsible in law for making a DOLS application - training must be	95%	N/A	Our core functions are not part of the key functions, however, we are aware and support the 5 key principles of the mental capacity act	

comparable to B&NES DOLS training)				
5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding	95%	95%	Safe Guarding level 1	
learning as part of Induction within 3			eLearning is mandatory for	
months of starting employment			all staff.	
Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment				
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS check	100%	100%	All relevant staff are checked. We also have safe recruitment procedures in place.	
Indicator 7: Safe Practice				
7.1 Provide evidence of safeguarding discussions / raising awareness with the agency setting (eg, supervision arrangements to include this)	Sage guarding training and discussions Central safe guarding team who give advice to staff who raise concerns Where concerns are raised we follow up with relevant agencies to discuss any actions taken.			

Agency Name: Avon and Somerset Constabulary

Brief outline of agency function:

Avon and Somerset Constabulary provides professional policing services, working with partner agencies, including services to and for Adults at Risk, in order to keep them safe from harm. This includes working to prevent Adults at Risk from becoming victims of crime, investigating crimes against them, bringing perpetrators to justice and managing offenders.

Achievements during 2015/16: (bullet points)

- refreshed our training for first responders and specialist interviewers around responses to sexual assault - both of these courses relate directly to Adults at Risk themes - and also delivered this to new police recruits and PCSOs, all of whom have safeguarding (for adults and children) woven into their initial training
- secured funding to introduce a two year pilot Control Room Mental Health Triage Scheme.
 Mental Health nurses are based in the Police Control Room in Portishead, enabling the
 Constabulary to meet mental health needs at the first point of contact, ensuring that
 intervention takes place at the earliest possible moment. Access to both Police and Health
 information databases ensures that decisions made from that point onwards are fully
 informed and best placed to manage risk. The mental health professionals can advise
 officers on the appropriate course of action and importantly, provide timely access into
 services for people who need them
- appointed a Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) Development Manager, enabling the Constabulary to work with partners to embed MASH structures and/or processes within each local authority area - enabling us together to provide the best safeguarding response
- broadened the membership and scope of the Avon and Somerset Local Safeguarding Children Board Consortium to become a Safeguarding Consortium, comprised of all the chairs of both children's and adults safeguarding boards, providing a mechanism for improving the efficiency and effectiveness of partnership working to best meet the needs of children and Adults at Risk
- conducted a Crime Data Integrity Audit which highlighted an issue in relation to our recording of some safeguarding crimes - this was purely an administration issue and, once rectified, the numbers of recorded crimes relating to safeguarding will increase
- made effective use of our Continuous Improvement Boards to carry out assurance work in relation to our policing priorities - themes included Domestic Abuse, Mental Health and Adults at Risk
- made effective use of our daily review meetings, which have a strong focus on vulnerability and managing risk - ensuring we direct our resources in the most appropriate way

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- D/Chief Supt Geoff Wessell, Head of Prevention & Protection, chairs the Force Safeguarding Theme Leads Group which coordinates activity across the various safeguarding themes, identifying common issues for consideration by the Force Vulnerability Coordinating Group, which is chaired by the Deputy Chief Constable
- Chief Inspector Kevan Rowlands is the Thematic Lead for Adults at Risk and is responsible for driving improvement in the protection and safeguarding of Adults at Risk, and the improvement of associated investigations, across the whole organisation
- the vulnerability thematic leads are subject matter experts and keep their knowledge up to date, for example through attendance at national conferences. They bring their expertise to bear in a variety of ways, including the commissioning of awareness campaigns and training, advising upon course content and delivering inputs to courses. The leads also participate in regional and/or national networks, both contributing to and learning from best practice
- an induction process is in place within the Force for all staff who have contact with Adults at Risk, and training is provided for all new officers as part of their initial police training, including familiarisation with safeguarding policy and procedures. Training provision regarding the initial response to rape and sexual assault, and the inclusion of a first response element through the Initial Police Learning and Development Programme (IPLDP), means that all new recruits arrive at their first operational posting with an appropriate awareness of safeguarding adults issues in relation to sexual assault
- basic training is covered in College of Policing e-learning modules, including Mental Health, Diversity, Domestic Abuse Awareness, Domestic Violence Protection Order, Stalking and Harassment, Honour Based Violence, Hate Crime, Missing Persons and Modern Slavery
- the Corporate Communications Department maintains and delivers the vulnerability communications strategy, using appropriate opportunities to promote awareness of Adults at Risk issues and the appropriate safeguarding responses
- resources are available through the Safeguarding Adults intranet page, making clear the Force's safeguarding duties, detailing the common types of abuse and neglect, the principles that underpin adult safeguarding, briefing materials and statutory and other guidance
- the Force Individual Performance Review (IDR) process provides a formal supervision mechanism for every employee. This includes objectives setting and recording of evidence and is supported by regular one-to-ones with supervisors and progress checks, providing a mechanism for ensuring that staff are familiar with their responsibilities. The Safeguarding Coordination Unit Managers each have a specific IDR objective relating to the supervision of their staff working in the safeguarding arena. Individual's training and development needs are identified through this process
- the supervision of individual investigations is carried out in line with the Force Management of Investigations Framework. This supervision ensures that staff are able to discuss concerns regarding specific cases and Adults at Risk. The Management of Investigations Framework places a responsibility for reviews and assurance work on every supervisory rank up to Superintendent. A Team Management pack is created each week which shows if reviews have been conducted on every live investigation and this can be refined to individual team and officer level if required. In addition, Sergeants are required to completed monthly workload reports on their teams to provide overarching supervision and management. These are then communicated through the chain of command

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure:

• The Constabulary identified 261 "Safeguarding Adult flagged Crimes" and 188 "Safeguarding Adult flagged Incidents" in Bath and North East Somerset during 2015/16,

- changes of +24% and -7% respectively on the previous 12 months
- Safeguarding concerns are reported to the Safeguarding Coordination Unit (SCU). The Crime & Intelligence Recording and Management System, Niche, provides the means for recording safeguarding concerns and a task sent to the SCU. The Police and Crime Commissioner's and Chief Constable's internal auditors, RSM Tenon, earlier this year audited the Northern and Southern safeguarding units and "...found the Constabulary to have improved its processes around safeguarding... The role of the SCU is now more of coordination unit, taking referrals, undertaking the required research, multi-agency sharing and strategy discussions, and passing cases to the relevant teams in a timely manner, either internally or externally. We found consistent, well recorded notes and evidence of all actions taken"
- Through our Lighthouse Victim and Witness Care Service, the Force provides enhanced support and guidance to our most the vulnerability victims and, on average, deals with some 200 referrals a day. All cases are allocated a Victim and Witness Care Officer (VWCO) and where possible repeat victims are allocated the same officer each time. Background checks are compiled to ensure safeguarding needs are met and to inform the support of the victim and appropriate means of contact. Contact is made with the victim via the phone to complete a needs assessment to establish any vulnerability they may have, and any support networks already in place. With their permission, referrals are coordinated to support services that may be of benefit to these vulnerable victims. Lighthouse acts as a single point of contact for any questions or queries victims may have. Follow up calls are scheduled to ensure support requested is being received. Victims are given the direct number of their allocated VWCO so they contact them directly. If the victim's case proceeds into the court process the VWCO remains with them throughout the Criminal Justice Process
- The Investigations Protect Team manages incidents involving vulnerable victims and/or high-risk offenders, and investigates offences requiring a public protection specialism, such as Adults at Risk. Significantly, the Force prioritises by victim vulnerability and the characteristics of the perpetrator, meaning that crimes involving Adults at Risk are invariably prioritised over those involving less vulnerable victims

Objectives for 2016/17:

In partnership with other agencies, Avon & Somerset Constabulary's objectives for the protection of Adults at Risk are:

- prevent Adults at Risk from becoming victims of abuse and crime
- where Adults at Risk do become victims, ensure they are recognised as such, are
 protected from further harm, and are given the support they need to help them remain safe
 and to deal with the physical, emotional and psychological consequences of the abuse
- bring perpetrators of abuse to justice and prevent them reoffending through robust offender management

Performance Indicators for LSAB

. 0.10111141100 1141041010 101 20712						
Indicator 5: Training	Target%	Outcome%		Con	nment	
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA	level 2 train	ing within	90%		LA and CCG	
6 months of taking up post and/or complete	6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training				commissione	
every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is defined by CQC)					d agencies	
5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken Men	tal Capacity	y Act	80%			
training within 6 months of taking up post (relevant sta	iff includes				
people that directly provide health and soc	people that directly provide health and social care or are in a					
position to make decisions about the service	ce users ca	re -				
training to include DOLS awareness)						
5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOL	S training v	vithin 6	95%			
months of taking up post (the term relevant here includes those						
staff responsible in law for making a DOLS						
must be comparable to B&NES DOLS train	ni p @ae 103					

5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment	95%	100%*	
Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment			
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS check	100 %	100%*	
	, ,		

Indicator 7: Safe Practice

7.2 Provide evidence of safeguarding discussions / raising awareness with the agency setting (eg, supervision arrangements to include this)

All staff are trained in Safeguarding practices and case specific reviews are conducted through the management structure as well as via supervision / one to ones and PDRs. Staff have access to Force policies and protocols to guide them on safeguarding as well as expert advice from Protect trained staff and the Safeguarding and Coordination Units. Teams are given regular training on safeguarding, with good practice examples shared – team meetings also provide an opportunity to review learning.

Lessons from Serious Case Reviews and Investigations are disseminated force wide with action plans to deliver learning being implemented promptly and subject to regular review. The force intranet is embedded in daily work for all staff and officers and key messages / learning / good practice is shared and promoted through this. In addition, we use Aide Memoirs and screensaver prompts to keep safeguarding issues at the fore of staff and officer's minds and practice and conduct regular quality assurance audits to ensure practice is followed and opportunities for learning are identified.

Agency Name: Avon and Wiltshire Mental Health Partnership NHS Trust Brief outline of agency function:

Avon and Wiltshire Mental Health Partnership NHS Trust provides mental health services, including talking therapies, to adults of all ages, as well as B&NES Community Drug and Alcohol Services, in the B&NES area who have mental illness. These include inpatient services, community services, and a range of services working with primary care and acute hospitals to assess and support the care of people with mental health problems there.

Achievements during 2015/16: (bullet points)

2015/2016 has seen a significant amount of activity to improve adult safeguarding practice in the

^{*} an induction process is in place within the Force for all staff who have contact with Adults at Risk, and training is provided for all new officers as part of their initial police training, including familiarisation with safeguarding policy and procedures

^{**} the Force has robust safer recruitment and vetting procedures in place. All new recruits to the Constabulary are vetted to the Constabulary vetting requirements (the Home Office, Ofsted and the Disclosure Barring Service have confirmed that the basic recruitment vetting level is more stringent than those of the DBS Enhanced Disclosure). References are always requested, identity and qualifications are verified, face-to-face interviews are carried out, previous employment history is checked, checks are made to ensure that all documentation is in order and any anomalies or discrepancies are followed up. Personal vetting files are maintained in accordance with the Constabulary's Vetting Management systems and are reviewed for weeding purposes. Vetting has a limited time period set and is revisited at the end of this period or where individuals change posts within their employee life-cycle

Trust. This has included:

- Introducing modular guidance on adult safeguarding, incorporating the impact of the Care Act 2014 and Think Family principles.
- Delivering and recording regular supervision to all staff, including safeguarding supervision
- Developing and extending access to Health Places of Safety
- Deliver of a Trust wide action plan delivering the Lampard Report recommendations
- Improving training rates, and delivering extended safeguarding training on domestic abuse and Prevent to practitioners
- Reviewing the Trust policies to reflect DBS and Care Act 2014 changes in relation to allegations management
- Actively supporting the support development of a MASH in B&NES
- Undertaking a staff survey of adult safeguarding and MCA/DoLS
- Launching of the Trust wide Safeguarding Supervision Tool.

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- Through Governance meetings especially Risk and Safety locality meeting.
- Through regular meetings held between AWP and Banes Council with any recommendations cascaded to teams and practitioners
- Any safeguarding issues or updates are shared with Senior Practitioners, Team Managers, Ward Managers and Service Managers at Team Managers meetings. In addition to these, any urgent information is disseminated via email for Team/Service Managers to discuss within their business meetings.
- Individual supervision
- Safeguarding training of staff is monitored through a rolling IQ quality improvement process which is shared within the organisation.
- Staff can access specialist advice and support from the Trust's Safeguarding team for all areas of safeguarding including MARAC, MAPPA and Prevent

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure:

The work of the BANES Recovery and CITT teams in relation to Making Safeguarding Personal has been embedded across mental health and drug and alcohol services to ensure that service users and carers are actively involved in the Safeguarding Process. Their views, wishes and expected outcomes from the safeguarding process are elicited to ensure that they feel more empowered and in control of the safeguarding experience.

Examples of how this has been achieved have included; has the person that the safeguarding relates to consented to the referral being made and have they said what they wish to happen as a result of the safeguarding process.

If a service user is believed to lack capacity, this is assessed and if they are found to lack capacity, they can be supported by an advocate, family member or friends, depending upon their individual circumstances.

At the end of the safeguarding process they are asked if they feel safer as a result of the safeguarding process and whether the outcomes they specified at the beginning of the safeguarding process have been achieved. Service users are provided with a Feedback Form to ensure that both positive and negative points can be used to improve the safeguarding process.

Objectives for 2016/17:

Performance Indicators for LSAR

- To further amend RiO electronic report to ensure effective safeguarding recording and reporting, and management oversight
- To develop a strategy for personalisation of adult safeguarding
- To develop guidance and support on sexual exploitation and modern day slavery
- To introduce an extended adult safeguarding and MCA service in the Trust, with locally focussed Named Professionals
- Start using Liquid Logic across services to input safeguarding referrals and reviews, as opposed to current manual system.

Performance Indicators for LSAB			
Indicator 1: Compliance with	Target%	Outcome%	Comment
Procedural Timescale			
1. 1 % of decisions made in 2 working	95%	83%	Lower figures due to some
days from the time of referral			breaches and MSP reasons
1.2 % of strategy meetings/discussions	90%	74%	Lower figures due to some
held within 5 working days from date of			breaches and MSP reasons
referral			
1.3 % of strategy meetings/discussions	95%	87%	Lower figures due to some
held with 8 working days from date of			breaches and MSP reasons
referral			
1.4 % of overall activities / events to	90%	82%	Lower figures due to some
timescale			breaches and MSP reasons
In Fraction O. Francisco I. D.	T (0)	0.1	
Indicator 2: Exception and Breach	Target%	Outcome%	Comment
Reports	4000/		This is must ideal at as and a
2.1 Breach report on failure to comply	100%		This is provided at regular
with procedural timescale			intervals throughout the year
			for reviewing and reporting
2.2 Exception reports on repeat referrals	100%		on reasons for any breaches. Council:
2.2 Exception reports on repeat referrals	100 /6		This is provided at regular
			intervals throughout the year
			for reviewing and reporting
			on reasons for any breaches.
2.3 Exception reports on cases which are	100%		Council:
Not Determined and Inconclusive	10070		This is provided at regular
			intervals throughout the year
			for reviewing and reporting
			on reasons for any breaches.
Indicator 3: Quality Audits	•		
3.1 Report on the findings of case file	15%	15%	Case file audits completed
audits	(total)		annually.
Indicator 4: Service users experience			
4.1 Report on the experience and	N/A		This indicator will be
outcome for the service user (to include			introduced within the review
involvement in safeguarding			of RiO structure to record
arrangements)			safeguarding as not captured
			in current configuration

SA level 2 training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is defined by CQC) 5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of taking up post (relevant staff includes people that directly provide health and social care or are in a position to make decisions about the service users care - training to include DOLS awareness) 5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post (relevant staff undertaken beath and social care or are in a position to make decisions about the service users care - training to include DOLS awareness) 5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post (the term relevant here includes those staff tersponsible in law for making a DOLS application - training must be comparable to B&NES DOLS training) 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction programme. 5.5 A lew staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction programme. 5.6 A New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction programme. 5.6 A New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction programme. 5.7 A learning as part of Induction programme. 5.8 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS check DBS					
S.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA level 2 training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is defined by CQC)	Indicator 5: Training	1		1	
Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of taking up post (relevant staff includes people that directly provide health and social care or are in a position to make decisions about the service users care - training to include DOLS advised to complete the elearning as part of their autendance at safeguarding up post (the term relevant here includes those staff responsible in law for making a DOLS application - training must be comparable to B&NES DOLS training) 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of their induction programme. 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction programme. 5.5 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction programme. 5.6 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction programme. 5.7 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction programme. 5.8 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction programme. 5.8 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction programme. 5.9 New do not report specifical on new starters and their attendance at safeguarding training. However, new starters are either booked in for relevant training or advised to complete the elearning as part of Induction programme. 6.1 Relevant training. 6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date long training training. However, new sta	5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA level 2 training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is defined by CQC)			attendance at safeguarding training. However, new starters are either booked in for relevant training or advised to complete the eLearning as part of their induction programme	
DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post (the term relevant here includes those staff responsible in law for making a DOLS application - training must be comparable to B&NES DOLS training) 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment 5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction programme. The starters are either booked in for relevant training or advised to complete the eLearning as part of their induction programme. The safeguarding figures continue to remain high thanks to a lot of work from the locality, in encouraging staff to attend training. Level 1 and 2 is 97% Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment 6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS check There is a continuous DBS checking system in place. We check monthly those roles that need a DBS. DB needs to be renewed every years. Indicator 7: Safe Practice 7.3 Provide evidence of Through Governance meetings especially Risk and Safety	Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of taking up post (relevant staff includes people that directly provide health and social care or are in a position to make decisions about the service users care - training to include DOLS	80%	94%	on new starters and their attendance at safeguarding training. However, new starters are either booked in for relevant training or advised to complete the eLearning as part of their	
learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment on new starters and their attendance at safeguarding training. However, new starters are either booked if for relevant training or advised to complete the eLearning as part of their induction programme. The safeguarding figures continue to remain high thanks to a lot of work from the locality, in encouraging staff to attend training. Level 1 and 2 is 97% Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment 6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS check Indicator 4: Safe Practice Through Governance meetings especially Risk and Safety Risk Risk and Safety Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk Risk	DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post (the term relevant here includes those staff responsible in law for making a DOLS application - training must be	95%	97%	We do not report specifically on new starters and their attendance at safeguarding training. However, new starters are either booked in for relevant training or advised to complete the eLearning as part of their	
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS check DBS	learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment	95%	97%	We do not report specifically on new starters and their attendance at safeguarding training. However, new starters are either booked in for relevant training or advised to complete the eLearning as part of their induction programme. The safeguarding figures continue to remain high thanks to a lot of work from the locality, in encouraging staff to attend training.	
DBS check Checking system in place. We check monthly those roles that need a DBS. DB needs to be renewed every years. Indicator 7: Safe Practice 7.3 Provide evidence of Through Governance meetings especially Risk and Safety		40001	40001	T	
7.3 Provide evidence of • Through Governance meetings especially Risk and Safety	DBS check	100%	100%	checking system in place. We check monthly those roles that need a DBS. DBS needs to be renewed every 3	
This dig. To the same of the s					
safeguarding discussions locality meeting. / raising awareness with Page 107	gs especially Risk and Safety				

the agency setting (e.g., supervision arrangements to include this)

- Through regular meetings held between AWP and Banes Council with any recommendations cascaded to teams and practitioners
- Any safeguarding issues or updates are shared with Senior Practitioners, Team Managers, Ward Managers and Service Managers at Team Managers meetings. In addition to these, any urgent information is disseminated via email for Team/Service Managers to discuss within their business meetings.
- Monthly individual supervision.
- Monthly case load presentation meeting that all staff in recovery attend and is chaired by the team manager along with a senior practitioner and one of the consultant psychiatrists.
- Safeguarding training of staff is monitored through a rolling IQ quality improvement process which is shared within the organisation.
- Staff can access specialist advice and support from the Trust's Safeguarding team for all areas of safeguarding including MARAC, MAPPA and Prevent.
- Staff discuss safeguarding concerns with senior practitioners and team managers.

Agency Name: Bath and North East Somerset Carers' Centre

Brief outline of agency function: Bath and North East Somerset Carers' Centre provides preventative services to 4,000 carers and their families under the Care Act. Services include support planning, connecting to carers to community assets, providing information and advice to carers in local community settings, providing a wellbeing services including breaks from caring, befriending and counselling.

Achievements during 2015/16: (bullet points)

- Sending out safeguarding information in the welcome pack to the 737 new carers referred to the carers in the year
- Sending out information on safeguarding in our newsletter with a distribution of 7000 and on our e:bulletin with a distribution of 2000.
- Supporting Stop Adult Abuse Week by taking the stand out into the community
- Leaflets and posters displayed in the Bath and Radstock Carers' Centres
- CEO chairing the Awareness, Engagement and Communications Sub-Group
- CEO being chosen as the Vice Chair of the Safeguarding Adults Board

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- Staff must all receive adult safeguarding training regularly
- Safeguarding is a standing agenda item at supervision
- Monthly Clinical Supervision allows staff to discuss safeguarding and prevention to support carers and their families. Staff are able to develop their learning about how to identify and prevent abuse.
- Policies and procedures are kept in line with the Local Safeguarding Adults Board's

- policies procedures and are made centrally available to staff. Changes to policies and procedures are emailed to all staff.
- Marketing materials are used such as leaflets, posters, articles in newsletters and e:bulletins

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure:

We provide informal advocacy and support if we are requested to do so by the carer. If we refer a carer to safeguarding we ensure we explain the process carefully and gain their permission where possible before making the safeguarding referral.

Objectives for 2016/17:

- Support Stop Adult Abuse Week through social media and promoting events and a quiz.
- Continue to send safeguarding information to carers and to have safeguarding messages in out literature.
- Continue to ensure staff learning around safeguarding develops.

Performance Indicators f	or	LSAB
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Indicator 5: Training	Target%	Outcome%	Comment
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA	90%	100%	
level 2 training within 6 months of taking			
up post and/or completed refresher			
training every 3 years thereafter (the term			
'relevant' is defined by CQC)			
5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken	80%	100%	
Mental Capacity Act training within 6			
months of taking up post (relevant staff			
includes people that directly provide			
health and social care or are in a position			
to make decisions about the service users			
care - training to include DOLS			
awareness) 5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS	95%	100%	
training within 6 months of taking up post (the	95%	100%	
term relevant here includes those staff			
responsible in law for making a DOLS			
application - training must be comparable to			
B&NES DOLS training)			
5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding	95%	100%	LSAB agencies; LA and CCG
learning as part of Induction within 3 months			commissioned agencies
of starting employment Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment			
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS	100%	100%	LSAB agencies; LA and CCG
check	10076	100 /6	commissioned agencies
GHOGK			deministrated agencies
Indicator 7: Safe Practice			
7.4 Provide evidence of safeguarding			la item at supervisions where
discussions / raising awareness with the			corded – this is useful for
agency setting (eg, supervision			upervision provides additional
arrangements to include this)			es shared learning and re brought to the CEO for
	•		ed on our case management
	system.	2.12 0.0 100010	as an ear eace management

Agency Name: BaNES NHS CCG

Brief outline of agency function:

- The CCG works to the requirements of NHS England 'Safeguarding Vulnerable People in the NHS – Accountability and Assurance Framework' 2015. The document sets out clearly the safeguarding roles, duties and responsibilities of all organisations commissioning NHS Healthcare
- The CCG Director of Nursing and Quality is executive lead for Safeguarding, reporting to the CCG Chief Officer and CCG Board and attends the Local Safeguarding Adults Board (LSAB) meetings.
- The Adult Safeguarding & Quality Assurance Nurse for Funded Health Care is also CCG lead for Prevent and chairs the MCA & DOLS sub-group and contributes to the Audit / Performance Management and Training sub groups and attends the LSAB.
- The Adult Safeguarding & Quality Assurance Nurse for Funded Health Care also seeks to improve communication and joint working with the Local Authority Safeguarding Team, Avon & Somerset Constabulary & the Care Quality Commission to share intelligence and concerns.
- The Adult Safeguarding & Quality Assurance Nurse for Funded Health Care works to ensure that Adult Safeguarding is being effectively delivered in all commissioned services.
- NHS BaNES CCG commissions and performance manages all NHS funded care in Bath and North East Somerset.
- In 2015-2016 the CCG Adult Safeguarding team remained unchanged with the following:

 Executive Lead: Dawn Clarke, Director of Nursing and Quality; 1.0 WTE
 Named Nurse: Kate Purser, Lead for Quality & Adult Safeguarding; 0.8 -WTE (left February 2016. Sarah Jeeves- Adult Safeguarding & Quality Assurance Nurse for Funded Health Care took up post in February 2016
 - Named GP: Dr Louise Leach; 0.1 WTE (1 session a week)
 - Safeguarding Administrator: Anne Hodgkins

Achievements during 2015 – 2016:

Care Act 2014:

The CCG has worked with the LA to meet its responsibility to ensure enquiries (investigations) are made into cases of abuse and neglect. In practice, local authorities may now delegate actual investigations to other agencies, including the CCG.

Collaboration with the Local Authority (LA): This work included:

- Supporting significant health-related adult safeguarding investigations.
- Supporting the Council with large scale investigations.
- A small group of CCG staff support the council with their contract reviews of care homes which also looks at SA processes'. This helps support and demonstrate how adult safeguarding is embedded in provider services.
- Nursing Homes forum: This group was developed by the CCG in order to support care homes to deliver clinically effective, safe and evidence based care. Care homes managers are encouraged to contribute to the agenda which are broad and topical with presentations given by specialists in their fields and this has included safeguarding.
- Alignment of Safeguarding and Serious Incident investigations: these two clearly defined procedural investigations are difficult run alongside one another due to the timescales and objectives associated with each process. The Adult Safeguarding Lead developed a tool to align the two processes. This tool has helped avoid duplication of

- effort, will enable timescales to be met and learning to be recorded and shared. The tool is currently being reviewed in line with the Care Act and following this will be shared with the Local Authority and providers
- A pressure ulcer matrix has been developed jointly with the local authority and was used to help identify themes and patterns from all pressure ulcers that lead to a safeguarding investigation. This matrix was used during a six month trial from April September 2014. The CCG is supporting the Council safeguarding team analyse the finding from the project which will be shared with providers at a future pressure ulcer workshop.

Prevention

Prevention is essential to minimise the risk of harm resulting in safeguarding referrals. In 2015-2016 as a result of a successful bid for Quality Premium monies, the CCG team received funding to further develop the Care Home quality improvement programme. These projects include:

- Quality Assurance Care Home Nurse. This (fixed term) role introduced a patient survey and the NHS Safety Thermometer. The Safety Thermometer is a patient safety tool that promotes the reporting and recording of avoidable harm events i.e. pressure ulcer and Urinary Tract Infections (UTI's).
- The prevention and management of UTI's has been supported by an antibiotic prescribing project being led by the Medicines Management team.
- Pressure ulcers: work has been undertaken during the reporting period to help support providers to reduce new pressure ulcers. The CCG supported the funding of a 'Rapid Spread' pressure ulcer improvement programme in the RUH. Following the introduction of the programme, there was a significant reduction in the most serious 'Category 4' ulcers, and 'Category 3' ulcers. Funding was also given to Sirona to support a rapid spread programme in their residential care homes

Domestic Violence: Identification and Referral to Improve Safety (IRIS) was commissioned by the CCG and Avon Police to deliver Domestic Abuse training and support Primary Care (3-year contract). IRIS is a collaboration between primary care and third sector organisations specialising in DVA. An advocate educator is linked to general practices and based in a local specialist DVA service. The advocate educator works in partnership with a local clinical lead to co-deliver the training to practices.

A successful bid for CCG quality premium money secured funding to support the Interpersonal Violence and Abuse Strategic Partnership (IVASP) to prioritise its ambition to develop and roll-out a sustainable DVA partnership training plan. It is anticipated that this work will support, amongst other objectives:

- Develop and publish a set of minimum standards that will support best practice in all DVA training provided by agencies in B&NES and work to get them adopted as the 'Standard' in B&NES.
- CCG Funding was also secured to support the one year pilot (which has since been extended) 'Locating an Independent Domestic Violence Advisor (IDVA) in the Royal United Hospital Accident & Emergency Unit and Maternity Unit (& provide support/advice to the Hospital)'

Collaboration and Contract Management

- The CCG now attends and inputs into the MARAC steering Group.
- Adult Safeguarding is a regular agenda item on all provider contract Review Meetings which are always attended by one of the CCG Nursing & Quality Team. To support this, the Adult Safeguarding Schedule forms part of the provider contracts which was reviewed in 201

2015/2016.

- Provider action plans are reviewed to ensure they incorporate learning from the safeguarding investigation. This work will continue to be developed during 2016-2017.
- CCG Serious Incident, Complaints and Safeguarding committee: Monthly reports are completed to demonstrate current activity. Further reports as required are presented to the Quality Committee and have included during this reporting period, reports on Pressure

ulcers, Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) and the Care Home review programme **Primary Care:**

- The CCG website for primary care was developed to provide information and to obtain comments/feedback from the local community (both public and professional). The Adult Safeguarding page on this website was reviewed and updated and now contains a comprehensive range of relevant and up to date resources
- The named GP has:
 - Held discussions with GP colleagues to clarify training requirements and also around individual safeguarding concerns.
 - Liaised with the Coroner's Office and the LMC regarding death certificates where the patient is subject to a Deprivation of Liberty (DoLS) authorisation.
 - Established an adult safeguarding support meeting for the safeguarding lead GPs
 - Reviewed a Serious Case review from a primary care perspective and identifying learning points.
 - Reviewed information about a local care home and comparing with the SCR above.
 - Held informal lunchtime GP support sessions.
 - The Lead for Quality & Adult Safeguarding and the Named GP have reviewed the training strategy for primary care and this is now being delivered as per the planned programme. Incorporated into this training is the PREVENT agenda.
- **CCG induction training**: an Adult Safeguarding leaflet has been added to CCG induction pack and a regular face to face induction session is in place for all new CCG staff.

Performance to LSAB indicators 2015 – 2016:						
Indicator	Target	Outturn	Comment			
New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment (AII)	95%	83.3 %	2013/14 – 0% 2014/15 – 68% 2015/16 – 83.3% Induction plan for 2016/2017 has been reviewed.			
Relevant staff to have completed Safeguarding Adults 2a training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 2 years thereafter (LA and CCG Commissioned members only)	90%	90 %	2013/14 – 54% 2014/15 – 73% 2015/16 – 90% Level 2/3 Training dates for 2016/17 now in place.			
Relevant staff to have completed Safeguarding Adults 2a training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 2 years thereafter (Non - LA and CCG Commissioned members only)	80%	n/a	-			
Relevant staff to have undertaken Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of taking up post (LA and CCG Commissioned members only)	95%	n/a ge 112	-			

Relevant staff to have undertaken DoLS training within 6 months of taking up post (LSAB Members that manage Care Homes and Hospitals, Sirona and AWP only)	95%	n/a	CCG Adult Safeguarding Lead to attend DoLS training in June 2016
Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS checks (AII)	100%	100%	Process has been reviewed.

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

As a medium size CCG, the Adult Safeguarding & Quality Assurance Nurse for Funded Health Care is able to work closely with all CCG teams to raise awareness of Adult Safeguarding.

- Significant safeguarding concerns are taken to the CCG Confidential Board.
- The CCG Annual Adult Safeguarding Report is taken to the Public CCG Board
- Quarterly reporting to the CCG Quality Committee.
- When necessary, Adult Safeguarding matters are communicated via the CCG Communications team, the staff noticeboard and staff briefings.
- Regular supervision of staff within the CCG combined with monitoring of services with Staff, Managers and Training sessions.

Describe how the CCG supports the safeguarding adult's procedure:

BaNES Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) has been strengthening its commissioning arrangements for adult safeguarding during 2015/16. The CCG is in the best position to ensure that NHS providers meet their responsibilities through its commissioning arrangements. BaNES CCG have a responsibility to ensure that service specifications, invitations to tender, service contracts and service level agreements promote dignity in care and adhere to local multi-agency safeguarding policies and procedures.

Objectives for 2016-2017:

- 1. Continue to develop/refine processes for monitoring safeguarding actions when these relate to health commissioned services.
- 2. Continue to deliver the Prevent agenda locally. The CCG regularly links with regional & local representatives to continue to take this forward.
- 3. Support clinical teams to improve practice: The LA & the CCG will develop a matrix to map out safeguarding referrals in order to allow identification of teams/areas with high numbers of safeguarding concerns. These teams will then be supported to improve the quality of their practice.
- 4. Continue to deliver the programme of supervisory visits for adult provider safeguarding leads.
- 5. Clinical Supervision policy: This will be developed in collaboration with the Designated Nurse for Children, alongside a programme of supervisory visits for provider safeguarding leads.
- 6. Review the NDTI Mental Capacity Act (MCA) report and continue work to support the recommendations of the review where relevant to BaNES CCG. This report will be raised & discussed within the remit of the LSAB MCA sub group.
- 7. NHS BaNES CCG is committed to monitor safeguarding training, development of our own staff and to ensuring that training is embedded in the commissioned services in Bath and North East Somerset.
- 8. Ensure all people in receipt of Continuing Health Care are considered against DoLS criteria as part of the annual review process regardless of care setting.
- 9. Develop mechanisms for feedback from people who use NHS Services who have been through a safeguarding process, as well as the ongoing feedback about satisfaction with services.

Agency Name: B&NES Council

Brief outline of agency function:

Responsible for ensuring the statutory responsibilities for safeguarding adults with care and support needs are met. This is achieved by authorising actions relating to all safeguarding concerns raised; by quality assuring service delivery of external providers; by triangulating information with other agencies to ensure the early identification of risk.

The Council is also responsible for ensuring all DoLS applications are processed for service users who lack capacity and for presenting cases to the Court of Protection.

The Council administers and facilitates the work of the LSAB including development sessions and launch events of all types. It also provides a significant amount of Officer support to each of the sub groups.

Achievements during 2015/16:

2015-16 has seen been very busy not least implementing the new arrangements to enable to Council to consider all recommendations from Sirona care and health and AWP as to whether a case reaches the new threshold for a safeguarding Enquiry. To that end the Council have made the decisions on the 1137 concerns raised.

In addition the Council team has:

- Continued to ensure Making Safeguarding Personal is at the centre of its work
- Proposed the new Multi-agency procedure for the LSAB (this has been approved)
- Led the recruitment of a joint LSCB / LSAB Business Support Manager
- Monitored the impact of the new safeguarding statutory duties on the Council and other agencies
- Continued to review contract monitoring arrangements for all commissioned services
- Worked closely with the Council Contract and Commissioning team, the Complaints team, Banes NHS CCG and the CQC to ensure safeguarding risks with registered providers are identified at an early stage
- Co-chaired with colleagues in Children Services the MASH Board and ensured on going project support funding was available for this
- Worked closely with the RAG on ensuring prevent training is rolled out
- Strengthened both the Safeguarding Adults and Quality Assurance team and the MCA and Quality Assurance team to ensure statutory duties are delivered.
- Ensured safeguarding sits within the prime provider specification for Your Care Your Way
- Developed a toolkit for commissioners on minimum standards for safeguarding arrangements

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- Through regular updates at team meetings and staff briefings
- Articles in Council Connect
- Through annual updates to commissioning leads across People and Communities to ensure they know what is required from commissioned services
- Through staff supervision, PDRs and training
- Through lunch and learn sessions
- Through the sharing and dissemination of the LSAB newsletter and key messages
- Through monthly performance reports to the CCG Board and quarterly updates to the Council Chief Executive
- Through working closely with Children's colleagues to look at areas of overlap for shared training and collaboration

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure:

MSP is being led by the Council and is firmly embedded in safeguarding practice. If a service user is believed to lack capacity, this is assessed, if this is found to be the case, the team ensure they are either supported by an advocate, family member or friends, depending upon their individual circumstances. Service users and carers are asked to feedback on their experience.

The Council has received a small number of complaints about the safeguarding procedures and has amended the procedures as required to take account of these.

Objectives for 2016-17:

- To ensure the LSAB Business/Strategic Plan is delivered
- To continue to assure the LSAB that the Care Act 2014 in relation to safeguarding is implemented effectively
- To continue to focus on MSP and service user and carer involvement is safeguarding
- Implement the co-located MASH
- Continue to raise awareness of FGM
- Start using Liquid Logic across services to input safeguarding referrals and reviews, as opposed to current manual system
- Continue to monitor DoLS and community DoLS applications

Performance Indicators for LSAB				
Indicator 1: Compliance with	Target%	Outcome%	Comment	
Procedural Timescale				
1. 1 % of decisions made in 2 working days from the time of referral	95%	84%	Lower figures due to MSP	
1.2 % of strategy meetings/discussions held within 5 working days from date of referral	90%	74%	Lower figures due to MSP	
1.3 % of strategy meetings/discussions held with 8 working days from date of referral	95%	88%	Lower figures due to MSP	
1.4 % of overall activities / events to timescale	90%	81%	Lower figures due to MSP	
Indicator 2: Exception and Breach Reports	Target%	Outcome%	Comment	
2.1 Breach report on failure to comply with procedural timescale	100%	100%	This is reported through Care First and is largely related to MSP.	
2.2 Exception reports on repeat referrals	100%	100%	In progress and on schedule for presentation at the QAAPM sub group in Nov 2016	
2.3 Exception reports on cases which are Not Determined and Inconclusive	100%	100%	This is provided at regular intervals throughout the year for reviewing and reporting on reasons for any breaches.	
Indicator 3: Quality Audits				
3.1 Report on the findings of case file audits	15% (total)	15%	In progress and on schedule for presentation at the QAAPM sub group in Nov 2016	

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Indicator 4: Service users exp	perience			
4.1 Report on the experience a outcome for the service user (to involvement in safeguarding arrangements) Indicator 5: Training	nd	N/A		Safeguarding and Quality Assurance team manager presenting a report to the LSAB in September 2016
5.1 Relevant staff will have com SA level 2 training within 6 mon taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is by CQC)	ths of	90%	90%	
5.2 Relevant staff to have under Mental Capacity Act training with months of taking up post (relevating includes people that directly proposed health and social care or are in to make decisions about the set users care - training to include awareness)	thin 6 ant staff ovide a position rvice	80%	90%	
5.3 Relevant staff to have under DOLS training within 6 months up post (the term relevant here those staff responsible in law for a DOLS application - training macomparable to B&NES DOLS to	of taking includes or making ust be	95%	100%	
5.4 New staff to undertake safe learning as part of Induction wit months of starting employment	hin 3	95%	100%	Safeguarding policy and procedure included in induction programme and all new staff meet the safeguarding team
Indicator 6: Safer Recruitmen		1000	1000	Tau
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up	to date	100%	100%	All posts which require a DBS have one in place before the employee commences work with adults with care and support needs
Indicator 7: Safe Practice				
7.5 Provide evidence of safeguarding discussions / raising awareness with the agency setting (e.g., supervision arrangements to include this)	 Monthly supervision Share performance data on safeguarding with other commissioners Write performance reports monthly Articles in newsletters and Council Connect 			

Agency Name: Bridgemead

Brief outline of agency function:

Care home with nursing

Achievements during 2015/16: (bullet points)

More awareness of safeguarding, MCA and Dols

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- Training by outside trainer
- Workshops in house and discussions

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure:

All staff to have a full understanding, being open and honest therefore All staff are able to respond and support residents and family.

Objectives for 2016/17:

To continue to have updates and discussions for all grades of staff.

Performance Indicators for LSAB

Indicator 5: Training	Target%	Outcome%	Comment
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA level 2 training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is defined by CQC)	90%	98%	
5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of taking up post (relevant staff includes people that directly provide health and social care or are in a position to make decisions about the service users care - training to include DOLS awareness)	80%	98%	
5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post (the term relevant here includes those staff responsible in law for making a DOLS application - training must be comparable to B&NES DOLS training)	95%	98%	
5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment	95%	100%	
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS check	100%	100%	
Indicator 7: Safe Practice	•		
7.6 Provide evidence of safeguarding discussions / raising awareness with the agency setting (eg, supervision arrangements to include this)			and records kept of all training. ervisions include safeguarding.

Agency Name: Bupa, Shockerwick House

Brief outline of agency function:

Nursing Home registered 35 beds.

Achievements during 2015/16: (bullet points)

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- All staff before they are able to work in the home whatever their position have an induction period in the classroom of 4-5 days. Included in that induction is Safeguarding and MCA.
- All staff are given small safeguarding pocket cards.
- We have a safeguarding champion to mentor staff.
- We have a large Notice Board dedicated to Safeguarding.

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure:

Objectives for 2016/17:

Performance Indicators for LSAB

Indicator 5: Training	Target0/	Outcome%	6 Comment
Indicator 5: Training	Target%		Comment
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA	100%	100%	
level 2 training within 6 months of taking up			
post and/or completed refresher training			
every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is			
defined by CQC) 5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken Mental	100%	4000/	
	100%	100%	
Capacity Act training within 6 months of			
taking up post (relevant staff includes people			
that directly provide health and social care or			
are in a position to make decisions about the			
service users care - training to include DOLS			
awareness)	050/	1000/	
5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS	95%	100%	
training within 6 months of taking up post (the term relevant here includes those staff			
responsible in law for making a DOLS application - training must be comparable to			
B&NES DOLS training)			
5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding	100%	100%	
learning as part of Induction within 3 months	100 /6	100 /6	
of starting employment			
Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment			
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS	100%	100%	
check	100 /6	100 /6	
CHECK			
Indicator 7: Safe Practice			
7.7 Provide evidence of safeguarding	All sta	ff to have had	supervision on safeguarding
discussions / raising awareness with the			
agency setting (eg, supervision			
arrangements to include this)			
,			

Agency Name: CareWatch Bath

Brief outline of agency function: Carewatch Bath is a domiciliary care provider. We are regulated by CQC to provide Personal Care. Along this, we provide domestic support, social support and overnight care. Our aim is to keep people as independent as possible, and to remain living at home for as long as possible. We are part of the BaNES Strategic Partnership which provides commissioned services on behalf of BaNES council. We are also partners in the Bath Integrated Reablement Service, working alongside Sirona Care and Health.

Achievements during 2015/16: (bullet points)

- Obtained overall 'Good' CQC rating, and the service was rated 'Good' for each of the 5 key lines of enquiry, including 'safe'.
- Operations Director was asked to sit on the LSAB in addition to the MCA and DoLS QA sub group, which she has been domiciliary care lead on for 5 years.
- Registered Manager renewed Level 3 Safeguarding Training in June.
- All staff are now to have annual Safeguarding and MCA refresher training.
- Safeguarding Auditing Tool introduced to help with identifying possible 'themes'. Similar tools are being used for auditing complaints, accident/incidents, and Daily Notes/MAR/Financial Transaction Records.

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- Inductions
- Refresher training
- Regular Supervisions
- Team meetings
- Regular reviews and contact with staff and service users
- Regular monitoring of services with Staff, Managers, Training sessions
- Newsletters
- Staff Handbook
- Policies and Procedures

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure: In line with MSP we discuss the Safeguarding process with Service Users and/or their family (where appropriate). Depending on the nature of the alerts raised, we as an agency may or may not have any further involvement in the process. We do ask Sirona for updates and whether or not alerts have proceeded to Safeguarding, and we will always attend Safeguarding Meetings when requested to do so, along with providing evidence and reports as needed. We will communicate with the Service Users during the process to offer support as needed.

Objectives for 2016/17:

- Make sure that the remaining 5 staff members are refresher trained in SA, and the remaining 13 staff members are MCA refreshed.
- Safeguarding and MCA training has been added to the annual training schedule, so this work should be completed by the end of the year.
- Be involved as an agency with Stop Abuse Week and get as much information out to Care Workers, Service Users and families as possible.
- Embed the principals of MSP into all aspects of the Safeguarding process and being more vigilant with checking outcomes for Service Users.
- Make sure that the prevention message is well imbedded in all training
- Roll out pressure ulcer prevention training (as a result of the Tissue viability project resources) All care staff to be given pocket guides and all Service Users to be given passports.

Performance Indicators for LSAB				
Indicator 5: Training	Target%	Outcome%	Comment	
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA level 2 training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is defined by CQC)	90%	93%	All front line staff are trained during induction and do not work unsupervised until this is completed. 7% are due refresher training.	
5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of taking up post (relevant staff includes people that directly provide health and social care or are in a position to make decisions about the service users care - training to include DOLS awareness)	80%	81%	All new front line staff are trained during induction and do not work unsupervised until this is completed. 19% are due refresher training.	
5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post (the term relevant here includes those staff responsible in law for making a DOLS application - training must be comparable to B&NES DOLS training)	95%		N/A – No staff are responsible in law for making DoLS applications. The Registered Manager will refer any 'community DoLS' to BaNES Social Services.	
5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment	95%	100%	All front line staff are trained during induction and do not work unsupervised until this is completed.	
Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment	•			
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS check	100%	100%	All staff must have a DBS check before starting work unsupervised. Annual Convictions Declarations are completed by all staff and new DBS applications are made where relevant.	
Indicator 7: Safe Practice				
7.8 Provide evidence of safeguarding discussions / raising awareness with the agency setting (eg, supervision arrangements to include this)	i into modego or into odrogadianig i roccoory			

arrangements to include this)

- Refresher training (now annually for SA and MCA)
- Regular Supervisions (asked about client concerns/do you know how to report concerns?)
- Team meetings (asked about client concerns/do you know how to report concerns?)
- Regular reviews and contact with service users (Ask do you feel confident and safe?)
- Regular monitoring of services with Staff, Managers (Spot checks/field observations)
- Newsletters (Various SA topics)
- Staff Handbook (5.6 Protecting our Service Users from harm or abuse)
- Policies and Procedures (1008 Safeguarding Policy and Procedure)

Agency Name: Curo

Brief outline of agency function

Curo is a not-for-profit housing and support organisation based in Bath, providing affordable homes and high quality care and support services across the West of England. We manage nearly 13,000 homes and are building hundreds of new homes every year. Our enablement and independent lives service provides support up to 3,000 vulnerable adults each week.

We provide a diverse range of services including Step-down from Hospital, a Wellbeing House and national-award-winning Independent Living Service. We offer housing and support to young people through a variety of services.

Achievements

We have worked in partnership with Sirona and partner agencies to improve both our training and POVA reporting form

Curo participate in a multitude of LSAB meetings for information-sharing and for the safety of our customers

In 2016 we rolled out safeguarding e-learning across our organisation including to all our customer-facing Response Team colleagues

We won a national award in recognition for our approach to Domestic Abuse.

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency

Every colleague is made aware of Safeguarding as part of their induction

An annual programme of training is delivered to colleagues, tailored to the roles they undertake

E-learning is an annual compulsory course which every colleague must undertake

Safeguarding is discussed in all Team Meetings & Supervisions

Learning from cases is captured and shared across teams

Safeguarding Leads meet regularly with organisation development to ensure training plans on track

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure:

We take a multi-agency approach to ensure the needs of customers are met to mitigate the need for Safeguarding

Customers are reminded of confidentiality and our duty of care

Objectives for 16-17

Working with our organisational development team to update our organisational E-Learning programmes for cross Curo learning

Improve information sharing for the safety of all our customers

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Specialist training for relevant colleagues on DOLs & Mental Capacity

Capture % of colleagues who have attended the above training, working to the Targets as set by the LSAB

We are setting up an internal Committee for senior colleagues to review cases and learning and ensure our approach is consistent across all areas of the business

Performance Indicators for LSAB

Indicator 5: Training	Target%	Outcome%	Comment
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA	90%	100%	
level 2 training within 6 months of taking			
up post and/or completed refresher			
training every 3 years thereafter (the term			
'relevant' is defined by CQC)			
5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken	80%	% not	
Mental Capacity Act training within 6		captured	
months of taking up post (relevant staff		at this	
includes people that directly provide		time	
health and social care or are in a position			
to make decisions about the service users			
care - training to include DOLS			
awareness)			
5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken	95%	% not	
DOLS training within 6 months of taking		captured	
up post (the term relevant here includes		at this	
those staff responsible in law for making a		time	
DOLS application - training must be			
comparable to B&NES DOLS training)			
5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding	95%	100%	
learning as part of Induction within 3			
months of starting employment			
Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment			
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date	100%	100%	
DBS check			
Indicator 7: Safe Practice			
7.9 Provide evidence of safeguarding			ervision and Foyer Meeting
discussions / raising awareness with	Minutes a	is evidence of	discussion around
the agency setting (eg, supervision	safeguard	ding.	
arrangements to include this)			

Agency Name: Developing Health & Independence

Brief outline of agency function:

DHI provides drug/alcohol treatment services, supported housing, detox beds, floating support services, direct payment support services, family & carer services, domestic abuse services, outreach services and social prescribing services in the south west region.

Achievements during 2015/16: (bullet points)

- Review and revision of adult safeguarding policies & procedures
- Review and revision of service safeguarding registers
- Production of guidance for staff on adult social care eligibility and how this links to

safeguarding i.e. guidance on 'care & support needs'

- Review and revision of Level 1 adult safeguarding training
- Production of adult safeguarding postcards as quick reference guide for staff
- Completion of annual safeguarding audit and audit report
- Set up of clinical governance and safeguarding working group
- Production of safeguarding guidelines and joint protocol for staff working within the integrated drug & alcohol treatment service which is jointly delivered with AWP

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- Annual review and dissemination of policy & procedure
- Updates disseminated from LSAB
- Production of briefings and guidance documents
- Working groups and meetings
- Discussions at team meetings and 1-2-1
- Via safeguarding leads within each individual service

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure:

We have extended the role of a volunteer to monitor a client where there were safeguarding concerns, building a trusting relationship to further explore the extent of potential financial abuse, with the support of a paid member of staff who liaised with statutory services 'behind the scenes'. In this way we were able to 'make safeguarding personal' ensuring the client's needs and wishes were respected whilst at the same time gaining assurance that we were acting in the client's best interests.

Objectives for 2016/17:

- Progress actions from 2015/16 adult safeguarding audit
- Review Level 2 training needs
- Progress work of clinical governance and safeguarding working group

Performance Indicators for LSAB			
Indicator 5: Training	Target%	Outcome%	Comment
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed	90%	85%	LA and CCG commissioned
SA level 2 training within 6 months of			agencies
taking up post and/or completed			
refresher training every 3 years			
thereafter (the term 'relevant' is defined			
by CQC)			
5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken	80%	N/A	LA and CCG commissioned
Mental Capacity Act training within 6			agencies
months of taking up post (relevant staff			
includes people that directly provide			
health and social care or are in a position			
to make decisions about the service			
users care - training to include DOLS			
awareness)	2=0/	21/2	
5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken	95%	N/A	LA and CCG commissioned
DOLS training within 6 months of taking			agencies
up post (the term relevant here includes			
those staff responsible in law for making			
a DOLS application - training must be			
comparable to B&NES DOLS training)	- 050/:	4000/	1048
5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding	Pa@fe%123	100%	LSAB agencies; LA and CCG

learning as part of Induction within 3			commissioned agencies
months of starting employment			
Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment			
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date	100%	100%	LSAB agencies; LA and CCG
DBS check			commissioned agencies
			_
Indicator 7: Safe Practice			
7.10 Provide evidence of safeguarding			
discussions / raising awareness with			
the agency setting (eg, supervision			
arrangements to include this)			

Agency Name: Healthwatch Bath & North East Somerset - The Care Forum

Brief outline of agency function:

The Care Forum is an independent voluntary and community sector infrastructure organisation working across Bath and North East Somerset, Bristol, North Somerset, South Gloucestershire. We work to promote health and wellbeing, challenge inequalities and enable organisations and individuals to have choice, influence and engagement around health and social care. Healthwatch B&NES is an independent watchdog for health and social care services. We engage with B&NES residents to understand their experiences of using local the health and social care system, with a particular focus on identifying and sharing best practice in order to make improvements to services based on public need. Healthwatch has a particular focus on engaging with seldom heard groups and communities in order to help tackle health inequalities and ensure equity of access.

Achievements during 2015/16: (bullet points)

- Revised Safeguarding Adults policy and procedure and ran briefings for staff to ensure they were up to date
- Ran safeguarding training for staff and volunteers (new and existing)
- Carried out a training review across The Care Forum, which identified the need for enhanced training for safeguarding leads
- Set up a working group to develop a safeguarding policy and procedure for children and young people to complement the adult work
- Revised the administrative process in place to make The Care Forum's safeguarding log easier to use

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- Staff and volunteer induction
- Policies and procedures
- Annual training programme
- Sharing literature from the LSAB, including key messages, details of local/national campaigns and events, newsletter
- Regular discussion and learning between staff and managers

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure:

- Helping service users to understand the safeguarding process, including confidentiality, what happens if a disclosure is reported and keeping them informed
- Supporting service users to make complaints about the safeguarding process if they wish to do so via The Care Forum's complaints procedure advocacy service
- Sharing information with partner organisations and stakeholders via LSAB newsletter, key messages, e-bulletins, social media and website

 Ensured that staff are up to date with the safeguarding adults policy and procedure through lunchtime briefings

Objectives for 2016/17:

- Bringing policies and procedures 'to life' by engaging with staff during supervisions. This will
 include talking through scenarios and drawing on the relevant policies and procedures to
 ensure that staff are aware, confident and understand what to do in various circumstances,
 including if a safeguarding concern is raised.
- Safeguarding training will continue to be provided to all new and existing staff and volunteers.
- Enhanced safeguarding training to be provided to safeguarding leads.
- Bringing together The Care Forum's LSAB representatives for Bristol, B&NES, South Gloucestershire, Somerset and Swindon to share information, guidance and best practice across the organisation and staff group.

Performance In	dicators	for	LSAB
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Indicator 5: Training	Target	% Outco	me%	Comment
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA level 2 training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is defined by CQC)	90%	1009	%	
5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of taking up post (relevant staff includes people that directly provide health and social care or are in a position to make decisions about the service users care - training to include DOLS awareness)	80%	100	%	
5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post (the term relevant here includes those staff responsible in law for making a DOLS application - training must be comparable to B&NES DOLS training)	95%	1009	%	
5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment	95%	1009	p ir p c	rafeguarding policy and rocedure included in staff aduction (first two weeks in ost). Safeguarding training is ompulsory for all new staff and volunteers.
Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment		•	•	
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS check	100%	100%		

Agency Name: Julian House

Brief outline of agency function: Julian House operates more than 20 different projects, accommodation sites and social enterprises in Bath, Bristol and Wiltshire. These include: a range of homeless services, support for those suffering domestic violence, addiction recovery, individuals with learning difficulties, work experience and training. Not just changing lives – often saving lives. The charity also helps to coordinate a rough sleeper reporting helpline in B&NES, Wiltshire, Swindon, Somerset and North Somerset. This allows members of the public to alert local services about anyone they see in a vulnerable situation outside.

Achievements during 2015/16: (bullet points)

- Re training all existing and new staff with Sirona including Board Members
- Representation at LSAB Policies and Procedures sub-group
- Contributed to the Self Neglect Policy consultation and Steering Group
- Contributed to the Self neglect conference including provision of Client Case Studies
- Sue Tabberer and Karen Yea King attended our organisation meeting to talk directly to front-line staff
- Representation at the Training sub group which enabled increased promotion of the Community Safety Domestic Abuse training survey which is highly likely to result in multiagency training and ensure budgets are spent in a targeted way, avoiding duplication
- Internal policies and procedures reviewed and shared with staff both Children and Adults Safeguarding
- Attending annual LSAB and other events including LSAB Development sessions
- Involvement in STOP Adult abuse week through using the resource pack
- Completed LSAB on-line questionnaires
- Sharing LSAB newsletter with all staff
- Reviewed clients' induction into projects to include Safeguarding

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

Through organisation meetings, staff supervision, Performance and Development reviews, team meetings and regular training

Stop Adult Abuse week – communication with staff using the resource pack (very helpful!) Use of social media

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure:

We work within our Policies and Procedures as well as 'going the extra mile'. We make sure service users and their carers feel well communicated with and ensure there is appropriate independent advocacy offered. We review the process with the service user and their carer following an Alert and make improvements where possible.

Objectives for 2016/17:

- Care Act Training for staff including new starters
- Continued involvement in LSAB sub groups
- Attendance at appropriate conferences
- Ongoing review of policies and procedures
- Collating feedback from service users following Safeguarding alerts
- Ensuring student social workers placed with Julian House leave their placements with thorough knowledge around Safeguarding

Performance Indicators for LSAB					
Indicator 5: Training	Target%	Outcome%	Comment		
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA level 2 training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is defined by CQC)	90%	80%			
5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of taking up post (relevant staff includes people that directly provide health and social care or are in a position to make decisions about the service users care - training to include DOLS awareness)	80%	80%			
5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post (the term relevant here includes those staff responsible in law for making a DOLS application - training must be comparable to B&NES DOLS training)	95%	100%			
5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment	95%	90%			
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS check	100%	100%			
Indicator 7: Safe Practice					
7.11 Provide evidence of safeguarding discussions / raising awareness with the agency setting (eg, supervision arrangements to include this)	Please see above, Safeguarding is a standard supervision Agenda item for frontline staff as well as at the quarterly organisation meeting and weekly/monthly Team meetings and P&DR's.				

Agency Name: National Probation Service (Avon and Somerset)

Brief outline of agency function:

Within the framework provided by the National Probation Service (NPS) principles and values, the NPS is committed to:

Making sure there is senior management recognition of the importance of safeguarding adults. To help achieve this, there should be a designated senior manager within each NPS Division who acts as a strategic lead for safeguarding adults work. The senior manager should make sure there is a clear line of accountability within their Division for safeguarding adult work and that safeguarding is embedded within relevant local practices and processes.

Promoting the duty to co-operate as a relevant partner under section 6 of the Care Act 2014, at both the strategic and operational level, in the exercise of functions relating to offenders in the community who have care and support needs or who are carers.

Making sure that all NPS staff are clear about their roles and responsibilities and how to raise safeguarding concerns. Staff should also be aware of the routes for escalation where they feel a manager or another agency has not responded appropriately to a safeguarding concern. Practice guidance has been developed to support this policy. It gives clarity on roles and responsibilities and the action to be taken in response to adplace feature guidance concerns. The guidance also

supports staff in the early identification of offenders in the community with care and support needs. Safeguarding adult processes will be mapped on to EQuiP (Excellence and Quality in Processes), and the practice guidance, together with other relevant guidance, will be attached to the maps. Staff should be supported in fulfilling their roles and responsibilities through effective supervision and management oversight.

Sharing information appropriately and lawfully within agreed local protocols, in order to improve the speed and quality of responses to safeguarding concerns and to care and support needs. Supporting the creation of strong local partnerships that provide timely and effective prevention of and responses to abuses and neglect at the strategic and operational levels. A National Partnership Strategy has been issued that clarifies the NPS contribution to Safeguarding Adults Boards and other adult multi-agency fora.

Supporting the development of a positive learning environment within the NPS and across local partnerships. Evidence of what works, examples of good practice, and key learning from safeguarding adults reviews, serious further offence reviews, MAPPA serious case reviews and other multi-agency serious case reviews, will be disseminated and used to inform practice development and improvement at a national and local level, as appropriate.

Achievements during 2015/16: (bullet points)

National E3 programme and prison reform agenda launched

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- NPS new approach to Safeguarding adults includes a new policy and practice guidance (January 2016).
- QA being undertaken on our key risk assessment tools used.
- NPS /Prisons Inspections
- Staff Induction and Training programme developed in support of policy and practice.

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure: Not directly involved.

Objectives for 2016/17:

• will be in support /designed around E3 / Prison reform implementation

Performance Indicators for LSAB

Indicator 5: Training	Target%	Outcome%	Comment
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA level 2 training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is defined by CQC)	90%	TBC	NPS Training Programme
5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of taking up post (relevant staff includes people that directly provide health and social care or are in a position to make decisions about the service users care - training to include DOLS awareness)	80%	N/A	
5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post (the term relevant here includes those staff responsible in law for making a DOLS application - training must be comparable to B&NES DOLS training)	95%	N/A	
5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment	95%	TBC	NPS Training Programme
Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment			
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS	Page 1/28	100%	NPS enhanced

check			
Indicator 7: Safe Practice			
7.12 Provide evidence of safeguarding discussions / raising awareness with the agency setting (eg, supervision arrangements to include this)	LDUs a Making s and skills safegu needs. A package	as per policy sure staff have to recognise arding conce national NP has been de local training	ns in place across teams and and NPS practice guidance. We the role-specific knowledge and respond appropriately to erns and to care and support S safeguarding adults training eveloped. This is in addition to provision associated with ling Adults Boards.

Agency Name: NHS England South (South Central)

Describe how your organisation has worked with and contributed to the WSAB

NHS England (NHSE), as with all other NHS bodies has a statutory duty to ensure that it makes arrangements to safeguard and promote the welfare of children, young people, and vulnerable adults. From a safeguarding assurance responsibility perspective, NHSE South Central team ensures it is appropriately engaged in the Local Safeguarding Boards and any local arrangements for safeguarding both adults and children, including effective mechanisms for LSCBs, SABs and health and wellbeing boards to raise concerns about the engagement and leadership of the local NHS if indicated. This work is in line with the duties and approach set out within the NHS England Safeguarding Policy (2015).

The key challenge for the NHSE South Central Nursing team is satisfactorily servicing our geographical area with a limited resource of personnel. The South Central Area consists of 14 CCGs from Gloucestershire to Buckinghamshire. This effectively equates to eight SABs (and twelve LSCBs) to meaningfully engage with. This is currently done via an informed risk approach based on regulatory ratings and CCG/Health representation, alongside any location specific issues such as CSE or FGM concerns.

Provide brief general information about the structure and approach to safeguarding adults work within your organisation.

The NHSE Safeguarding function for both adults and children is placed within the Nursing Directorate which holds an oversight role for Safeguarding, Quality and Safety and for Patient Experience across the South Central Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) NHS System. During 2015/16 the team faced capacity restrictions due to an organisational restructure and delays in recruiting into key posts. In December 2015 a new Assistant Director of Nursing responsible for safeguarding was appointed and with the safeguarding lead gives increased capacity to deliver the required organisational functions.

Highlight achievements within the financial year

NHSE has during 2015, updated and published a new edition of Safeguarding Vulnerable People in the NHS – Accountability and Assurance Framework, and updated guidance on Managing Allegations against Staff.

Our work contributes to public assurance that safeguarding services within the health system are subject to due oversight and direction. The dissemination of key learning, best practice directives and the benefits of professional networking and support contribute to the quality of health service safeguarding within the region.

Breakdown of figures for safeguarding adults staff training within the year

NHS England is not a patient facing organisation but has introduced a mandatory training requirement for all staff to complete a basic awareness course in safeguarding both adults and children. Safeguarding staff have trained at the appropriate level according to guidance which includes safeguarding adults, MCA and Prevent training.

Outline key plans or objectives for safeguarding adults in the coming year National Priorities:

• FGM Page 129

- Embedding MCA
- PREVENT
- Care Act 2014
- Modern Slavery
- · Care in Care homes
- Quality and Safety of learning disability services

Local Priorities:

- Learning from SCRs & DHRs
- Safeguarding Boards presence
- Learning from the Primary Care Safeguarding Assurance audit

Agency Name: Royal United Hospitals Bath NHS Foundation Trust (RUH)

Brief outline of agency function:

The Director of Nursing and Midwifery is the Executive Lead for Adult Safeguarding within the RUH, supported by the Deputy Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Safety. The adult safeguarding team has continued to develop the support for clinical staff raising safeguarding concerns.

Assurance relating to adult safeguarding, Mental Capacity and Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards is provided to the Trust Board by the Safeguarding Adults Committee via the Operational Governance route. The Safeguarding Adults Committee is a multi-agency forum chaired by the Deputy Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Safety.

The RUH has representation on the Local Safeguarding Adults Board (LSAB) with Executive representation from either the Director of Nursing and Midwifery or the Deputy Director of Nursing, Quality and Patient Safety. There is RUH representation at the following LSAB subgroups, Policy & Procedure, Quality Assurance, Training, Communications, MCA/DoLS and Making Safeguarding Personal.

Safeguarding Adults Team

The Safeguarding Adult team consists of 1.8 WTE registered nurses with the support of a 0.8 WTE administrator. When the team receives a safeguarding concern they review the patient and their medical records on the ward and gather the initial information as requested by the Local Authority safeguarding teams. The RUH team provide an immediate response for advice and support to all staff by being available via the bleep system. Each operational safeguarding lead maintains a patient caseload. The Safeguarding Adult team regularly undertake case reviews and prepare reports to support safeguarding processes that have been convened in the community. This would be following an episode of care in the RUH to provide the Chair with information to supplement the process. The team represent the RUH at safeguarding strategy and planning meetings held at the RUH and on occasions at external meetings.

Achievements during 2015-2016: (in bullet points)

The RUH is constantly working to improve the adult safeguarding service that it delivers. Achievements during 2015-16 have been:

Safequarding

- Adults and children's safeguarding teams are now co-located and provide a single point of contact for all safeguarding enquiries.
- Developed support material for clinical staff in preparation for CQC inspection.
- Implementation of feedback form to the wards following a safeguarding concern being raised by the ward.
- Stop Adult Abuse Week team had information stand for staff the theme being domestic violence and abuse.

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IDVA

- Supported the Independent Domestic Abuse Advisor (IDVA) project within Trust.
- Domestic Violence Awareness Week supported IDVA with information stand for staff and visitors.

Mental Health Co-ordinator

• Supported the Mental Health Co-Ordinator project within the Trust. Key objectives of this project are to support the wards managing patients with challenging behaviour and developing training programmes for RUH staff.

Prevent

• Established and launched 'PREVENT' training programme in conjunction with Prevent lead with information published "In the Week" and information stand in the hospital.

Training

- Achieved 90% compliance for Level 1 training.
- Increased Level 2 training compliance to 84%, on target to achieve 90% trajectory target by August 2016.
- Achieved 100% compliance for Level 3 training.
- Developed Level 1 and Level 2 eLearning safeguarding adult programmes.
- Developed Safeguarding Induction and update training day to include Safeguarding Adults and Children's Level 2, Mental Health Awareness, Mental Capacity & DoLS Awareness, Learning Disabilities Awareness, Domestic Violence Awareness and PREVENT for clinical staff who have face to face contact with patients.
- Provided ward based training for Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards Process.

Policies

- Developed and published the following policies/guidelines:
 - Covert Medication (incorporated into Non Concordance with Treatment and Care Policy)
 - PREVENT Policy
- Revised and published:
 - Safeguarding Adults Policy in line with Care Act Guidance.

Electronic Forms & Documentation

- Developed and implemented electronic version of Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards authorisation forms.
- Refreshed Trust safeguarding adult's webpage.
- Introduced a Specific Needs document for patients with a learning disability.

Performance to LSAB indicators 2015-2016:					
Indicator	Target	Outturn	Comment		
New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment (AII)	90%	90%			
Relevant staff to have completed Safeguarding Adults 2a training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3	90%	84%			

years thereafter (LA and CCG Commissioned members only)			
Relevant staff to have completed Safeguarding Adults 2a training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3 years thereafter (Non - LA and CCG Commissioned members only)	90%	N/A	
Relevant staff to have undertaken Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of taking up post (LA and CCG Commissioned members only)	90%	N/A	
Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post (LSAB Members that manage Care Homes and Hospitals, Sirona and AWP only)	90%	84%	
Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS checks (All)	100%	100%	100% of new staff that have started employment within the organisation have been DBS checked & 100% of relevant employment rechecks have been completed.
Safeguarding champions identified for each team (AII) Describe arrangements for champions in your agency if not in each team in comments	Network	. This mee	eguarding Adults Practitioners ts quarterly with a guest speaker, rned and LSAB key messages

On Risk Register is Prevent training compliance

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- Adult Safeguarding Policy
- Trust intranet web pages for DoLS, MCA and Safeguarding Adults.
- Adult safeguarding on Trust internet for public to access
- Poster displaying contact details of Safeguarding Adults team and staff leaflet
- Awareness raising through training at induction and update days.
- Working with partnership agencies
- Awareness raising through Adult Abuse Week Event
- Safeguarding Adults Network cascade information

Describe how you have supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults procedure:

- Engaging and involvement when appropriate in relation to Making Safeguarding Personal
- Operational safeguarding nurses are visible in practice areas both inpatient and outpatient.

- This visibility encourages robust communication between carers, patients and staff. We encourage a multi-agency/disciplinary approach as part of the safeguarding process.
- Periodically learning and sharing from case studies when the Safeguarding Adults team have been involved.

Objectives for 2016-2017:

- To meet training targets for level 2 Safeguarding Adults as per our agreed trajectory.
- To review and build evidence for Care Quality Commission Fundamental Standards Outcome 13.
- Work with Trust Head of Security in regards to restrictive practices Trust wide ongoing NICE Guidance.
- Working closer with Named Nurse for Children and Named Midwife particularly in relation to Domestic Violence and Abuse, sexual exploitation, FGM & Human Trafficking.
- Contribute to Making Safeguarding Personal initiatives in partnership with the BaNES Local Authority.
- Map current position against recently published NHS England Intercollegiate Document (competency framework for healthcare staff).
- Make recommendations following above mapping process.
- Establish flagging system on Millennium for identifying patients with high risk associated with safeguarding eg. on a safeguarding adult protection plan
- Develop electronic version for Independent Mental Capacity Advocate (IMCA) referral.
- Develop electronic version for staff to raise Safeguarding Adults concerns.
- Share learning from Domestic Homicide Reviews.
- Develop and publish Allegations Against Staff Policy.
- Provide training to support above policy for managers & HR business partners
- Further development of the Safeguarding Adults Practitioner Network to include a workshop day with the Children's Safeguarding Network.
- Implement learning from Learning Disabilities Quality Check Programme.

Agency Name: Sirona Care and Health

Brief outline of agency function:

Not-for-profit community health and social care provider, providing a wide range of services on behalf of the Council and the CCG, employing a range of health and social care staff.

Achievements during 2015-2016: (in bullet points)

- Sirona Care and Health has continued to play a key role within the multi-agency framework set by the B&NES Local Safeguarding Adults Board. Representatives play an important part in the work of the LSAB and all of its sub groups, covering Training and Development; Quality Assurance; Policy and Procedures; Awareness, Engagement and Communications; and Making Safeguarding Personal.
- In its role as an organisation with statutory delegated powers to undertake s.42 enquiries under the Care Act, Sirona Care and Health managed a total of 800 Safeguarding Adults referrals in 2015-16 and referred others on to appropriate teams in AWPT.
- In its role as a provider of services, Sirona Care and Health staff raised a large number of Safeguarding referrals, including 60 which took place within a Sirona setting. All of these were carefully investigated.

- Managers carried out a detailed audit of 48 cases in order to analyse trends and patterns, and we also undertook an audit of Repeat Referrals.
- We took the lead role in organising a very successful Stakeholder Event entitled Safeguarding and Prevention: The Challenge of Providing Safe Services in Adult Care in September 2015.
- We took a lead role in planning and hosting the annual Safeguarding Self-Assessment Audit , due to be circulated in May 2016.
- In November / December 2015 we organised a series of training days for social workers on the topic of Making Safeguarding Personal: The Next Steps in conjunction with colleague in B&NES Council.
- We continued to run level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 Safeguarding Adults courses and to offer a significant number of places to the voluntary and independent sector – 272 staff attended a Level 2 course and 20 staff attended a Level 3 course. Most of the Safeguarding Adults courses were joint safeguarding Adults / Safeguarding Children courses and included content on MCA and Prevent.
- In addition, a total of 229 non-Sirona staff attended Safeguarding Adults training organised by Sirona. These included staff from the CCG, NHS, AWP and the independent and voluntary sector, who took up 184 of the 229 places. We also facilitated a series of courses on MCA and DoLS.
- Took a lead role in development of MASH model and chairing Operational delivery group for MASH
- We appointed a new Safeguarding Lead, Lucy Muchina, in October 2015.

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- Sirona Care and Health runs regular training courses which are mandatory for all frontline staff
- We have also commissioned specialised training on Making Safeguarding Personal
- We are involved in all LSAB and sub group meetings, and therefore involved in organising Safeguarding stakeholder events, organising events for Stop Adult Abuse Week etc
- Regular Champions' meetings are held
- The Adverse Events process is linked with Safeguarding processes
- Safeguarding is regularly on the agenda in team meetings, senior leadership meetings and at SLT and Board level

Social work staff and managers have attended specialised training on legislative and practice changes resulting from implementation of the Care Act – e.g. regarding Self Neglect and Hoarding

Describe how you have supported service users and carers through the Safeguarding Adults procedure:

- Sirona Care and Health employs all the Adult Care and Learning Disabilities social workers and they play a key role in investigating concerns under s42 of the Care Act
- We have fully implemented MSP principles through training and practice discussions
- There is a gradual increase in the use of advocates

Objectives for 2016-2017:

- Safeguarding Adults training will be re-focused to ensure that all new staff attend and that there is compliance with the 3-year mandatory update.
- 'Prevent' and MCA training will be better integrated into the Level 2 training
- Staff training levels (against the 3 year refresher measure) have improved over the past year but are still not as good as we want so there will be a renew initiative to ensure that relevant staff book places on the half-day level 2 course.
- Sirona Safeguarding Adults policies and procedures to be updated again in line with the Care Act 2014 and with the new LSAB Procedures due to be launched in June 2016.

- We will continue to audit individual cases and learn lessons
- Sirona Care and Health will continue to contribute fully to the work of the B&NES LSAB and its sub groups
- Continue with development of MASH model and chairing operational delivery group for MASH

Lucy Muchina, our Safeguarding Lead, will continue to offer expert advice and information to individuals and team throughout the organisation

Performance to LSAB indicators 2015-2016:

Indicator 1: Compliance with Procedural Timescale	Target	Outcome	Comment	
1. 1 % of decisions made in 2 working days from the time of referral	95%	87%		
1.2 % of strategy meetings/discussions held within 5 working days from date of referral	90%	76%		
1.3 % of strategy meetings/discussions held with 8 working days from date of referral	95%	91%		
1.4 % of overall activities / events to	90%	83%		
Indicator 2: Exception and Breach	Target	Outcome	Comment	
2.1 Breach report on failure to comply with procedural timescale	100%	100%		
Indicator 3: Quality Audits				
3.1 Report on the findings of case file audits	15% (total)	16%	Report due to be completed June 2016.	
Indicator 4: Service users' experience				
4.1 Report on the experience and outcome for the service user	N/A	Awaited	Report being completed by Karyn Yee-King on behalf of all agencies	
Indicator 5: Training				
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA level 2 training within 6 months of taking up	90%	72%		
5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of	80%	68%		
5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post	95%	90%		
5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months	95%	90%		
Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment				
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS	100%	100%		
7.1 Provide evidence of safeguarding discussions / raising awareness with the agency setting (eg, supervision arrangements to include this)	Sirona has delegated responsibility to undertake s42 enquiries so we are very closely involved with the whole process.			

Agency Name: South West Ambulance Service FoundationTrust (SWASfT)

Brief outline of agency function:

SWASfT is an emergency and urgent pre-hospital care provider.

Achievements during 2015/16: (bullet points)

- Analysis and Review of Referral Process for efficiency and Demand Management.
- Development of a standardised audit tool to review 40 randomised cases.
- Risk assessment of the referral process.
- Delegation of whole team to triage role due to long term absence of the Triager.
- Positive letter of support from Safeguarding Board for 111 CQC inspection
- Positive verbal feedback from 111 CQC inspection.
- IMR/SAR/DHR completed despite capacity issues.
- Recruitment to the administration position referral triage processor to commence June 2016.
- First module of the NHS England Safeguarding Leadership course at Taunton completed by Named Professional North.
- TOR and Workplan for NASG (National Ambulance Safeguarding Group) agreed March 2016
- Managing Allegations Policy updated and approved.
- Prevent Policy approved
- SOP 034 approved Child Death procedure
- PTS training quality assured and completed for all PTS (patient transport staff).
- Quality Assurance of CFR Safeguarding Training
- Positive action from North CDOP meetings including facilitating SWASFT Macmillan Nurses under the Palliative Care Response Times
- Facilitated OO abstraction to join Glos Safeguarding Fire Subgroup to look at joint working on hoarding
- Named Professional East achieved The Award in Education & Training enhancing the Service Training portfolio
- All team members received half day Emotional Resilience Training
- Quality Audit of Referrals with the 111 Service
- Production of an 'OO pack' for use by all Operational Officers related to Safeguarding by West Named Professional.
- SOP (Standard Operating Procedure) agreed for all frontline staff in relation to Child Death produced by Named Professional West.
- Update to training level 2 training and delivery of this to over 1100 staff
- Made progress on the safeguarding training figures per directorate.
- 8 fire checks in Dorset alone were undertaken as a result of referrals by SWAST staff
- Input to the Alan Wood Review

Describe how you raise awareness of safeguarding in your agency:

- We provide level 1 and level 2 training to staff. Courses are taught either by our Named Professionals or by designated Learning Development Officers from our Education team.
- We provide feedback and advice to staff on a case-by-case basis.
- We distribute learning from material sent to us by external partners on a regional basis through our operations teams.
- We provide regular safeguarding awareness updates in the form of short bulletin articles in the 'Chief's Brief' Trust information bulletin which is sent to staff weekly.
- In 2016/17 we will be launching a Trust safeguarding newsletter.

Describe how you supported service users and carers through the safeguarding adults' procedure:

• Trust clinicians are primarily referrers rather than case-managers so we do not have a Page 136

role supporting service users through safeguarding processes.

Objectives for 2016/17:

- Assess internal safeguarding referral system against recent external audit.
- A supervision strategy for staff.
- Audit regional differences,
- Local Area safeguarding strategy for operational staff
- Reinforce the importance of feedback with partner agencies.
- Continue to ensure the completion of a centralised recording system for safeguarding training across all departments.
- Review the current referral system to promote a more efficient system with input from IT
- Further Business case to secure the secondment positions
- Work plan to be guided by forthcoming CQC inspection
- Consider a more resilient team by integrating more with the Governance Structure
- Escalation Policy to be approved
- Strengthen the CSE agenda

Performance Indicators for LSAB

Performance Indicators for LSAB						
Indicator 5: Training	Target%		% Comment			
5.1 Relevant staff will have completed SA level 2 training within 6 months of taking up post and/or completed refresher training every 3 years thereafter (the term 'relevant' is defined by CQC)	90%	98%				
5.2 Relevant staff to have undertaken Mental Capacity Act training within 6 months of taking up post (relevant staff includes people that directly provide health and social care or are in a position to make decisions about the service users care - training to include DOLS awareness)	80%	tbc				
5.3 Relevant staff to have undertaken DOLS training within 6 months of taking up post (the term relevant here includes those staff responsible in law for making a DOLS application - training must be comparable to B&NES DOLS training)	95%	n/a				
5.4 New staff to undertake safeguarding learning as part of Induction within 3 months of starting employment	95%	Numbers to be confirmed but SG level 2 is a standard component of the induction package for clinicians				
Indicator 6: Safer Recruitment						
6.1 Relevant staff to have an up to date DBS check	100%	100%				
Indicator 7: Safe Practice						
7.2 Provide evidence of safeguarding discussions / raising awareness with the agency setting (eg, supervision	Our safeguarding professionals receive regular safeguarding supervision from external supervisors. Page 137					

arrangements to include this)	The Named Professionals provide ad-hoc safeguarding supervision and advice to individual clinicians on a case-by-case basis. All clinicians receive robust planned clinical supervision at present but not specific planned safeguarding supervision. An objective of 2016/17 is to extend planned
	safeguarding supervision to a wider staff group.

Appendix 6: B&NES LSAB / LSCB JOINT WORKING 2015- 2016

Theme	Opportunity	Relevance	Progress in 2015/16	Work needed to progress in 2016/17
Communications	 Joint safeguarding advice to public / professionals e.g. via media/ newsletters Joint conferences / workshops Develop opportunities for joint participation activity Smarter use of budget 	Relevant to "Think Family", Young carers, DVA, disabled children and adults, carers.	 LSCB has adopted Key Messages from the Chair to disseminate information from Board meeting. Collaboration on joint LSCB/LSAB website LSCB/LSAB adopted same process for producing a six monthly Newsletter, directed by the Board and edited by Comms group and Council Communications lead. 	Launching new website Coordinated publicity of website launch 2017-18 have joint Newsletter and Chair's Key Messages Sharing sub group minutes across the Boards eg Policy/QA/Training/Communications

Theme	Opportunity	Relevance	Progress in 2015/16	Work needed to progress in 2016/17
Quality Assurance	Shared audits where VA and Children are relevant	 Relevant to DVA, Substance / alcohol abuse, mental health (adult and child) Voice of adult/child Evidencing quality 	 One multi agency joint case review has taken place Council Commissioning have developed a streamlined safeguarding toolkit for adults and children. Both Boards adopting same format for Board Assurance Framework, Risk Register and Challenge Log 	 Opportunity to collaborate more effectively Shared learning on process of QA Joint audits on occasion using a range of methodology's to audit cases where there might be shared learning Quality audits and information governance

Theme	Opportunity	Relevance	Progress in 2015/16	Work needed to progress in 2016/17
Policy and Procedures	 Assure guidance for adults does not bring conflict with guidance for children (&vice versa) Assure guidance is consistent across both Boards and service type 	Assurance and QA exercise to be undertaken	 Policy and Procedure lists held for both LSCB/LSAB by Business Support Manager LSCB has developed a Risk Register in same format as LSAB Information Sharing Protocols now in place for both Boards (legislation made it too difficult to share a protocol) Both have same dissemination process in place. 	 Development of joint Sexual Exploitation Policy Development of Joint MCA Policy Statement Development of joint FGM policy Consider Joint Consent Policy Develop joint Dispute Resolution Policy for LSCB/LSAB
Training	Actively look for opportunities for bring appropriate aspects of training together (i.e. convergence)	 'Think Family' approach Challenge generic perceptions of safeguarding 	 Both Boards approved joint T&WFD sub group for 1 year Joint sub group to be piloted from April 2016 Looking at opportunities for shared learning/training Signs of Concern/vulnerability Information sharing 	 MCA/DOLS Coordinator to train Children's Services staff LSCB trainers to support LSAB level 2 training re 'Think Family' Continue joint training at Level 2 Joint work would help to disseminate info on specialist training. Look at developing easier routes to specialist training Use of champions to promote knowledge and learning Engagement with professionals who need to be made aware of relevance to their area of work Linking training to relevant services. Joint training on DV and substance misuse

Theme	Opportunity	Relevance	Progress in 2015/16	Work needed to progress in 2016/17
Exchanging Information	•Improved early identification of risk and referral	Joint development of MASH for this	 Joint working group in operation and MASH due to operate from Sept 2016 Formation of a joint FGM task and finish group 	Joint MASH to go live in September 2016 IRIS CPIS system to be implemented across health services Culture change in terms of how agencies share information. Perpetrators – information and how we share it Feedback from referrals Strategy minutes
P306 443	 Joint Planning Annual Joint Business Development Session 		 Joint Development Session in April 2015 looking at opportunities for collaboration. 	Next Joint Development Session planned for October 2016

- Across all themes:

 Less confusing for the public and professionals if there is more shared work
 - Better use of resources, less duplication
 - Improve knowledge and skills across sub groups of both Boards

Appendix 7: LSAB Business Plan outturn 2015 -16

The LSAB adopted a three year Business Plan from September 2015 to March 2018. This is monitored by the Sub Group Chairs prior to the Board and reported on at each Board meeting. The updated LSAB Business Plan and the end of its first year is available on B&NES public website:

http://www.bathnes.gov.uk/sites/default/files/siteimages/lsab_business_plan_updated_23_m arch_16.pdf

The Board's priorities for 2016-17 have been described in Section 8 of this Annual Report.

Appendix 8: Keeping Yourself Safe Analysis

- The Care Act 2014 introduced Making Safeguarding Personal (MSP) on a formal and statutory footing. The intention is for MSP to enable Service Users to be put at the centre of their own safeguarding and to generate a more person-centred set of outcomes. The key focus is to develop a real understanding of what the service user wishes to achieve, recording desired outcomes and evaluating how well these have been met. As part of that process it was becoming increasingly clear that in order for service users to be in a position to actively contribute to their own safeguarding and provide feedback they needed to be fully informed.
- Responses from staff in the 2015 and 2016 'Safeguarding Attitudes' questionnaire identified
 one of the barriers to their work within safeguarding as lack of information to give to service
 users to help inform their discussions with them and prepare them for any safeguarding
 interventions.
- Fact sheets have been developed with MSP sub-group, Awareness, Engagement and Communications Sub-Group and Sirona Team Managers. The publication of these factsheets has been delayed to coincide with the new multi-agency Safeguarding Procedures in September 2016. An Easy Read version is also being developed with a service user focus group. All 7 leaflets will be available on the LSAB website when completed and hard copies should be sent to providers.
- The 'Keeping You Safe Questionnaire' which was previously sent out to a service user after the completion of a safeguarding process, proved to provide limited qualitative information to help inform improvements in the Safeguarding Process. When asking Service Users for their experience of safeguarding it became apparent that they did not have a benchmark against which to measure their experience.
- The LSAB in December 2015 agreed to a 6-month trial of the proposed face to face Service User Feedback interview process to begin in January 2016. This was extended as the project was unable to start until March 2016. In summary, two Safeguarding Chairs from the Council Safeguarding and Quality Assurance Team would seek to undertake 6 interviews per month from a random sample of cases closed to Safeguarding in the previous month. This work is planned to be undertaken in 2016-17 to ensure that qualitative information is received from those going through the safeguarding process to inform the development of that process in line with Making Safeguarding Personal.

END			





LSAB Business Plan 2015-18

Updated March 2016

Key Priority 1

Multi - Agency Responsibility and Accountability

Outcomes

Core duties in relation to the Care Act 2014 are delivered; quality and outcome of this work is evidenced; service user and carer perspectives influence change in practice; MCA is embedded

Service users and carers are at the centre - Making Safeguarding Personal is embedded in practice

Service users and carers who are self neglecting are supported appropriately

The LSAB understand and are able to effectively respond to domestic abuse, radicalisation, modern slavery, self neglect, adult sexual exploitation

Think Family, become more effective and efficient (continue to develop collaboration with LSCB to improve practice, share learning and reduced duplication of work)

Improved understanding of the consequences and impact on social care and health services

caused by the increase in safeguarding cases (links to key priority 3)

Be forward thinking, predicting and responding to safeguarding issues

Development mechanisms for getting feedback on the effectiveness of the Board

	Issue	Sub group or Lead	Action	Completion Date	Progress (RAG)
Page			Multi-agency policy and procedures reviewed to encompass MSP – Policy revised - references to person centred approach and outcomes.	Apr-15	Update Sept 15: All complete
		MSP task and	Audit of test bed sites	Jul-15	Complete
146		finish	Action plan in place for roll out of MSP approach to all teams.	01/08/2015	Complete
			Review Procedural Timescales – Revise the 2 day decision rule in relation to MSP	Dec-15	Complete
		NEW MSP task and finish	NEW Review Board performance indicators and procedures re 2 day decision	June 2016	Update March 16: Discussion held at Board Business morning. Overview paper to go to March Board.

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1.	Making Safeguarding	Personal
is	embedded in practice	

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	MSP task and finish	Information available for adults at risk/ family/carers on the safeguarding process	rmation available for lts at risk/ family/carers Jun-16	
	MSP task and finish	Quarterly progress report on MSP work programme updates to LSAB	Mar-16	Update Dec 15: Ongoing
	QAAPM	Provide assurance that MSP is embedded through multiagency audit	Sep-16	Update Dec 15:Not due – action assumed in MSP task and finish group action plan Update March 16: Audit to go out in April.
	AEC	Review of how to capture outcomes and service user and carer experiences	Dec-15	Update Sept 15 : Agreed new way forward
	NEW AEC	Initial 6 month report on new process to capture outcomes and service user and carer experiences	Sep-16	Update March 16: Karyn has begun using the new process. Report due to June 2016 LSAB

Page 148	2. Policies and procedures are embedded in practice	Business Support Manager	Board to be assured that Multi agency policies are disseminated on emonth after any are approved at LSAB	Ongoing	Update Dec 15:Dissemination lists to be maintained by Business Support Manager when revised policies are emailed out in Feb 2016. Update March 16: lists maintained, partners need to ensure they respond.
	3. Multi-agency and single agency safeguarding policies, procedures and protocols are compliant with legislation and guidance (Care Act 2014)	P&P	Ensure multi-agency policies, procedures and protocols are Care Act 2014 compliant		Update March 16: In progress
		QAAPM	Implement assurance arrangement identified in the dissemination and implementation plan to provide the LSAB assurance that single agencies of the Board and sub groups are compliant	Jun-16	Update March 16: Board Assurance Framework and link to QAAPM on March agenda for approval.
		P&P	Revised protocol		Update Dec15: Revised again and approved at LSAB

Page 149	4. Specific reference to self neglect – ensure multi-agency protocol is in place	QAAPM	Assurance that self neglect cases are progressed appropriately – undertake themed multi-agency audit	Dec 16	Update Sept 15: Request to streamline audits – Sirona keen to get teams to start with a case for learning – As cases come in could partners anonymise them so we could get teams to consider them at each team meeting. Update March 16: Themed mutli agency audit will be undertaken but not until September as Domestic abuse is being done in May for June Board.
		P&P	Revise multi-agency Policy and Procedure to include issues of exploitation		Update Dec 15: Noted for action. Request to bring revised Procedure to March 16 LSAB Update March 16: Revised procedure coming to June Board

	5. Develop a response to adult exploitation issues – specific document for trafficking, adult sexual exploitation, FGM, radicalisation and modern slavery.	P&P	NEW Devise a policy on Adult Exploitation	Jun-16	Update March 16: Meeting with North Somerset LSAB took place to discuss opportunity to share Policy draft to come to June Board.
		P&P	NEW Devise a policy on FGM, possibly an amendent to existing LSCB one	Jun-16	
		LSCB/LSAB FGM Task & Finish Group	NEW To deliver assurance to LSAB on awareness of the issue of FGM	Dec-16	
		QAAPM	Undertake themed audits on specific areas to provide assurance	Mar-17	Update Dec 15: Not due
		P&P	Write a SAR framework – setting out the range of reviews the LSAB will undertake (including reference to near misses, single agency reviews, multiagency audits and full scale SCRs)	Sep-15	Update Dec 15: Revised full policy to presented in Dec LSAB and approved

Page 151	6. Specific reference to Safeguarding Adult Reviews	LSAB	Set up task and finish group to undertake SARs as required	As required	Update Dec 15: Revised Protocol for SAR discussed with a view to developing SAR group. Update March 16: 1st meeting took place on 7th March.
			Terms of reference need to be developed and include arrangements for on-going monitoring		Update Dec 15: TOR approved at Dec LSAB
		LSAB sub groups	Set specific actions for the areas of collaboration	Jun-16	Update Dec 15: Meeting in the summer for sub group chairs to set actions and share with LSCB and LSAB delayed until New Year 2016. Update March 16: approval sought for pilot joint training sub group from May 16 for 6 months.
	LS	LSAB sub groups	Report progress on areas of collaboration identified	Jun-16	Update Dec 15: No progress to report. Update March 16: Work ongoing on joint LSAB/LSCB website. both adopting key messages and 6 monthly newsletter as move towards joined up Communications.

	7. Deliver the areas of collaboration identified by LSAB and LSCB (set out in Appendix 8 of LSCB Annual Report 2014-15)	T&D	Discuss the opportunity to provide joint training on Prevent, modern slavery, domestic abuse, delivering a personalised approach	Mar-16	Update Sept 15: Requires agreement with LSCB Training and Dev Sub Group Update Dec 15: Meeting planned for January. Update March 16: Meeting has taken place, Prevent is being running across LSCB/LSAB and RAG; agreed to have a section on children safeguarding in adult training sessions.
Page 152		T&D	Develop shared evaluation training tool with LSCB Training Team that can be used in supervision eg carbonated feedback sheets	Sep-16	Update Sept 15: Requires agreement with LSCB Training and Dev Sub Group Update March 16: This will be dicussed when the two sub groups are combined. LSCB group have done some excellent work around training evaluation.
	8. Ensure new government guidance and statutory requirements (post April 2015) are implemented (cumulative list will develop over period of the Business plan) - Prevent and Channel	LSAB (Specific responsibility of Council Head of Safeguarding and QA)	G	bi monthly	Update June 15: Report being presented to the LSAB in June 2015

Page 153		Council	Implement evaluation of the effectiveness of the Chair	October 2016 and annually thereafter	Update Sept 15:LSAB agreed to undertake performance review arrangements the same as the LSCB – first evaluation will be Autumn 2016. Update March 16: not due
	9. Development mechanisms for getting feedback on the effectiveness of the Board	NEW AEC	Review the number of surveys done by the Board, identify where surveys can be joined and collate a calendar to spread when surveys are sent to prevent overloading people with surveys	Mar-16	Update Dec 15: Collated the surveys to be done. Will be in contact with each chair to discuss when they want to do surveys, what they want in them and if we can collate. Update March 16: Joint audit discussed at LSAB development session and agreed as one audit. discussing audit cycle for LSAB.
	10. Ensure Lay Members voice is heard	AEC	Progress lay member recruitment – mirror approach taken by LSCB	Dale dependant on	Update March 16:Posts being re-advertised as no applications received. Closing date 22nd March
		AEC	Review existing Board induction pack	Mar-16	Update Sept 15: Requested the P&P group to review this

11. Embed induction programme for LSAB and sub group members	NEW P&P	Review existing Board induction pack	June 16	Update March 16: Minor amendments made for recent induction. P&P group to bring final version to June LSAB.
	AEC	Set up two induction sessions per year to formalise the process	Mar-16	Update Sept 15: Request Business Support Manager undertake this
Page 154	NEW Business Support Manager	Set up two induction sessions per year to formalise the process	Mar-16	Update Dec 15: To be arranged for 2016. No dates set, awaiting revised pack. Update March 16: 1 session on 26/2 using old pack with minor revision. Sub group chairs need to inform BSM of anyone needing induction
12 Ensure LSAB has a clear Governance and Assurance Process	LSAB	Develop Board Assurance Framework including all mechanisms available to the LSAB	Jun-16	Update March16: Draft discussed and approved at LSAB. Final version on June agenda for information.

	Manager	Ensure specific mechanisms and structures identified to give assurance are delivered	by assurance	Update March 16: TOR in process of review. Additional assurance reports added to June agenda.
	LSAB	Sign off risk register	Jun-15	Update June 15: Complete
Page 155	Business Support Manager	Ensure specific actions identified to mitigate risks are delivered (KP1,2 and 3)	Dates as set by risk register	Update March 16: reviewed at Business Development Session and agreed at March LSAB. Progress to be reviewed by Business Support manager and Sub Group Chairs.

14. Joint Safeguarding website	AEC	Develop new LSAB website independent of the Council site	Update Dec 15: Meeting with LSCB planned in December re joint website, LSAB commendant Business Support Manager attending. Update March 16: Adopting the format used by South Glos with their consent and amending design and content. Meeting with Counci IT on 16th March to move this forward. Hope to go live Sept 16
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Page 157	15. Develop ways of supporting carers and wider family members during the safeguarding process	MSP	Investigate the approaches used by other local authorities to share with the MSP subgroup and consider application in B&NES	September 2015 / December 2015 for LSAB	Update Dec 15: Request change to MSP for point 1. Regarding point 2 need an update; regarding point 3 not due. Update March 16: MSP sub group action plan contains actions aimed to support carers and wider family members. These include: Safeguarding information leaflets; inclusion of LPA or informal advocate during the safeguarding process as appropriate. The Chairs are also inviting family members/LPAs to strategy meetings where they feel this would inform the investigation process.
		MSP	Ensure that the Safeguarding procedure refers to the need to include LPA's for welfare in the safeguarding process.	Jun-16	Update March 16: MSP subgroup and consider application in B&NES

Commissioners	Monitor use of advocates in the safeguarding process for those alleged to be responsible for the abuse.	Mar-16	Update March 16: There has been an increase in the number of advocates involved in the safeguarding process.
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Key Priority 2

Prevention and Early Intervention

Outcomes

The LSAB are assured the stakeholders, community and citizens are aware safeguarding adults is everybody's business

Prevention and early intervention responses are embedded to reduce and remove the risk and impact of abuse

Improved information sharing arrangements to reduce and prevent harm

Issue	Sub group or Lead	Action	Completion Date	Progress (RAG)
Formalise arrangements for disseminating awareness raising	$\Delta = 0$	Do a joint 6 monthly Children and Adults Newsletter	Sep-16	Update Dec 15: Sonia to ask Richard Baldwin to take this forward Update March 16: on agenda

	information to stakeholders, community and citizens	NEW AEC	Facilitate and coordinate Adult Abuse Week	Jun-16	Update March 16 : Proposal on agenda
		AEC	Review all multi-agency safeguarding material in line with the Care Act 2014	Mar-16	Update Mar 16: In progress
	2. Ensure Elected members have a good understanding of safeguarding issues	Council	Provide member Induction Training programme	Sep-15	Update June 15:Two member induction 30 minute sessions have been provided to all new members post the 2015 General Election
Page 159	3. Ensure safeguarding prevention and early intervention is included in the Council's Prevention Strategy	P&P	Review existing draft Council prevention strategy - consider if this can be applied to the LSAB	Jun-16	Update Dec 15: Not progressed – request date moved to March 2016. Joint with LSCB so Board needs to agree who takes the lead Update March 16: Propose to have LSAB strategy
	4. Develop LSAB Prevention Stategy	P&P	NEW Develop LSAB MA Prevention strategy - for agreement	Sep-16	Update March 16: Training and Dev Group have handed over the information from the Stakeholder day to P&P group

MASH task and finish	Develop and sign off project plan (LSAB,LSCB and RAG)	June 16	Update Dec 15: Project plan in place available for sign off if requested Update March 16: MASH start date has slipped to Sept
MASH task and finish	Report on progress of key milestones and project plan		Update Sept 15: Shared each meeting
QAAPM	Undertake themed audit of MASH work once MASH is in place	December 2016 (depending on successful implementatio n)	Update March 16: Not due

5. Develop and improve mechanisms for information sharing (MASH)

6. Develop a risk assessment matrix that could be used to support organisations in considering if a person's situation could be managed through a care management approach or if a safeguarding referral is required.	MSP / P&P	Work with Sirona Care and Health and AWP to develop a risk management framework that supports them in the management of complex concerns that do not meet the safeguarding threshold and includes an MSP approach.		Update Dec15: Work in progress in developing a risk assessment to support safeguarding decision making. Update March 16: Risk assessment matrix included in self neglect procedure to support organisations working with people that do not meet the safeguarding threshold. Safeguarding risk assessment tool is currently being consulted on. Aim to have final version ready by June 16.
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Key Priority 3

Domain 3: Responding to and learning from abuse and neglect

Outcomes

Service users and carers are at the centre - Making Safeguarding Personal is embedded in practice

Service users and carers who are self neglecting are supported appropriately

The LSAB understand and are able to effectively respond to domestic abuse, radicalisation, modern slavery, self neglect, and adult sexual exploitation

Ensure learning is effective and embedded from SARs

Core duties in relation to the Care Act 2014 are delivered; quality and outcome of this work is evidenced; service user and carer perspectives influence change in practice; MCA is embedded – see also actions in Key priority 1

Ensuring effective and timely responses to themes / issues in a dynamic way

	Issue	Sub group or Lead	Action	Completion Date	Progress (RAG)
Page 162	1. Ensure the data reports capture the correct information to: - monitor and forecast changes in demand - understand the impact on capacity - identify areas of under reporting and potential concern	QAAPM	Review existing data capture and performance reports to the LSAB – are they fit for purpose?	Jun-16	Update Sept 15: Meeting planned to discuss post reflection on Annual Report 2014/15 Update Dec 15: Police Continuous improvement officer to help with data. Meet in January. Les & Carolyn to make contact. Link with other areas/SABs Update March 16: QAAPM looking at this and Assurance Framework picks up on this
	2. Consider current performance requirements and streamline requirements for quantative data between the NHS and Council.	Council / CCG	the CCG to establish a	Jun16 Links with all other work being done	

	3. Assurance that all new areas of abuse and new protocols are reflected in single and multi-	T&D	Review T&D audit	Sep-15	Update Dec 15: Completed. Self-assessment to be circulated in New Year. Update March 16: Self- assessment redesigned and ready to circulate in April 2016.
	agency training	T&D	Implement self assessment audit and report findings to the LSAB – introduce requirement that all training tools be shared with partners (LSAB to discuss)	Jun 16	Update March 16: Please see above. Results should be analysed by July 2016.
	4. Confirm collaborative arrangements with LSCB training and development sub group to enable an effective and efficient response to learning by agreeing joint training where possible	T&D	Review existing Board frameworks and opportunity for one shared framework	Mar-16	Update Sept 15: Evaluation local one against the national / Bournemouth Framework Update March 16: Shared framework to be dicussed when two sub-groups are combined.
		<i>X</i> .	Review existing training programmes and develop opportunities to join particular courses		Update March 16: Initial discussions have taken place. Further discussions once two sub groups have combined for pilot in May.

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		T&D	Ensure courses which cannot be shared include reference to 'Think Family'	Oct-15	Update Dec 15: Completed.
	5. Ensure the responses to adult exploitation issues are effective	QAAPM	Undertake themed audit	Mar-17	Update March 16: Not due
		MSP task and finish	Report back on audits of test bed sites	Sep-15	Update Dec 15: Completed
		MSP task and finish	Report back on audits of full implementation	Jun-16	Update Dec 15:To be undertaken and shared at June 2016 Board.
Page 164		MSP task and finish	Review Service User feedback process. Ensure this includes both the adult at risk and their advocates (formal and informal)	Mar-16	Update Sept 15: Complete
	6. Ensure the voice of service users and carers is listened to and practice is developed in accordance with this	MSP task and finish	Ensure MSP is operationally implemented by March 2016. Report back on outcomes of MSP work	Jun-16	Update Dec 15: completed Update March 16: 2nd audit taking place on practitioner confidence in using MSP appraochoutcomes asnd tyo come to June LSAB

(T&D	Ensure the feedback is included in training and development work – use anonymised in team meetings	Date to be agreed	Update Dec 15: Awaiting feedback from MSP project in order to include this in training. Update March 16: Feedback from new 'service user voice' process still awaited.
	7. Ensure MCA issues are always considered as part of safeguarding procedures	MCA&QA	Review multi-agency policies with regard to MCA	Mar-16	Update March 16: On March LSAB agenda for approval.
		MCA&QA	Seek assurance from partners on implementation of MCA – report findings to the Board		Update Dec 15: In progress group have asked for assurance from Sub Group members – not due Update March 16: Suggesting the need an event to promote and explain safeguarding re MCA and DOLS?
		MCA&QA	Provide progress reports on delivery of DOLs and community DOLS work	Bi annually	Update Sept 15: Annual Report provided and previous updates given – on going

8. Coordinate stakeholder days to ensure widest conversations can be had regarding safeguarding adults	T&D	Proposal for agenda for 2015 event in place. Venue secured for event in November 2015	Sep-15	Update Dec 15: Stakeholder Day –Prevention. Completed
9. Develop qualitative measures – consider extending the use of quality checkers from LD into other service areas	MSP Sub Group with LD commissioners	Share information with the LSAB on the LD quality checkers and Health watch visits to Care Homes.	I JIINA IA	Update March 16: To attend June LSAB
	MSP Sub Group with LD commissioners	Review approaches used by other local authorities to obtain the views of those who have experienced the safeguarding process.	Dec-15	Completed
	MSP Sub Group with LD commissioners	Undertake an MSP survey amongst those staff that provide safeguarding coordination to identify areas of development or training along with examples of good practice. To repeat this survey within 12 months.	Sep-15	Completed